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Lottery regulator gives details of his "free flights" trip to America

Inquiry to be held into Camelot row

By Jon Ashworth, Arthur Leathley, and Alexandra Fream

PETER Davis, the Director General of the National Lottery, is to launch an investigation into allegations made by Richard Branson about the tactics used by Camelot to win the contract to run the National Lottery.

He acted as a question was laid in Parliament about a visit he made to Australia.

Yesterday Alan Williams, Labour MP for Swanscombe, tabled a Commons question to Virginia Bottomley, the Heritage Secretary, asking "when the Director-General of Oflot visited Australia, who paid for the visit, how long was the visit, and what assessment [was made by her] as to the conformity of the visit with guidelines?"

Earlier this week Mr Davis admitted taking five free flights in America on a jet owned by GTEch, an American company behind the successful Camelot bid for the lottery contract.

MPs of all parties have accused both Mr Davis and the National Heritage Department of making insufficient inquiries about the activities of GTEch, which has been involved in running lotteries worldwide. It was the GTEch chairman, Guy Snowden, who was accused by Richard Branson in a *Panorama* programme on Monday of attempting to bribe him not to challenge Camelot's bid.

Mr Davis said last night that a senior and independent person would be appointed to examine the allegations made

by Mr Branson. He said: "It is my duty to ensure that those involved in the operation of the National Lottery are fit and proper to do so and it is to this question that the investigation will be directed. I shall announce who is to conduct the investigation and its terms of reference shortly."

Camelot denied that it had paid for Mr Davis's flights to Australia last month but a spokesman said the company had invited Mr Davis to a dinner in Australia, attended by several other international lottery directors, and hosted by Tim Holley, chief executive of Camelot. "Nothing that could be remotely considered inappropriate has ever been offered to Mr Davis," said David Rigg, director of communications.

Mr Davis also denied that the trip to an international lottery convention in Perth, Western Australia, was paid for by Camelot. He said he was accompanied by his wife and he paid for her ticket. He paid his own hotel bills and was preparing a detailed report, outlining each meal and detailing gifts he received, including pens and mugs.

He denied a further rumour that he had stayed at the Florida home of Mr Snowden while he was in the United States. While he went to Florida as part of his investigation of how US lotteries operate he has never visited Mr Snowden's home he said. GTEch has a 22.5 per cent

stake in Camelot, and has a share of profits running at £1 million a week.

Mr Davis said he only accepted free flights from GTEch, the American lottery operator, after seeking the advice of colleagues at Oflot.

The rumours mark an intensification of the apparent dirty tricks war which has raged around Mr Davis since controversy erupted on Monday.

Details of Mr Davis's visit to America in the last week of October 1994 emerged last night. Mr Davis said: "In the period running up to the launch, I simply could not have done it in any other way. I made a decision, consciously and openly, that this was the most efficient way to go about it."

Oflot paid Mr Davis's hotel bills during the trip, while meals were paid for locally. Mr Davis is preparing a 40-page dossier on the visit, which will soon be submitted to the Public Accounts Committee.

He caught a scheduled flight from London to Austin, Texas, to inspect what was then the world's biggest lottery start-up. The flight to Austin was paid for by Oflot.

Mr Davis flew from Austin to Tallahassee, the Florida state capital, in a jet belonging to GTEch. He held talks with the Florida state lottery, which is run by AWI, a rival to GTEch in the bid to run the British lottery.

Bruce Mayberry, programme director for AWI, confirmed that Mr Davis had visited the company on October 20 1994. Mr Mayberry said: "He was scheduled to leave at 4pm or 4.30pm, but we were running late. I was embarrassed about him missing his flight but he told me not to worry because he was flying on GTEch's private plane. A limo with a driver wearing a peaked cap came to take him to the airport; it had to wait for him for about an hour. I thought it was a bit odd that he should visit us on another competitor's money."



Mr Davis yesterday: his duty was to see lottery operators were "fit and proper"

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Mortgage rate reduced to lowest for a generation

By Janet Bush and Philip Webster

MORTGAGE rates fell to their lowest level for almost 30 years yesterday after Kenneth Clarke cut interest rates by a quarter point to 6.5 per cent. The Chancellor acted to sustain the faltering economic recovery but the modesty of the cut disappointed business leaders and some Tory MPs.

Even so it was enough to prompt a surprise reduction by lenders desperate to revive the housing market. The Halifax Building Society, Britain's largest, cut its rates by a similar amount and a few other societies followed.

Mortgage rates had been trimmed two weeks ago in anticipation of the base rate cut and no further decrease was expected.

There was still widespread disappointment among Conservative backbenchers who felt that a base rate cut of at least 0.5 per cent was needed. John Townend, chairman of the backbench finance committee, welcomed the move but added that the Chancellor would have to act again by the beginning of February. "It's got to be the first of a few cuts. I anticipate it is the first instalment in successive quarter per cent cuts needed to get growth going and achieve the target of 3 per cent growth."

Mr Clarke told BBC Radio 4's *World at One*: "I take decisions that are necessary to keep the recovery on course and to carry on creating jobs and creating prosperity. If I listened to all the short-term advice I get, I would have blown this recovery off course a long time ago." He added: "We are now becoming a low inflation economy. We must get used to the behaviour that comes with that."

After the decision taken at

yesterday's meeting between Mr Clarke and Eddie George, the Governor of the Bank of England, industrial leaders said that still lower rates would be needed to revive the economy.

Mr George said that he had been delighted to advise a 0.25 per cent cut but it was also clear that he and the Chancellor had considered pushing for a larger one. However, both appeared to be satisfied with what was obviously a compromise, particularly in view of yesterday's news of a modest rise in retail sales and a fall in unemployment.

The base rate reduction was

the first since February 8 last year. This was followed by three increases as a pre-emptive strike against inflation which, together with the very large tax rises of recent years, have succeeded in dragging down the economy.

Richard Brown, Deputy Director-General of The British Chambers of Commerce, said that yesterday's cut would not make any difference to consumers or to companies' willingness to invest. He said: "The Chancellor is now showing excessive wariness."

Professor Patrick Minford, one of the "three wise men" on the Chancellor's independent forecasting panel, said that rates should have been cut by at least 0.5 per cent given the very weak economic situation.

"There will be a series of rate cuts next year with the Bank of England finally

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Wife of stabbed GP speaks out

The wife of a doctor who was stabbed in his surgery has criticised the Government's Care in the Community policy after learning that his alleged attacker had been freed from a psychiatric hospital.

Dr Tony Irwold's wife, Naomi, said: "What has been happening is that this Government has pursued a policy of community care which doesn't always work. Care in the Community is not effective."

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Sara Thornton faces a retrial

Sara Thornton is to stand trial again for the killing of her violent and drunken husband after the Court of Appeal quashed her murder conviction yesterday.

Mrs Thornton had served five years for stabbing her husband Malcolm, 44, while he was in a drunken stupor. She will remain on bail until the trial.

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China jails dissident for 14 years

From Jonathan Minsky in Hong Kong

WEI JINGSHENG, China's leading dissident, was sentenced in Peking yesterday to 14 years in jail for "attempting to overthrow the Government" after a trial from which the foreign press and diplomats were excluded.

The sentence is only a year shorter than the one Mr Wei received in 1979 when he was convicted of "counter-revolution" for criticising the Communist party, Chairman Mao, Deng Xiaoping, and championing democracy.

The spokesman for Peking's No 1 Intermediate People's Court, which was sealed off by police at a distance of 600 yards for the latest trial, said Mr Wei had also been "deprived of his political rights" for three years.

Last night, relatives of Mr Wei said he would appeal.



Wei: accused of attempt to overthrow regime

They have ten days to do so, but an unsuccessful appeal can result in a tougher sentence. After the five-hour trial, the state radio broadcast details of Mr Wei's alleged crimes. He published articles in foreign media criticising the Chinese Government and demanding Tibetan independence. He also was accused of raising funds for anti-government projects by organising an art exhibition and by buying shares in a credit co-operative.

Outside the court Ying Jing, a veteran dissident who had worked with Mr Wei when he was writing wallposters at Peking's short-lived Democracy Wall in 1978-9 and had himself served eight years in prison, said: "The authorities have the most difficult job. It's always difficult to restrain thinking." He shook off a policeman, but was soon dragged into a police car.

Han Dongfang, leader of China's free trade union movement and a survivor of Tiananmen Square now in

exile in Hong Kong, said that the tepid international response to Mr Wei's detention showed that human rights had been abandoned in favour of trade. He said, too, that Mr Wei was the leader of the Chinese democratic movement and that by sentencing him the regime was saying to his followers: "We can do this to you." Chris Patten, the Hong Kong Governor, said he would pray for Mr Wei.

If Mr Wei, 46, serves his entire 14-year sentence he will have been behind bars or in the gulag, and almost wholly in isolation, from 1979 to 2009, except for seven months of liberty after he was released in late 1993 in a vain attempt by Peking to secure the 2000 Olympics.

Facing the storm, page 16

Euro-time Bill is thwarted

By Nicholas Wood
Chief Political Correspondent

MOVES to give southern Britain an extra hour of daylight on winter afternoons were halted by the Cabinet yesterday.

Ministers bowed to pressure from Michael Forsyth, the Scottish Secretary, to withhold official support for John Burt Foster's Bill, bringing clocks into line with Europe. The Bill would mean sunrise being delayed until after 10am in northern Scotland.

The Cabinet decided to remain neutral over the proposal by the Conservative MP for Bournemouth West. The British Time (Extra Daylight) Bill will be debated next month.

TV's voice of motor racing may be silenced

By John Goodbody
Sports News Correspondent

MURRAY WALKER, the much-parodied voice of motor racing, may soon be without a microphone after the BBC yesterday lost its contract to screen Formula One Grand Prix.

ITV has scooped the rights to the next five seasons beginning in 1997 for a record £60 million — ten times the present BBC contract price. The corporation is already reeling from the loss of the FA Cup final for the first time for 60 years.

Mr Walker, 72, who has commented on Grand Prix for 47 years, was reticent

about whether ITV could cover the sport without him. Asked whether he would be prepared to work for ITV, he said: "I really do not know. I have only just heard the news."

He added that he was disappointed that the BBC was not given the chance to bid for the championship. However, it is extremely unlikely that the BBC would have been prepared to match the money that ITV, having lost many top sports events to Sky, was offering the Formula One Constructors' Association.

Mr Walker once said about his commenting: "I do not make mistakes. I make prophecies which immediately turn out to be wrong." Some of his most

famous utterances have included: "Nigel Mansell — the man of the race — the man of the day — the man from the Isle of Man" and "an Achilles heel for the McLaren team this year, and it is literally the heel because it is the gear box."

The only person who was happy yesterday about the possibility that he may not be heard on television was his wife, Elizabeth. She said: "Whoopie, now I will see more of him at home."

A BBC spokeswoman said: "We are deeply disappointed at the news. It came out of the blue. We had no notice of it." It televised its first British Grand Prix in 1949 and covered the world championship every year since 1978.

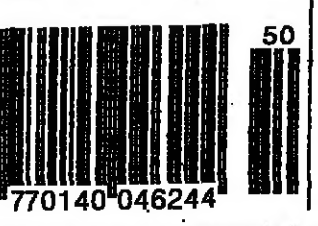


Walker: screech to a halt?

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If it moves or if it's stationery ... privatise it

BETTY BOOTHROYD had a twitchy look yesterday as ministers announced the privatisation of Her Majesty's Stationery Office. HMSO print *Hansard* and all the official parliamentary papers. With each passing month Madam Speaker hears the shells landing closer to her own trench.

There's a festive game in which you start with a phrase, then top off the last word, then the last two ... successively increasing the size of the amputation until a surprising result is reached. Tory privatisation policy seems to resemble this. The statement

yesterday suggested that, for the moment, it is the office which is to be shunted off into the private sector: that is to say the staff, the administration and the printing works are to go.

As Roger Freeman, the Minister, pointed out, this will enable the company to use the machinery for other publications too. *Tithits*, perhaps. *Boys*, or *Seventeen*? Heaven help the foreman in charge when parts of *Hello!* get interspersed with pages of *The Official Report*. Readers of *Hello!* - decent, family-minded people - would blanch at the smears, the



MATTHEW PARRIS
POLITICAL SKETCH

title-tattle, the sheer vulgarity which passes for parliamentary debate.

But though the O in HMSO is to be privatised, the HMS (said the Minister) will stay. Staff responsible for HM Stationery remain in public employ, to give the privatised O work.

And next? The S. Her Majesty's stationery. The Queen's notepaper could easily attract commercial inter-

est. British businesses have already been asked to sponsor flagpoles outside Buckingham Palace.

A discreet plug for (say) Marmite or Janet Reger could be placed above Her Majesty's letterheads, saving the taxpayers' money. For centuries the Crown has sponsored the private sector by giving those "By Royal Appointment" coats of arms. Let the private sector returned

the compliment. Thus we shed the S and the O, leaving just HM.

Next to be privatised could be the *Majesty*. When, years ago, Tony Benn made the suggestion that the Tories might get the private sector to pay for royal pomp ("The State Opening, sponsored by Benson & Hedges," chuckled Benn), he meant it as a joke. But under the Tories the jokes of the Eighties are the White Papers of the Nineties.

Majesty cries out for flotation. The Government already seeks private sponsorship for the Royal Yacht. Thus do we remove the O, the

S and the M from HMSO. We begin to understand Miss Boothroyd's anxiety. For what is left? Her.

And why not? The Speaker's procession into the chamber, followed by the chap with the golden mace and the chaplain in antique costume, needs to be handled with reverence. It could be franchised to Classic FM: "Miss Boothroyd's shoes by Anello & Davide".

The Speaker's Chair itself, in green leather, comes with a canopy fringed in brocade and tassels. Harrods could

handle this with aplomb. A tasteful logo could be worked in gold thread into the frieze. The store might sell replicas. Which brings us to the Speaker's House. Barratt Homes are seeking to reposition their corporate identity upmarket, but such an association risks repositioning Miss Boothroyd downmarket. My own view is that the better sort of estate agency - Savills, perhaps? - should be encouraged to bid for the freehold. A small Savills banner might be flown from the tower above Miss Boothroyd's bedroom. You laugh, reader? Wait.

Master of Rolls stresses call of public interest

Increase in conveyancing charges 'may be unlawful'

By FRANCES GIBB, LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

THE Master of the Rolls has warned the Law Society that any proposal to eradicate cut-price conveyancing fees may be unlawful or "contrary to public policy".

Sir Thomas Bingham, the country's most senior civil judge, reminded the Law Society on the eve of its conveyancing debate of its duty to act in the public interest. In a letter to the Law Society he says it "can scarcely discharge its public duty ... by acting in a way which may be unlawful because contrary to public policy".

Sir Thomas, who was a

guest at the Law Society council dinner last night, said he had not seen any specific proposal. But in general he says he would not be able to agree a new rule unless satisfied it was lawful.

Sir Thomas's letter, which went to all 75 council members, added: "It would be very embarrassing for any Master of the Rolls to concur in a rule which fell foul of the relevant regulatory authority." His comments are contained in a letter to John Edge, the Bournemouth solicitor leading the campaign backed by some 12,000 solicitors for

curbs on cut-price fees. It comes as solicitors prepare for a heated debate today in which Martin Mears, the Law Society president, and Robert Sayer, vice president, will try to allay widespread concern among solicitors that cut-price fees may lead to a mass of negligence claims. Debate will centre on a new guideline scale of fee, which the Consumers Association has said will double the average conveyancing fee for a £75,000 house to £625.

Solicitors who charge less would be refused insurance cover under the profession's

indemnity fund and have to find insurance on the open market.

But in his letter the Master of the Rolls says: "It would seem to me clear that the indemnity rules may not be used to achieve ends which do not concern the provision of indemnity against loss but have some other object."

He quotes from a speech by Lord Brightman, that the purpose of the insurance scheme was to "safeguard the lay public and not professional practitioners". Sir Thomas adds that another aspect of "lawfulness" on which the Law Society will also wish to satisfy itself concerns "fair trading and competition".

"It [the council of the Law Society] can scarcely discharge its public duty under the Solicitors Act (1974) by acting in a way which may be unlawful because contrary to public policy."

It would be "very embarrassing for any Master of the Rolls to concur in a rule which fell foul of the relevant regulatory authority", he says, adding however that he would be "greatly reassured" by a convincing and favourable opinion of leading counsel in the field.

Fair play in sport 'is no crime'

By FRANCES GIBB

SPORTSMEN who inflict violent injuries during the course of a game should not be prosecuted if they have kept to the rules, the Law Commission says today.

The Government's law reform body's proposals would clarify the grey area of injuries in sport. In cricket, for example, a fast bowler would only be at risk of criminal prosecution if his conduct was clearly

outside the rules of the game. "If, despite warnings by the umpire, he persists in bowling dangerously and the batsman is injured, then there is no reason why he should not be convicted of a criminal offence if the court is sure that he intended to inflict injury."

The commission suggests that a "special recognition scheme" be drawn up by the Sports Council listing approved sports and martial arts. In those sports, a person

would no longer be guilty of an offence if he or she injured another player while playing the sport by the rules.

The commission also proposes that consenting adults who indulge in sado-masochism that does not cause any serious disabling injury should not be guilty of a criminal offence. The commission floats that suggestion that men charged with rape should not necessarily be able to use the defence of consent.



Marking time: Regimental Sergeant Major Mason, in charge of the ceremonies in Downing Street surrounding the arrival of President Kuchma of Ukraine yesterday, displays a familiar characteristic of those of his calling. Accompanied by an officer in mufti, he checks that everything is going absolutely to schedule

Au pair's killer is jailed for life

A sex attacker was jailed for life yesterday for the murder of an au pair. Darren Smith, 28, was on home leave from jail for an earlier, indecent assault when he strangled Susanna Jungblut, 28, from Switzerland, after a disco in Dunstable, Bedfordshire.

Smith had been serving six years for assaulting a woman after absconding from an earlier sentence for dishonesty. Mr Justice Alistair said at the Old Bailey: "There must be the most anxious consideration given to when a man like you is released again." Miss Jungblut, described as a home-loving churchgoer, had arrived in England only two months earlier.

Ulster troops stay

Michael Portillo, the Defence Secretary, said yesterday that the Government has no immediate plans to withdraw more troops. Mr Portillo, visiting the Girdwood Barracks in Belfast, said: "We know that the terrorists have continued to collude data on targets. Therefore we need to keep our guard up in case there is a resumption of violence."

BT payout

A BT worker has accepted £300,000 compensation after a five-year battle over back injuries suffered in an accident as he climbed a pole. Steve Crawley, 38, of Ashton, Preston, had been refused an elevating platform. BT declined to comment on claims that it hired private detectives to follow the injured worker and his wife for seven weeks despite medical evidence.

MP's son banned

Benjamin Butcher, 19, son of John Butcher, Conservative MP for Coventry South West, who crashed his father's Jaguar car into traffic lights while more than twice over the drink-drive limit, was placed on probation for 12 months, banned from driving for two years and ordered to do 100 hours' community service by magistrates at Solihull.

Cost of crime

Crime is costing shops and manufacturing industries more than £1 billion a year, according to a Home Office study published yesterday. An estimated 8.6 million crimes were carried out against retailers with 5.8 million being thefts from shops, off-licences and other retail premises, costing retailers £780 million a year and manufacturers £275 million.

Clear winner

The Times has the clearest news reports among national newspapers, according to the Plain English Campaign, which makes its annual awards in London today. Chrissie Maher, campaign director, said: "There is still too much bad reporting in some newspapers, but we were very impressed with the consistently high standard The Times sets for itself."

Icon sale record

A Byzantine icon The Nativity of Christ, regarded by the art world as the most important to be offered at auction, fetched a record £265,500 at Christie's in London yesterday. The panel shows the Virgin Mary reclining at the mouth of a cave housing the infant Jesus in his cradle. The sale of 42 Greek and Russian icons fetched more than £750,000.

Schools inspector accused of bias as pamphlet backs Tory policies

By JOHN O'LEARY
EDUCATION EDITOR

CHRIS WOODHEAD, the Chief Inspector of Schools, was accused yesterday of straying into the political arena with a pamphlet published by a right-wing think-tank in which he questioned the need for local education authorities and doubted the value of extra funding for schools.

Mr Woodhead, who leads the Office for Standards in Education, has courted controversy with outspoken criticisms of teaching standards. Launching a debate on schools for the new think-tank Politeia, he repeated his view that up to 15,000 teachers should be sacked, and traditional teaching methods restored.

However, the intervention of the chief inspector in a debate which divides Conservative MPs surprised observers.

Proposals for all state schools to become grant-maintained are being considered for the Conservative election manifesto, but have been resisted by influential figures on both wings of the party, as well as by the Opposition.

Mr Woodhead suggested that local education authorities might breed a "dependency culture" in head teachers, undermining the leadership qualities needed to raise standards. Without coming down in favour of their abolition, he asked whether LEA services could not be provided equally well by commercial agencies.

The support and advisory role of local authorities is central to Labour's policy outlined last week for raising standards, but Mr Woodhead questioned whether they had any contribution to make to failing schools. Scipities, he said, "reject the notion that the school's survival

depends on ready access to LEA intensive care and doubt the wisdom of targeting finite resources in this way on what ought to be recognised as the terminally ill".

Both Labour and the Liberal Democrats accused Mr Woodhead of engaging in partisan political debate. Don Foster, the Liberal Democrat education spokesman, said: "Chris Woodhead has finally proved that he is off his trolley, tying himself to the failing Tory party."

Mr Foster was stung by an apparent reference to the Liberal Democrats' pledge to raise income tax by a penny to spend more on education. Mr Woodhead asked in his pamphlet: "Would a decision to find, say, an extra billion for education necessarily cause standards to rise? The answer is, of course, that it would not."

□ A Question of Standards: Finding the Balance (Politeia, 28 Charing Cross, London WC2H 0DB; £5)

Costs of living that cannot be equalled

By RUSSELL JENKINS

THE Halifax Building Society led the way yesterday to cheaper mortgages by cutting interest rates to the lowest level since 1966.

For many that year is best remembered for England's World Cup victory at Wembley against West Germany. Average weekly earnings were £20.31 for men and £10.07 for women, and the state pension for single people was £4 a week.

The average price of a house was £4,080 and the average mortgage borrowed from a bank or building society was £2,324. The basic rate of tax started at 41.25 per cent and rose to 91.25 per cent. The bank base rate was 7 per

cent and inflation was at slightly more than 4 per cent. Twenty-nine years ago a pint of beer cost the equivalent of less than 9p, a pint of milk 4p, and 20 cigarettes 23p.

The price of an Austin Mini £478 and of a Rolls-Royce £10,000. The second-class rail fare from London to Birmingham was £3.02.

The Prime Minister, Harold Wilson, was returned to power with an increased majority at a general election in March. In July, the number of people out of work and claiming benefit was 258,233.

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Clarke cuts rate

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dragging its feet on every one. It is becoming a bit of a farce." He said that the Government will be lucky to achieve 2 per cent growth next year, let alone the 3 per cent it predicted in the Budget.

The move by the Halifax was an unexpected bonus. It shaved a further 0.25 per cent off its basic mortgage rate to 7.49 per cent, taking it to its lowest level since May 1966. The new lower rates apply immediately to new borrowers and from February 1 for existing customers. The two cuts together represent a monthly saving of around £15 for a borrower with a £50,000 mortgage.

Downing Street sources said that the cut in interest rates, together with rising High Street sales and another fall in unemployment, was a

triple whammy for the Government and a boost for the Prime Minister on the eve of the European Summit in Madrid at the weekend.

The volume of retail sales grew by 0.6 per cent in November after very weak spending figures in the past few months. Headline unemployment fell by 20,400 to a four and a half year low of 2,244,500 in November, the 27th consecutive monthly fall, an achievement which the Government said reflected its policies for a flexible and deregulated labour market.

But Gordon Brown, Shadow Chancellor, said that the base rate cut was a reflection of economic weakness, not strength.

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'These people need to be looked after in secure hospitals, not allowed to roam the streets'

Community care is not working, says stabbed GP's wife

By JOANNA BAILE

THE wife of a doctor who was stabbed in his surgery has criticised the Government's Care in the Community policy after learning that his alleged attacker had been freed from a psychiatric hospital. Maria Caseiro had been placed in bed and breakfast accommodation after being discharged from 15 months' detention.

Dr Tony Inwald's wife, Naomi, said yesterday: "What has been happening is that this Government has pursued a policy of community care for mentally ill patients which doesn't always work. Care in the Community is not effective. Many of these people need to be looked after by professionals in secure hospitals, not allowed to roam the streets."

Mrs Inwald, speaking from her home in Highgate, north London, said that the Home Secretary's new policy of tightening the law on knives would not do any good.

"How would it be implemented? It is not just knives that they carry but also screwdrivers and other sharp instruments," she said.

Her criticism was echoed by doctors in the surgery at Archway, north London, where the stabbing took place on Tuesday evening.

Dr Judith Sharpey-Schafer, to whose aid Dr Inwald went when she pressed a panic button in her surgery, said there were shortcomings in the way Care in the Community had been implemented. She added: "This awful happening illustrates the difficulties for GPs."

She said she was going to visit Dr Inwald at Whittington Hospital. "I am going to thank him for saving my life and endangering his own. The other doctors and receptionists were also very brave in overcoming the woman. The police and ambulance services came quickly and were really helpful and responsive in a difficult situation."

As staff at the St John's Way medical centre met to review security yesterday, another GP, Dr Ivor Robinson, said: "We have never had anyone with a knife before, although we have had written and verbal threats and physical assaults. Our impression is that there is an increasing workload with patients discharged into the community."



Mrs Inwald, with her daughter Jacqueline, 26, relieved that Dr Inwald is recovering after the attack at his practice



Dr Inwald, who was "stable" in hospital after he was stabbed going to the aid of Dr Sharpey-Schafer

Changed way of life for family born to medicine

By JOANNA BAILE

THE large, purpose-built surgery where Dr Anthony Inwald was attacked is just along the road from his childhood home, where his father ran a one-man practice. Dr Philip Inwald, who died in 1978, began working there in the 1930s when Archway was populated by middle-class families living in elegant Victorian houses. In those pre-NHS days, Dr Inwald carried a Gladstone bag on home visits and was a respected pillar of the community. His wife Esther, who died nine years ago, was his receptionist.

The surgery was on the ground floor of their Victorian home at 57 St John's Way. It was unheard of for them to encounter the aggression and violence which are commonplace in the present surgery, on the edge of a 1970s red-brick council estate. The house was demolished to make way for flats on the estate.

Dr Inwald's wife, Naomi, said: "My father-in-law was like my husband, a very kind, quiet man who was a gentle, excellent doctor." Dr Inwald

was awarded the MBE for his bravery in digging out and saving local people during the Blitz. Mrs Inwald, a dental hygienist, added: "He was a very brave man but he was far too modest to talk about it."

Anthony Inwald joined his father's practice at the beginning of the 1960s when he graduated from medical school. His sister Joan also

became a doctor and works as a community audiologist. Father and son began to expand and another practice joined them, so that there were four doctors. When the Victorian house was demolished, they set up their surgery in a Portakabin where they remained for ten years. Dr Philip Inwald retired, another doctor joined in his place, and the four moved into

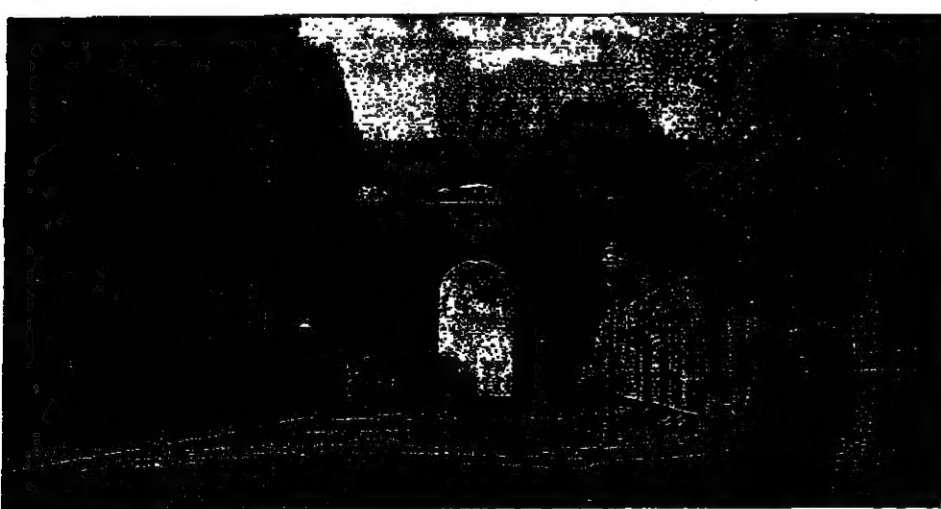
their present premises in 1978. Within months they were forced to put padlocks and steel grilles on the windows after attacks from vandals and burglars. Panic buttons were installed in 1991.

One doctor, Ivor Robinson, who has been a partner since 1972, said: "We are quite often verbally and physically threatened nowadays. We are a large practice with seven doctors. Not all of these threats come from people with mental health problems. Most doctors feel that expectations have risen. The Patient's Charter is only one element in the whole change in consumerism and increases in demand. People are less tolerant of problems and want quicker answers which do not exist."

Despite the enormous pressures, Dr Inwald's son, David, 30, has also followed in the family tradition and is now a paediatrician at St Bartholomew's Hospital in London. His daughter, Jackie, 26, is a research biologist. Doctors at the practice met to review security arrangements yesterday.

ST. JOHN'S WAY
MEDICAL
CENTRE

became a doctor and works as a community audiologist. Father and son began to expand and another practice joined them, so that there were four doctors. When the Victorian house was demolished, they set up their surgery in a Portakabin where they remained for ten years. Dr Philip Inwald retired, another doctor joined in his place, and the four moved into



Quieter days at the Archway: Dr Inwald's father was a local doctor in the 1930s

Psychiatrist's plea to halt discharge was overruled

By ADRIAN LEE

THE woman accused of stabbing a doctor at his surgery was released from a mental hospital less than three weeks ago. Maria Caseiro, 29, was being treated at St Bernard's Hospital in Ealing, west London, before her release on November 24 by a Mental Health Review Tribunal. She was transferred to St Bernard's in August but had been receiving treatment for 15 months at other hospitals. Miss Caseiro appealed against the order, which was keeping her in hospital against her will.

Her psychiatrist argued for a "delayed discharge", which would have meant continued treatment and supervision at a community centre. He was overruled by the review tribu-

nal, composed of a doctor, a lawyer and a lay person. A spokesman for the West London Healthcare NHS Trust, which runs St Bernard's, said yesterday: "She was being treated for a personality disorder and her condition had stabilised. She had already been on unescorted leave from the hospital."

Miss Caseiro had a history of self-harm but had never threatened others. She does not have a criminal record. She was treated at St Bernard's in an open ward. An Enfield hospital had earlier regarded her as a medium risk and kept her in a locked ward.

The trust spokesman said: "The [tribunal] ruling meant she was discharged and she left our care with a social worker." Attempts were made

by Camden and Islington Council to place Miss Caseiro in a hostel specialising in those with mental problems. But it was full and the council sent her to the Kystalls Hotel in Holloway, north London. The Department of Social Security paid for her bed and breakfast accommodation and she was visited two or three times a week by a social worker. Efforts were made to provide Miss Caseiro with counselling and places on an education course and at a day centre. Social workers said she refused all offers of help. Miss Caseiro was remanded in custody for a week by Highbury Corner magistrates yesterday, charged with causing grievous bodily harm. She was accompanied by a Portuguese interpreter. There was no application for bail.

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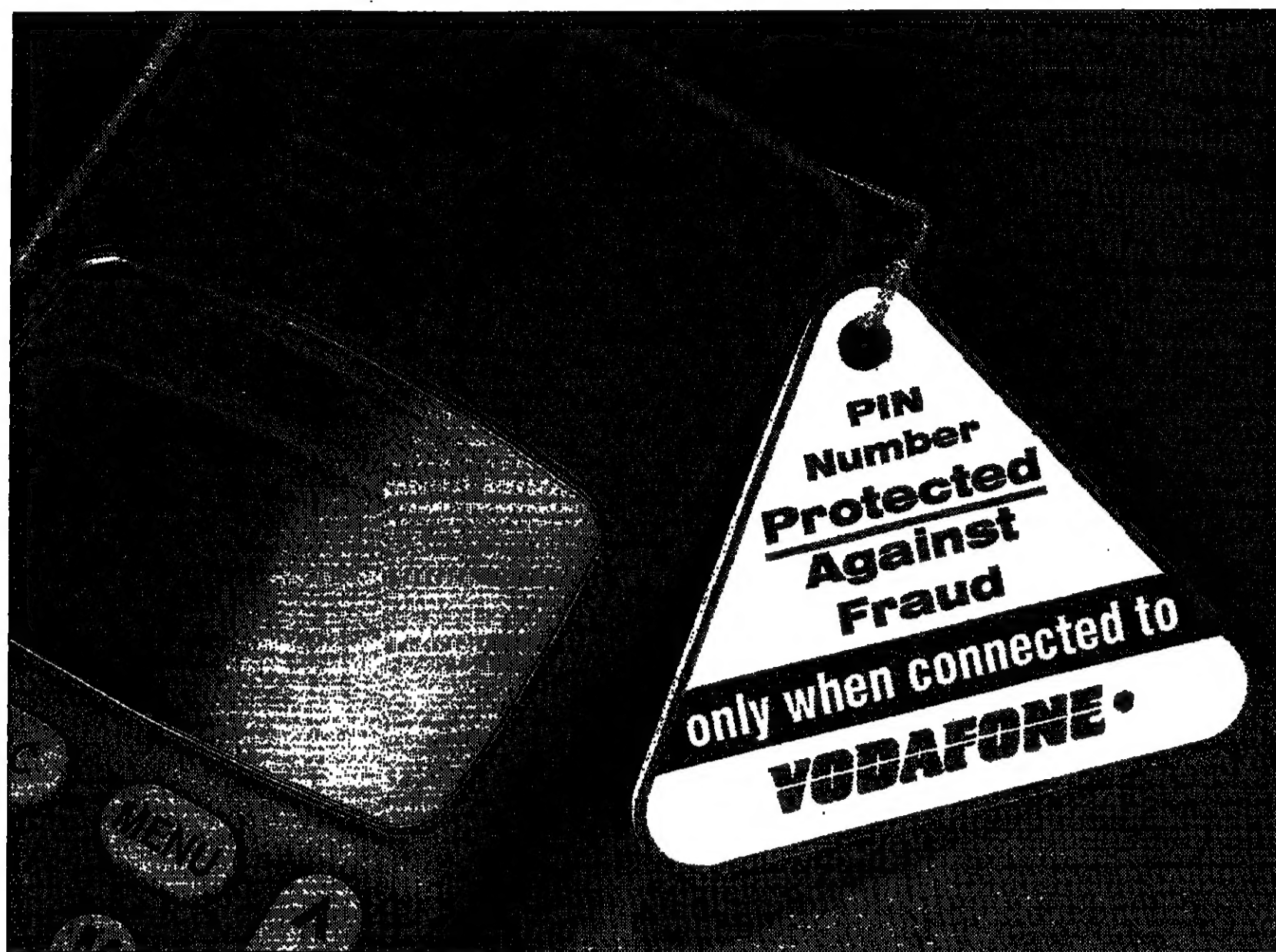
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Kasparov scores chess victory for human race

By Robin Young

GARRY KASPAROV, the world chess champion, yesterday clinched victory over a computer capable of analysing 10 million moves in a minute.

His victory, by 1½ to ½ in a match of two 25-minute games, was regarded as final proof that, in matchplay, mechanical intelligence is not enough to beat human intuition.

For Kasparov it was sweet revenge for a defeat in August 1994 in London, when he was knocked out of the first round of the Intel World Chess Grand Prix by a 90MHz Pentium processor. Since then the Russian had evened the score in Cologne in May, playing against a more powerful 120MHz machine.

Yesterday's decider was against a 150MHz processor running Fritz4, claimed to be the most sophisticated chess computer program. The machine can calculate more than ten million moves a minute, 172,000 every second.

For the match Kasparov, known as the chess world's nastiest dresser, wore a green cashmere jacket, yellow tie and dark trousers. The Pentium processor wore uniform grey. Its operator, Matthias Feist from Hamburg, chose tight grey jeans that exposed pale socks above brown shoes. He looked the very model of a computer nerd.

Herr Feist may have been the decisive player in the first game, for on the ninth move he did an unprecedented thing in man versus machine matchplay: he keyed the wrong move into the computer, making the Pentium speedily block a piece that was not there. The invigilator, Stuart Reuben, was called to the

stage at the Conference Forum, east London, where there was an audience of several hundred, and decided that nothing could be done to retrieve the move.

Experts said that Kasparov had won the advantage of a free move in preparing his defence with the black pieces, and he quickly made full use of it. Kasparov was granted his win with 11 minutes still on the clock.

In the second game the Pentium puzzled Kasparov by playing an opening he had himself favoured, with disastrous results, in his world championship struggles with Anatoly Karpov in the 1980s. As play progressed some believed the computer might level the score, and win the right to a blitz-play decider, but the champion held on for the draw.

Maurice Ashley, an American international grandmaster who commented on the match, said: "Against humans Kasparov can feed off human psychology and his opponents' fear but a computer does not have any psychology. It does not care if it is playing a world champion or a turtle."

Kasparov said: "We were playing very unusual chess. To play against a machine it is best to forget about brilliance and to concentrate on playing exactly the strategy it has been programmed with."

And his next human opponent? "The world chess championship is in such a mess that I cannot tell," said Kasparov, who is still in dispute with the ruling authority Fide. "In that game it is still Fide's move."

Keene on Chess, page 44



Daddies' boys: Winston Churchill, who said all babies looked like him, with his son Randolph; the Prince of Wales with Prince William; and John Lennon with his son Julian

The image of their father . . . but only at the age of one

By Nigel Hawkes
SCIENCE EDITOR

PARENTS' claims that their offspring "look just like them" have proved to be often a groundless boast, but there are noticeable similarities between one-year-old babies and their fathers.

A Californian study found that photographs of children could not be matched with their parents, except for the babies and their dads.

Psychologists recruited 122 volunteers to look at photographs of 24 white parents and children. They studied the child at the ages of one, ten and 20, and tried to match them to three possible mothers and fathers, one of whom was correct.

They were easily able to detect similarities between the children at different ages, and between pictures of their parents taken 20 years apart, showing that distinguishing characteristics were visible in the photo-

graphs. But they were unable to match children to parents. The ten and 20-year-old offspring were judged no more similar to their parents than to other adults.

The exception came with the one-year-olds, of either sex. In about half of the tests, the volunteers matched the babies and fathers: the odds against this arising by chance are 200 to one.

The psychologists, Dr Nicholas Christenfeld and Dr Emily Hill of

the University of California, San Diego, give an evolutionary explanation for the finding in *Nature*. While a mother who has reared a baby can be sure that it is hers, a father who may not always be around cannot. So a recognisable similarity would be advantageous for the baby, by making the father more likely to acknowledge parentage and invest time in the child.

This would mean that babies who looked like their fathers would be more likely to survive, and perpetuate the genes that led to the similarity. If this is so, the genes responsible for a child's facial appearance may be disproportionately inherited from the father.

But this does not explain what it is about babies' faces that makes them look like their fathers. One possibility is that the features we use to distinguish women's faces, such as the prominence of cheekbones, are invisible in babies.



Ben Needham, left, who disappeared four years ago and the boy taken briefly into custody by Greek police

Mystery boy unlikely to be missing Ben

By Malcolm Bradbant and Paul Wilkinson

THE family of Ben Needham, the child believed to have been abducted in Greece four years ago, suffered more anguish yesterday as hopes faded that a six-year-old boy identified by a Greek private detective was their son.

Kerry Needham, 23, whose son vanished during a holiday in the Aegean island of Kos four years ago, watched a video yesterday of the boy found by the private detective with gypsies in northern Greece. Afterwards she said: "While I must keep an open

mind, I do not truly believe it is Ben. He looks a bit like his dad but his eyes are brown and Ben's eyes were blue. He also does not have a birthmark on the back of his neck."

Last night she was waiting at her home in Sheffield for a call from her parents, Eddie, 47, and Christine, 43, who are back in Kos in a fresh attempt to find the boy. Senior Greek police officers have contacted Ben's grandparents there and asked them to travel to Verda in northern Greece to check the identity of the "gipsy" boy.

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Avoid getting your head chopped off by the in-laws this Christmas.

What do you give the family that can't resist snapping away at each other? Why, the Olympus AF-10 Mini gift set, naturally. Everything one could possibly need is included in this little Christmas box: camera, carrying case, batteries and colour film. And with auto focus, auto wind and anti-red eye, taking a picture is simplicity itself. In fact, all the in-laws need to do is load, point and shoot. Which, of course, should come as second nature. THE OLYMPUS AF-10 MINI GIFT SET

Brain boy died in ambulance after tour of hospitals

By PAUL WILKINSON

THE parents of a young boy who died of a brain haemorrhage as doctors shuttled him between four hospitals after he suffered a fit may sue the health authorities.

Officials have promised an inquiry into the death of Nicholas Geldard, 10, from Offerton in Greater Manchester. He had to wait 25 minutes for an ambulance after his mother twice dialled 999 and was transferred late at night around three hospitals for a brain scan.

He could not be found a place in an intensive care unit anywhere in Manchester and eventually had to be sent 70 miles in a snow storm across the Pennines to a unit in West Yorkshire. Nicholas died in the ambulance on the way to Leeds General Infirmary 12 hours after collapsing in his bedroom while playing computer games. Yesterday his parents Dave and Cath Geldard, 41, said they were considering legal action.

"I feel very, very angry and have no faith at all in the NHS now. It was diabolical. It makes you afraid of falling ill. You always believe what the doctors tell you and you put your life in their hands, but for this to happen makes us feel sick and disillusioned," Mrs Geldard said.

Mrs Geldard lost another child 12 years ago when her baby Jane Elizabeth died from leukaemia at three months.



Nicholas Geldard: died after suffering a fit

She said: "It was like coming out of a long, black tunnel when Nick was born. We tended to spoil Nick and smother him with love." She has two older children.

The couple's MP, Ann Coffey, said: "The NHS failed this little boy. It isn't the first time we've been without intensive-care beds. It isn't the first time we haven't been able to use a scanner and it isn't the first time people have had to wait for ambulances. Nicholas had to cope with all three of these obstacles. What chance did he have?"

Nicholas collapsed just after 4pm last Thursday. He arrived almost an hour later at Stockport Royal Infirmary, where doctors agreed he should go to the nearby Stepping Hill Hospital for a brain

scan. At midnight he suffered a second fit and was transferred to the Hope Hospital in Salford for an emergency scan. He arrived at 2am.

There, staff diagnosed a brain haemorrhage but were unable to find him an intensive-care bed anywhere in Manchester. He was sent to Leeds where he was pronounced dead on arrival at 4am. Mrs Geldard said: "We have to do something about it to stop another child dying. We want some good to come of Nick's death."

Derek Caldwell, chief executive of Stockport Acute Services, which runs Stepping Hill Hospital, said: "Urgent scans can be done at Hope Hospital at any time. You would have to ask the Stockport Healthcare Trust why doctors waited until midnight before sending him for a scan."

Alan Yates, the trust's chief executive, said: "Staff had to decide whether it was in his interest to transfer to a Manchester hospital which has 24-hour scanning or to monitor him on the ward. The decision to keep him on the ward was made after consultation with a specialist at Booth Children's Hospital."

In a joint statement the Stockport Healthcare NHS Trust and Stockport Acute Services NHS Trust said that a preliminary analysis of the facts indicated that good clinical practice had been observed at all times.

Long day for Santas but that's ho ho ho business

By ROBIN YOUNG

THERE was no doubting who was the best Father Christmas in London yesterday. His locks were longer, his beard creamier, his cap furrier, his belt buckle bigger and his blue eyes more twinkling. And he had real reindeer.

Yet for Tom Valent, the American dean of the Santa Claus School in Midland, Michigan, the challenge was tougher than facing the most demanding and cynical ten-year-old. Mr Valent had come to teach British Father Christmases to be more jovial.

On a drizzly London morning under leaden skies, he worked manfully with a be-traggl'd platoon of some 20 Santas who presented themselves for his inspection. Some had hoods, and some bonnets, some fur-lined jackets and others cloaks. They wore gum boots, rather than worn leather like Mr Valent's.

One hid his eyes behind polarised glasses and jangled jewellery from his wrist, and another resolutely refused to don his whiskers, preferring to carry them instead. They included a busker from Bath, a black restaurateur from Blackpool, a preacher from Ireland and a bookseller from Milton Keynes.

Several hoped to get employment as Santas, others were already professionally engaged, and a few insisted that they were just doing the course for fun. Several had resorted to body padding, in many cases positioned so far above the belt that it suggested a sex change.

Mr Valent smiled benignly on them all. "Lift and curl your whiskers to make a smiley face", he advised one. "Ho, ho, ho!"

"Ho, ho, ho," responded the student unenthusiastically.

"Make that more mild and mellow, from right below the belt. Ho, ho, ho! Isn't that great? It's such a lot of fun."

Mr Valent chorled cheerily, jingling his sleigh bells. Soon he had the Santas in his classroom practising their



Learning the trade from a master: one camera-shy Father Christmas yesterday. "It's such a lot of fun, never look anything but happy and jolly," they were told

"ho, ho, ho" in chorus. Shoulders heaved with enforced jollity, and several false tumblers slipped sideways with the effort. Mr Valent's good humour did not falter.

"Never let Santa look anything but happy, jolly and full of fun," he insisted. "Even when a child pulls your beard, make a joke of it."

His class rehearsed reindeer names, facts about the

North Pole, the history of Saint Nick, convincing answers to ticklish questions about the reality of whiskers, and how to convince children that one really could squeeze down chimneys.

As a test of the course's success, Tanya Lacey-Solymar, aged 3½, was ushered in. Gary Davis, at 20 stone and 5ft 2in the most naturally rotund of available

Santas, modelled a yellow balloon into a dog for her. Tanya was entranced. Did she believe in Santa? "I believe in them all," she said, eyeing the class in wonder.

After more than two hours, Mr Valent delivered a cheery verdict: "There is nothing wrong with British Father Christmases. Now that I have given them some tips they will perform real well."

Campaign highlights plight of Asian toy workers

By LIN JENKINS

MANY popular toys bought this Christmas have been made in appalling conditions, according to organisations campaigning for better standards for workers in Asia, where 75 per cent of the toys sold in Britain are made.

The TUC, Catholic Institute for International Relations and World Development Movement claim factories producing toys for the companies who make Barbie and Sindy dolls, Disney characters, Fisher-Price toys, Action Man and Monopoly are failing to meet basic international standards.

Researchers say that working conditions in factories subcontracted to produce toys or toy parts are often appalling. Workers, normally women, work a ten-hour day six or seven days a week for poverty wages that do not meet basic needs. They work in conditions dangerous to their health, are prevented from forming unions and often employed on temporary contracts to avoid responsibility for benefits such as holiday or maternity pay. Some of the worst conditions are reported in China and Thailand, where 44 per cent of toys sold in Britain are made.

Researchers visited factories used by leading American toy companies, including Mattel, who make toys for Barbie, Fisher-Price and Disney, and Hasbro, whose products include Sindy, Action Man and Monopoly. They said health and safety standards were inadequate.

The campaigners have been working with the British Toy and Hobby Association and the Toy Manufacturers of Europe to introduce a code for workers. The major manufacturers are American companies and are members of both groups.

The code would include restrictions on working hours, requirements for health and safety and for conditions in factories, with provision for spot checks. Concerns were first raised in 1993 when 188 workers were killed in a fire at a Thai toy factory because the exits were locked.

Coroner condemns Porsche sales drive that killed three

By A STAFF REPORTER

A SALES demonstration of Porsche cars which ended in the deaths of three people was criticised by a coroner yesterday. An inquest jury returned verdicts of unlawful killing on two of the victims.

Derek Redfern, 57, who was a passenger in a Porsche 911, and Karen Dalley, 22, the driver of a Renault 5, died when the cars collided near the village of Llyswen, Powys.

A verdict of accidental death was returned on the Porsche driver, Gavin Shaw, 30, a car salesman. The cars collided near a hotel being used by the Cardiff car dealers Merlin (Cambria) Ltd for a sales promotion in June.

Gerald Williams, the Powys deputy coroner, said after the verdicts had been read at the Brecon inquest: "It is clear to me from evidence that in the Llyswen area Porsches were being driven at astronomically

high speeds. A number of people were driving recklessly or dangerously.

"I find it deplorable. There seems to be some sort of group hysteria. It is as obvious as night follows day that people were going to die on that day."

Ms Hilary Sykes, the company secretary of Merlin (Cambria), said after the hearing: "Our company has very clear safety policies. In eight years we have never had any fatalities or injuries."

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Campaign highlights plight of Asian workers

Sailors ran up £5,000 phone bill for Navy

By A Staff Reporter

A TEAM of radio operators aboard HMS Ark Royal cheated the Royal Navy out of more than £5,000 in telephone calls, a court martial was told yesterday. Thirteen ratings made dozens of calls without paying while the ship was in the Adriatic last year.

Lieutenant-Commander Nick Hawkins told the hearing at HMS Nelson in Portsmouth that a logging system on the satellite telephone system was widely abused. The fraud came to light when the final bill for the ship's Inmarsat satellite phone system — used to make private calls — did not match the calls sailors claimed they had made in the log book.

He said 25 calls made by Darren Gray had either been logged incorrectly or not at all. Gray, 28, admitted 23 charges of telephone fraud, one charge of wasting police time and one charge of going absent without leave for 160 days.

The radio operator, from Skelmersdale, Lancashire, was discovered to have made more than £1,000 of unpaid calls to three numbers near Wigan — his sister, a former girlfriend and his cousin. He was dismissed the service and sentenced to 12 months' detention. His pay was stopped until he had paid £1,049 towards the unpaid telephone bill.

Lieutenant-Commander Stuart Crozier, for Gray, said he had admitted he had been wrong in what he had done. "There were 12 other personnel involved. He was not a leader or instigator in abusing the system."

After the court martial, Lieutenant-Commander Hawkins said that ten other ratings had been dealt with summarily and two still faced court martial proceedings.

He said Gray had failed to return to HMS Nelson, where he was based during the investigation into the telephone fraud, in May. He eventually surrendered to police at Skelmersdale on October 10.

Awards salute those 'making Britain a better place to live, work and invest'



The Prince's schedule yesterday included a visit to a new £1.2 million health centre in Tower Hamlets, east London, where he met an Asian women's embroidery group

Caring communities earn princely praise

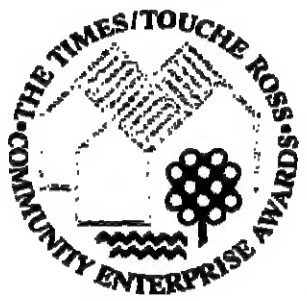
By John Young

AMID the splendour of St James's Palace, London, the Prince of Wales yesterday thanked the leaders of small and often poor communities throughout Britain who had brought new hope to their fellow citizens.

The Prince was presenting the tenth annual Community Enterprise Awards, sponsored by The Times and Touche Ross, the accountants. The top project was a centre that has offered shelter to more than 4,000 homeless young people over ten years.

The Prince told his audience: "My warm thanks go to each of you for your unstinting work in city housing estates, market towns and rural villages. I have the most enormous admiration for all you do. Through your enterprise you are making Britain a better place to live, to work and to invest."

The Prince presented the Charles Douglas-Horne Award — named after a former editor of The Times —



to the Old Chapel Housing and Community Trust in Kirkby in Ashfield, Nottinghamshire. A total of 11 category winners received plaques and cheques. The competition was entered by 575 projects. Other award winners include a gardening project for former psychiatric patients.

Jean Yeomans, who founded the Old Chapel trust in 1985, accepted a £2,500 cheque. The trust offers practical and emotional support, including accommodation, to homeless teenagers.

Mrs Yeomans said: "I understand how it feels to be vulnerable. By the time I was five, both my Dad and Mum were dead. I had an older sister who looked after us, but it wasn't easy. It is so important to show you care."

"The young people here need to know they are secure and valued. I suppose I treat them as my own and they stay here as long as it takes. The prize money will either be used for running and refurbishment costs or towards rebuilding the youth centre."

Old Chapel runs an eight-bedroom hostel and four three-bedroom houses, all run on family lines. At present, it has 35 residents who became homeless because of family, health or alcohol problems.

The Prince yesterday gave another helping hand to local enterprise when he opened a shop in King's Road, Chelsea, stocked entirely by businesses started with grants and loans from his Youth Business Trust.

Leading article, page 21
Winning projects, page 22



Jean Yeomans receiving the Charles Douglas-Horne Award for the Old Chapel Housing and Community Trust that helps youngsters in Nottinghamshire

Prince to tell MPs of charity successes

By Alan Hamilton

THE Prince of Wales has invited 34 MPs to St James's Palace today to tell them of his success in tackling social problems that have been the despair of governments.

The Prince, figurehead of a group of charities which have a turnover of £30 million a year and employ 350 full-time staff and 7,000 volunteers, will underline to his all-party guests that his low-profile approach to the problems of inner cities and youth unemployment has a better record of success than government agencies.

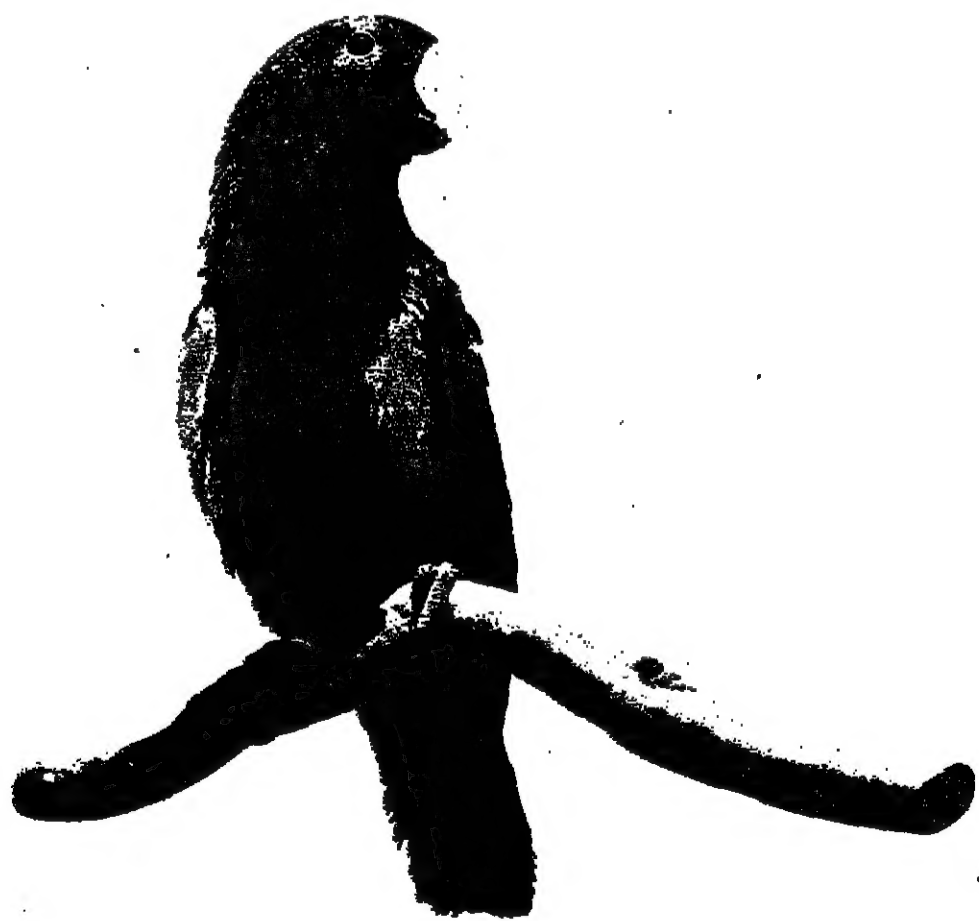
The Prince's staff angrily denied suggestions yesterday that the meeting was a public relations attempt to recapture the high ground of social concern from the Princess of Wales, who of late has enjoyed much publicity for her involvement in charity work for the homeless and the terminally ill.

Invitations to the MPs were issued in July, and the Prince held a similar meeting last December to give MPs with a particular interest an annual report on the work of the Prince's Trusts.

"The Prince is not trying to make any political points here; he is continuing existing contacts with MPs who have an interest in his own areas of concern, and bringing them up to date with the very practical help which his charities are providing, particularly to unemployed young people and in inner city areas," a royal spokesman said yesterday.

The MPs invited to St James's Palace include two ministers, James Paice, the junior Education Minister responsible for youth training, and Baroness Blanch, the Home Office Minister responsible for the voluntary sector. Other MPs expected to be present include Clare Short, the Shadow Transport Secretary, Chris Smith, the Shadow Social Security Secretary, and Liz Lynne, the Liberal Democrat spokeswoman on social security.

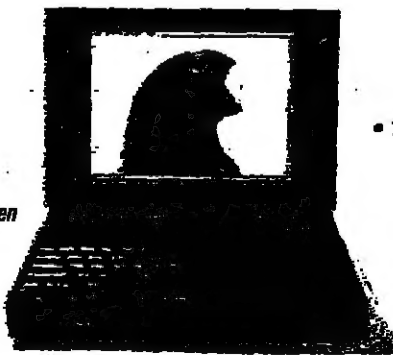
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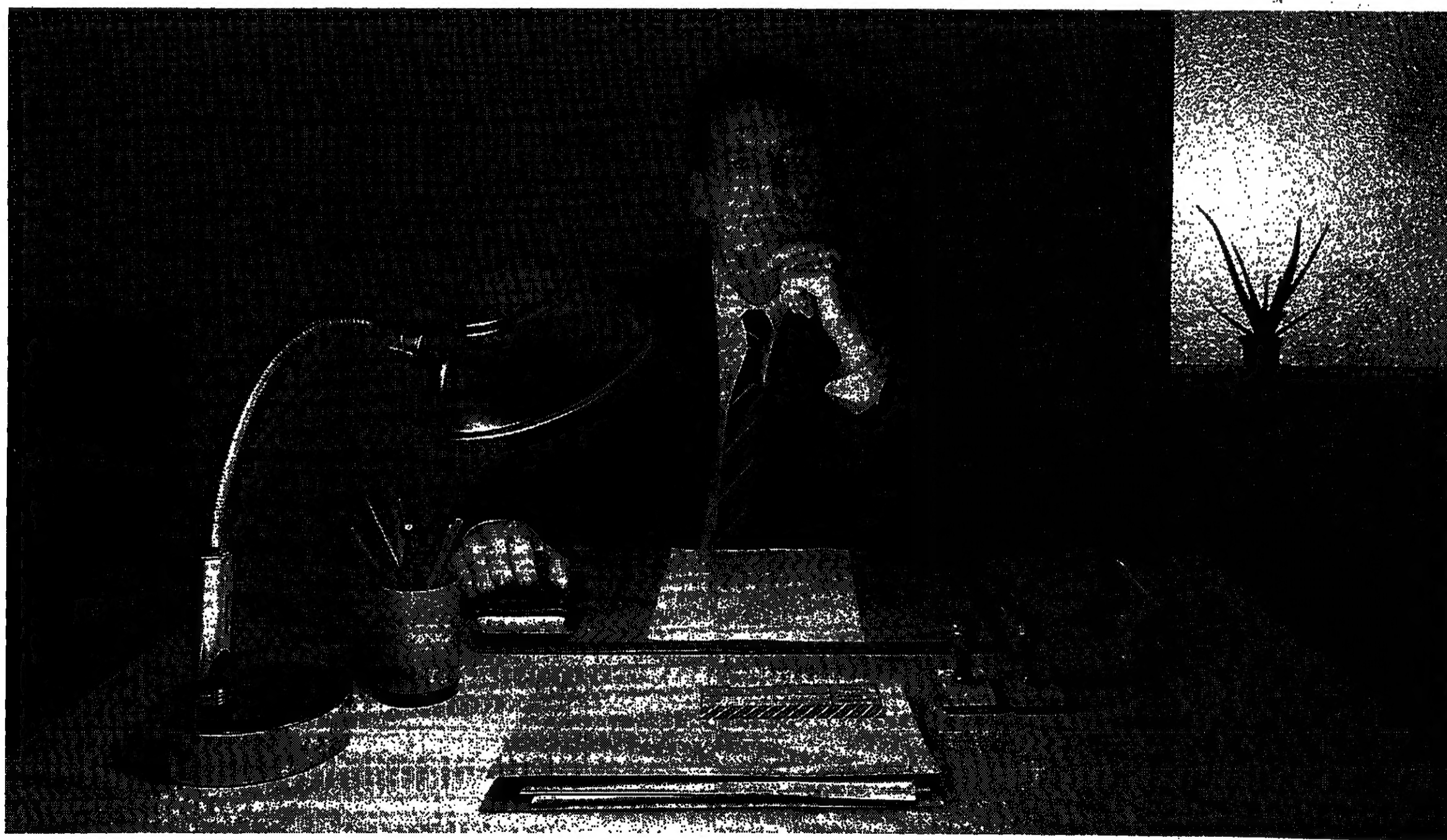
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Lord Chief Justice rules that a jury must consider new medical evidence on battered wife

Thornton faces retrial after appeal quashes conviction

By Russell Jenkins and Richard Ford

SARA THORNTON is to stand trial again for the murder of her violent and drunken husband after the Court of Appeal quashed her conviction yesterday.

Mrs Thornton had served five years for stabbing her husband Malcolm, 44, with a carving knife while he lay in a drunken stupor. The Lord Chief Justice, Lord Taylor of Gosforth, said fresh medical evidence showing she had a personality disorder and was suffering from "battered woman syndrome" should be considered by a jury.

Mrs Thornton's lawyers had asked the appeal court not to order a retrial but to reduce her murder conviction, which carries an automatic life sentence, to manslaughter on the ground of provocation.

The 38-year-old mother, who left the court surrounded by supporters, faces a two-week trial in Birmingham early in the new year. She will remain on bail until then.

The Court of Appeal's decision was criticised by relatives of Malcolm Thornton, who dispute his third wife's portrayal of him as an abusive alcoholic. But since the first nine-day trial at Birmingham Crown Court in 1990, the case has become a cause célèbre for

feminist groups which have campaigned for changes in the law's treatment of women who kill after years of abuse.

Mrs Thornton's counsel, Michael Mansfield, QC, argued during the two-day hearing that the battered wife syndrome and personality disorder had made her susceptible to a "sudden loss of self-control". It was said that had this evidence been produced at the original trial, the jury would have been directed to consider whether a reasonable woman with these characteristics might have lost her self-control and acted as Mrs Thornton did.

Lord Taylor, sitting with Mr Justice Hidden and Mrs Justice Elsworth, said that if the trial judge had heard the evidence and had the assistance of subsequent legal rulings which had clarified the law on provocation, he would have directed the jury accordingly.

"We are firmly of the view that the question whether the appellant did lose or may have lost her self-control at the time of this killing is essentially a matter for a jury to decide. It is not for us," Lord Taylor said. "We consider the public interest requires that issue to be determined." He added that,

despite lawyers' objections that a retrial would not be fair because of publicity about the case, the public interest required the issue to be determined. The judges were confident that a fresh jury would "be able fairly to try the case solely on the evidence they hear".

Mrs Thornton, of Atherstone, Warwickshire, showed little reaction as Lord Taylor read out the ruling, but there were sobs and hugs from her supporters. Angela McNeil, of Justice for Women, said: "We are pleased that her conviction has been quashed but we had hoped she would go free. She has already served five years in prison, so it is terrible to put her through a retrial."

Jean Murray, sister of the dead man, said: "I am glad that if the original decision could not be upheld there is to be a retrial, so a jury will be able to consider all the facts again. I know it is going to be very hard." Ann Jones, Mr Thornton's second wife, said: "I would like her back in jail. If they do the whole trial and find her not guilty, it will be a waste of taxpayers' money." Mr Thornton's son, Martin, said: "I feel very shaky. I am devastated. I just want an end to it all."



Sara Thornton, left, arriving at court yesterday. She had hoped to have her murder conviction reduced to manslaughter

to it all." Mrs Thornton has been on bail since the Home Secretary referred the case back to the appeal court in July. Her first appeal was dismissed in July 1991.

Mrs Thornton, who has a daughter, was kept in the court cells for two hours yesterday while the paperwork for her two sureties of

£5,000 each was checked. It emerged in court that one surety had been put up by Jennifer Nadel, the ITN home affairs editor.

Ms Nadel has written a book about Mrs Thornton and has worked on a documentary about her to be screened on Channel 4. The programme will not be broadcast until

after the second trial. A statement from ITN said that Ms Nadel, who is on maternity leave, had made a personal decision to stand surety.

"The solicitors approached Jennifer in the absence of anyone else standing surety and thereby enabled Mrs Thornton to benefit from the court's decision to grant her

bail." A spokeswoman could not say when ITN had been made aware of Ms Nadel's surety. Asked whether it compromised her position as a journalist, the spokeswoman said: "It is totally her own money and is a personal decision."

Law report, page 42

Radical feminist group ready to fight for more wronged women

By Richard Ford
HOME CORRESPONDENT



Emma Humphries: killed her violent boyfriend

AS SARA THORNTON left court yesterday, a small group of radical feminists who campaigned for her release were mobilising support for the next case they intend to fight.

The pressure group Justice for Women is seeking an appeal for Josephine Smith, 33, serving life for murdering her husband. She claims that she killed him after long-term abuse.

Justice for Women has been in the forefront of a series of campaigns to highlight alleged legal injustices to women. It has eclipsed the Southall Black Sisters and George Delf, a

writer, who both initially took up Thornton's case. The organisation helped in the case of Kiranjit Ahluwalia, who served three years for murdering her violent husband but was freed at a retrial after a plea of guilty to manslaughter was accepted.

This summer it was behind the successful appeal by Emma Humphries, who was freed when judges ruled she had been wrongly convicted of murdering her violent boyfriend. For the first time it was established that a defence of provocation can succeed if there is a series of incidents over time which drive a woman to murder.

Justice for Women was founded in 1991 and is run from a house in Crouch End, north London, on a tight budget. Finance is provided by 500 subscriptions taken out by supporters and fundraising events at the Conway Hall in central London. Apart from two grants of £3,000 from a little known trust, the organisation has not sought money from central or local government.

Men can become affiliated members but it is a women-only group, helping them organise and claim the credit for combating violence against women. "This is an organisation about domestic violence and domestic violence is about male violence," a spokeswoman said. Its key figures are Julie Bindel, a

graduate in film studies from the University of North London; Harriet Wistrich, a trainee solicitor and Sarah Maguire, a barrister.

Ms Bindel, 33, was until July this year working on a Home Office project, studying the policing of domestic violence. She now teaches film studies.

Miss Wistrich, 35, comes from a notable Labour family. Her father Ernest Wistrich was a former Labour parliamentary candidate and his wife Enid was formerly head of the Greater London Council's censorship unit. Miss Maguire, who worked for three years for Lambeth Council in a unit monitoring domestic violence, is a member

of the chambers of Michael Mansfield, QC, who is representing Thornton in her appeal.

Miss Bindel said: "We cannot take up each case but we believe there are at least 50 women serving life sentences whose cases should be looked at again."

She is now preparing to campaign for an appeal for Josephine Smith, married with three children, who shot her husband Brian while he was asleep at their home in King's Lynn, Norfolk.

Her plea of guilty on the ground of diminished responsibility was rejected and the judge recommended that she serve a minimum of 12 years for murder.

Jail move for IRA man with cancer

An IRA prisoner suffering from skin cancer was moved from England to Northern Ireland yesterday to ease family visits. Paddy Kelly, 44, who is serving 25 years for plotting an explosion and for the attempted murder of a police officer, was given a six-month transfer to Lisburn, Co Antrim. His home is in Co Laois, in the Irish Republic.

Funfair charge

Pat Evans, 73, the owner of the Coney Beach leisure area at Portcawl, Mid Glamorgan, is to be prosecuted for allegedly failing to ensure the safety of visitors, following the death last year of Tim Morgan, 9, when a waterchute ride car crashed into a lighting gantry.

College pays out

Alan Bryans, 43, a Belfast-born lecturer awarded record compensation of £29,971 for a series of racist taunts, is to receive more money. Northumbria College of Arts and Technology has settled a claim of constructive dismissal out of court.

Lesson learnt

A learner lorry driver was banned for two years by magistrates at Pontypool, Gwent, for being over the alcohol limit during a lesson. John Morgan, David Maliphant's instructor, smelt his breath and directed him down a road to a police station.

Quads born

Helen Jones, 27, of Bootle, Liverpool, has given birth to four daughters, weighing between 3lb 11oz and 4lb 11oz, by Caesarean section at Fazakerley Hospital. They were conceived without fertility treatment and all are doing well.

Cat calls

A six-year-old Burmese cat named Cagney, which has a habit of wandering off, has been issued with its own BT charge card number for its collar, so that people who find it can make free calls to alert the owner, Beryl Venters, 66, of Winchester, Hampshire.

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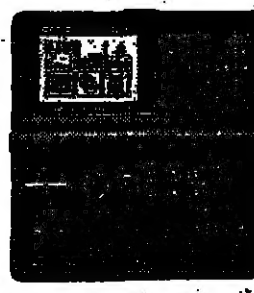
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Tory Euro-rebels threaten revolt on fisheries policy

BY JILL SHERMAN, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

THE Government faces an embarrassing rebellion in the Commons on Tuesday with at least ten Tory MPs threatening to defy it on a vote over the European fisheries policy.

The vote will be the first test of the Government's reduced majority of five after the death of Sir David Lightbown on Tuesday. Technically the Government would be defeated if only three Tory MPs rebelled, provided that the opposition parties turned out in full and voted together.

However, Tory business managers, who have applied a three-line whip, hope that many Labour and Ulster Unionist MPs will be away so that any rebellion will have little effect.

Eight Euro-rebels and a handful of other MPs are planning to table an amendment to Tuesday's debate, which will cover the common fisheries policy among other issues. The amendment will call on the Government to pledge in its election manifesto that Britain will resume control of its fishing waters — in effect abandoning the Common Fisheries Policy.

Their amendment is unlikely to be called, but the MPs, who include many of the former "whipless rebels", said

yesterday that they would vote against the Government or back Labour amendment if the Government failed to agree to their terms.

The vote could prove a repeat of a similar division in January over the European fisheries policy, when nine rebels voted against the Government, which was saved from defeat only by a split among the Ulster Unionists. Yesterday one of the leading Euro-rebels declared: "We voted against the Government last January and nothing has changed between then and now, so there is no reason why we should not do the same."

Last night Labour confirmed that it would table an amendment criticising the Government's negotiating stance on the common fisheries policy. The amendment will be drafted to attract the support of potential Tory rebels.

Gavin Strang, Shadow Minister of Food, Agriculture and Rural Affairs, claimed that a government defeat would benefit the fishing industry. "Conservative division and isolation in Europe have damaged our fishing industry," he said. "The agreement reached by the Fisheries Council last Christmas was a

disaster from the standpoint of the UK fishing industry. It poses an unacceptable threat to the future of our fishing communities and will cause an unsustainable increase in the pressure upon the fish stocks in these sensitive waters."

Government business managers are sufficiently worried about the vote to have changed the date from Monday night to Tuesday night. The decision followed a meeting yesterday morning between five of the Euro-rebels and Tony Baldry, the Fisheries Minister.

Insiders said that the vote had been moved to Tuesday to try to wrong foot Labour and Ulster Unionist MPs who might have been planning to go away early for the Commons recess, which starts on Wednesday evening. Official sources denied this.

Mr Baldry agreed to see Christopher Gill, Richard Shepherd, Richard Body, James Wilkinson and Tony Marlow after Mr Gill has complained about the Government's failure to address their concerns. But Mr Baldry rejected all their demands, insisting that the government had agreed to the common fisheries policy and had no plans to change its stand.

Tamworth braced for political change

BY ALICE THOMSON, POLITICAL REPORTER

TAMWORTH, birthplace of the modern Conservative Party, was yesterday mourning the loss of its MP, Sir David Lightbown.

Since Sir Robert Peel gave his famous Tamworth manifesto to the citizens in the market place more than 150 years ago, this pocket of the Midlands has prided itself on its true blue allegiance. But after Sir David's death on Tuesday, his Staffordshire South East constituency, with its 7,192 majority, looks almost certain to join Labour for the first time.

Sir David's dominant personality was widely credited for having held Tamworth and its outlying farming villages together. He had been MP only since 1983 but as a county councillor, chairman of the district council and managing director of Jaybee Engineering, he was as well known and liked.

While John Major faces a possible parliamentary majority of only three after the new year, grassroots Tories in the constituency face a humiliating by-election defeat. At the Tory headquarters in Tamworth yesterday, Ronald Cook, the chairman, arrived ashen-faced. The Christmas party and ladies'



Tamworth Tories: Sir David and his illustrious forerunner, Sir Robert Peel

tea had to be cancelled — should Christmas cards still be sent out? And he had lost a close friend of 20 years. He could not contemplate a by-election yet.

"I just keep thinking how furious David would be knowing that his death was putting the party majority in jeopardy. He was an old-fashioned loyalist and he was a passionate Tory," he said.

The secretary pointed to a photo of Mr Lightbown dressed in a top hat and waving a wand, his uniform as Vice-Chamberlain. "Anyone less like a fairy is hard to imagine. He didn't fear anyone but he was very gentle to us." Everyone in the office

enjoyed telling stories of Sir David's days in the whips' office as The Terminator. They recalled how he threatened to turn journalists' glasses into contact lenses and would manhandle recalcitrant MPs.

Bev Booth, chairman of the local branch, said: "David was a bit like a tank. When the going got tough here, we all got behind him."

Local Tories are privately acknowledging that this could be another Tory fiasco. In 30 years Tamworth has almost tripled in size from a quaint market town to a sprawling outpost of Birmingham, studded with tower blocks. Surrounded by

motorways, it has attracted new light industries and a young, more Blairite population.

The Tories failed to win any seats in May's election to Tamworth Borough Council. Labour has been gearing up for the seat since its narrow defeat in 1992. At the borough council meeting on Tuesday night, Labour councillors joined in a minute's silence in memory of Sir David. But the tributes cannot conceal the party's political calculations. A good result is crucial for new Labour to prove that it has won over Middle England.

Obituary, page 23

MPs back move to tighten knife law

BY JAMES LANDALE, POLITICAL REPORTER

MPs yesterday backed a new Bill that aims to tighten the law against carrying knives.

Both Labour and the Liberal Democrats welcomed the move but called for even tougher controls. Some MPs, however, cautioned against bringing forward poorly drafted legislation in a "knee-jerk reaction" to the fatal stabbing of the headmaster Philip Lawrence last week.

The Offensive Weapons Bill, sponsored by Lady Olga Maitland (C, Sutton and Cheam), received its first reading without a vote. The measure, one of several Private Members' Bills introduced yesterday, would enable police to arrest anyone carrying an offensive weapon or knife in public without good reason. They can make an arrest now only if they have a warrant.

The penalty for carrying a knife would also be increased from a £1,000 fine to six months in prison. Carrying an offensive weapon is already punishable with a maximum two-year prison sentence.

Fresh calls for tougher measures have come from all parties after Mr Lawrence's death. Yesterday Jack Straw, the Shadow Home Secretary, suggested that the maximum two-year sentence for possession of an offensive weapon could be doubled to four years.

Benefit system hit by organised crime

BY IAN MURRAY, COMMUNITY CORRESPONDENT

CRIMINAL groups are increasingly defrauding the benefits system, according to the independent watchdog for council spending.

The Audit Commission says in a report today that not only is the value and number of reported frauds rising "but there is increasing evidence of organised, sophisticated crime, with groups intent on defrauding claimant systems and on committing other types of fraud."

The survey, based on replies from 95 per cent of local authorities, found that the value of identified fraud increased from £34 million in 1993-94 to £46 million last year and the number of cases rose from 83,000 to 112,000. The commission says it does not know to what extent the growth is due to better detection and to what extent it is due to a genuine increase.

Although the commission found councils are getting better at detecting fraud, it criticises them for being disappointingly slow in implementing its three-year-old suggestion to set up independent

audit committees. Only 8 per cent of authorities had done this, while 7 per cent of councils had inadequate or total absence of risk assessment.

The vast majority of detected cases involve benefit fraud, which has grown steadily since 1990 to 110,000 cases involving £40 million last year. Fraud by officers or local politicians remains rare, but non-benefit fraud rose by 14 per cent to 2,300 cases involving £6.2 million last year. "The underlying trend in the incidence of fraud is upwards," the report says.

A clampdown on student grant fraud in London succeeded in not only catching more people but in dissuading others from trying to cheat the system. That explains a 43 per cent decrease in the number of such cases over the year.

The commission gives a warning that the coming introduction of vouchers for nursery places will be particularly vulnerable to abuse.

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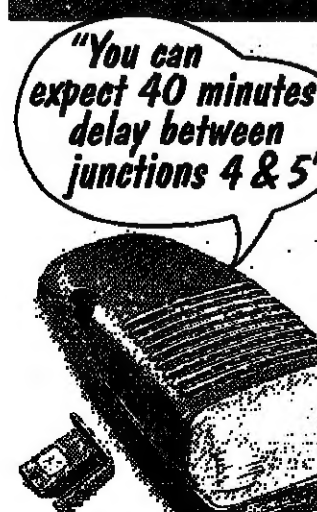
YESTERDAY in the Commons, debates on the preparation, drafting and publication of Government Bills, working time and family life; reception of BBC Radio Gloucestershire; help for leprosy patients with hepatitis C; the future of Army Technical Agency Unit in Malvern. After education and employment questions, the Armed Forces Bill had its second reading.

In the Lords, debates on regulation and operation of privatised utilities; the Labour review of prison security; the Western European Time Bill, committee stage.

TODAY in the Commons, agriculture questions and questions to the Prime Minister. Debates on provision of health services for women with breast cancer; research and the screening programme; financial services regulation.

In the Lords, debates on Child Support (Miscellaneous Amendments) Regulations; Child Support (Compensation for Recipients of Family Credit and Disability Working Allowance) Regulations; Bristol Development Corporation (Area and Constitution) Order; Non-Domestic Rating (Chargeable Amounts) (Amendment) Regulations.

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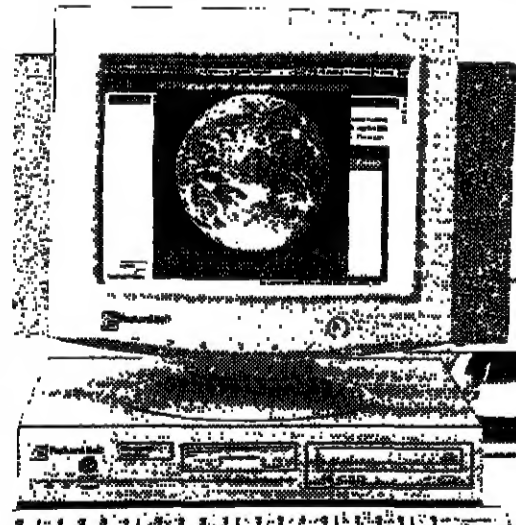


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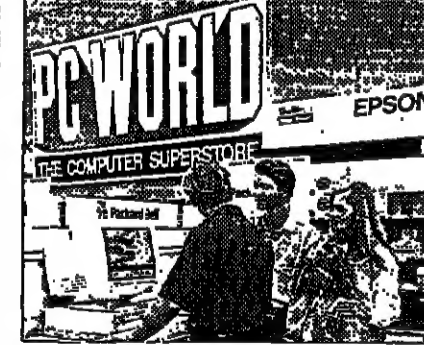
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MPs back move to tighten knife law

Major rallies his ministers for a Christmas war

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Government minister defends claim to ancient title and £500,000 legacy for his 16-year-old son

Cousins fight 'friendly' court duel for right to earldom

By Gillian Bowditch
SCOTLAND CORRESPONDENT

A POLITICIAN and his lawyer cousin will go before an ancient court next month to establish which is the rightful heir to the Earldom of Selkirk.

At stake is not only the title and a place in the House of Lords, but also £500,000 and a collection of family oil paintings left by the 10th Earl for his successor. The title brings no family seat.

The two contenders are Lord James Douglas-Hamilton, the Scottish Office Minister and younger brother of the Duke of Hamilton, and his cousin Alasdair Douglas-Hamilton, a lawyer with the Bank of Scotland.

who said yesterday: "I hope we stay friends whatever the outcome."

The case is scheduled to last two days from January 4 at the court of Lord Lyon in Edinburgh. The ancient court dates back to 1672, headed by the Queen's representative in Scotland who decides on matters of nobility. Lord Lyon, Sir Malcolm Innes of Edingight, may not give an immediate judgment.

The case began with the death of the 10th Earl of Selkirk, George Nigel Douglas-Hamilton, former First Lord of the Admiralty, in November 1994 at the age of 38. The title was disclaimed by Lord



Alasdair Douglas-Hamilton, left, and his cousin Lord James. The hearing next month will go back to 17th century documents translated from the original Latin

James because he did not want to cause a by-election in his seat of Edinburgh West, where his majority is less than 900. However, he is fighting the claim on behalf of his 16-year-old son, John Andrew, who would inherit the title on his death.

It is unclear whether he would be able to inherit the legacy or if it would be held in trust for his son.

He is being represented by Sir Crispin Agnew of Lochnaw, an Edinburgh advocate and a clan chief.

A petition challenging Lord James's claim was lodged in September this year by Mr Douglas-Hamilton, 35. He is named as heir to the Earl of Selkirk by both Burke's Peerage and Debrett's, and he believes he inherited the

title Master of Selkirk in the 17th century and who had seven sons, intended the Earldom of Selkirk and the Dukedom of Hamilton to remain separate. The original Earl of Selkirk was created by Charles I in 1646 and Mr Douglas-Hamilton says he has had the original Latin documents re-translated.

Mr Douglas-Hamilton was brought up in Morayshire with his two sisters and younger brother. He was educated at Gordonstoun and his father, Lord Malcolm, was briefly the Conservative MP for Invernesshire in the 1950s. He has no animosity towards Lord James whom he rarely sees but with whom he remains on friendly terms. He said: "I think Lord James had to make a difficult

decision very quickly when he disclaimed the title. I am confident of what I believe is right, but one can never be totally confident that any particular thing will prevail."

He had no idea that the Earldom came with a legacy. "Originally I thought I should go for it in principle, but obviously it costs a lot of money to go to court. At least the legacy will help pay some of the bills."

If he is successful, he will become the 11th Earl and his son Angus, 27, will become the 12th Earl. "I haven't had much chance to discuss it with him, he lives in Kenya."

He was fond of his uncle, the Earl, although they lived 400 miles apart, the Earl being based in the South of England and Mr Douglas-Hamilton living ten miles from Selkirk. If he does succeed to the title, it will be the first time in many years that the Earl of Selkirk will be based in the Scottish Borders.

Lord Malcolm, the younger brother of the childless Earl of Selkirk, was the heir apparent and was known as Master of Selkirk. But his death in 1962 in a plane crash in Africa, in which his youngest son also died, gave rise to uncertainty. The issue was further complicated by the death of Lord James's father, the 14th Duke of Hamilton, in 1973.

Farmers urged to do own policing

By Michael Hornsby
AGRICULTURE CORRESPONDENT

FARMERS were advised yesterday to help themselves to combat rising rural crime because the police were no longer able to maintain a viable presence in the countryside.

Tom Sackville, a junior Home Office minister, told a conference on rural crime that much could be achieved by the police working in co-operation with local people helping each other in Farm Watch schemes.

"Farmers can do a lot to prevent crime by taking simple anti-theft measures," he told the conference, convened in London by the NFU. "An extraordinary proportion of burglaries still involve unlocked doors and windows."

Superintendent Keith Akerman of Hampshire Police acknowledged widespread public concern about the demise of the village bobby, but said limits placed on police numbers and resources by the Home Office made it impossible to sustain that kind of visible presence.

"The truth is, if you looked at rural policing purely on a cost-effective basis, you would do away with rural policing entirely," he said. "If an officer is being called out on only a few occasions in the year, police chiefs are bound to ask if they can afford the luxury of maintaining such beats."

Tony Pexton, deputy president of the NFU, said a survey of farmers had shown that 90 per cent believed rural crime was on the increase. There was also a feeling that reporting crime to the police was "a waste of time".

The crimes uncovered in the survey ranged from the theft of a barbed wire fence in the Midlands to a drake and six ducks in Cumbria. One of the most worrying recent trends was the growth in farm vandalism, carried out mainly by young people.

Science serves up a lobster surprise

By Nigel Hawkes
SCIENCE EDITOR

LURKING like a cold sore on the lips of the Norwegian lobster, a whole new class of creature has been discovered.

Less than a millimetre long and unlike anything known to science, the creature is not just a new species but a new phylum, or division of the animal kingdom. There are more than a million species but only 35 phyla, so to find another has to be "the zoological highlight of the decade", says Dr Simon Conway Morris of Cambridge University.

The creature has been named *Symbion pandora* by its discoverers, Drs Peter Funch and Reinhardt Moberg Kristensen of the Zoological Institute and Zoological Museum at the University of Copenhagen, and the new phylum has been given the name Cyclophora.

Symbion is bottle-shaped, and has a round mouth containing a fringe of finger-like cilia for gathering food. An adhesive disc at the base is used for attachment to the bristles surrounding the lobster's mouth. Reproduction in the species is a complex business, involving both sexual and asexual stages.

Dr Kristensen says the discovery is only the beginning, and he intends to search for more strange creatures. "When we have finished, the zoological system will be turned upside down," he said.

"The report leaves one wondering how many other phyla may have been overlooked," said Dr Conway Morris in a commentary in *Nature* magazine.

"Next time you are in your favourite seafood restaurant, make sure the waiter has to hand a couple of zoology textbooks and a decent microscope on the pudding trolley. Who knows what might be found lurking under the lettuce?"

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European Commission told to stop release of Connolly material to media

Brussels loses court skirmish with rebel

FROM CHARLES BREMNER IN BRUSSELS

THE European Commission has lost an initial legal skirmish in its battle with Bernard Connolly, the British official with renegade views on monetary union who was suspended from his post for attacking the project in a book.

In an injunction, the European Court instructed the Commission to take all necessary measures to ensure that no further information on Mr Connolly's career, personality, opinions, health or reputation reach the media.

Mr Connolly's lawyers had sought the action from the Luxembourg court on the ground that Jacques Santer, the Commission President, and his staff had made personally damaging statements in September after he published *The Rotten Heart of Europe*, his attack on the scheme at the heart of Maastricht.

However, in its ruling on Tuesday, the court rejected Mr Connolly's request for damages to be awarded for any future breach by Commission officials.

"The court appears to be in agreement with us on the main point of our request, that there should be no more misplaced remarks about me," Mr Connolly

said yesterday. A Commission tribunal is about to hear the case against Mr Connolly, 46, who faces charges that he breached rules requiring officials to seek permission to publish books and acted against the interests of the Community.

Mr Connolly, who is still nominally head of the unit monitoring the exchange-rate mechanism, could be dismissed for an action that is deemed by some Commission officials to have been tantamount to sacrilege. With the backing of a staff union, Mr Connolly has also asked the European Court to rule the disciplinary action invalid.

The injunction, issued by lower court judges at Luxembourg, said the Commission was not at fault in reporting that Mr Connolly would be disciplined because his conduct in publishing the book was an acknowledged fact.

However, it held the Commission responsible for failing to prevent disparaging remarks, quoted in the media, by unnamed officials. That suggested a poor grasp of the Commission's duty to "ensure that civil servants should not become the object of statements likely to bring

into question their honour or professional reputation". The politically sensitive Connolly affair has caused severe irritation in the Brussels executive of the EU at a time when it is battling to promote support for the monetary project among an increasingly sceptical European public.

Mr Connolly has been barred from Commission premises and, according to some colleagues, has been relegated to the rank of "non-person". Commission officials are aware that a decision to dismiss Mr Connolly would be certain to provoke indignation in Britain. Yves Thibault de Silguy, the Commissioner for Monetary Affairs, said in an interview last week that he had not even heard of Mr Connolly.

The European Court is not expected to take up Mr Connolly's main action, against the Commission's disciplinary action, for six months. A European civil servant since the late 1970s, the Oxford-educated Mr Connolly does not dispute the fact that he did not seek permission to publish his book, written on unpaid leave. However, he intends to contest the Commission's accusation that he breached its rules.



Bernard Connolly who is said to be treated as a "non-person" by the European Commission over his attacks on a single currency

Single currency to test resolve of Euro leaders

BY PHILLIP WEBSTER, GEORGE BROCK AND CHARLES BREMNER

JOHN MAJOR is to warn European Union leaders against the "price of error" in drawing up plans for a single currency that may leave a majority of members out in the cold.

The Prime Minister is flying to Madrid tonight for the two-day European Council summit, hoping to win agreement for a detailed study into the implications of pressing ahead with economic and monetary union in January 1999 at a time when many countries in the EU will be either unwilling or unable to join.

The summit of 15 EU leaders looks likely to agree to Mr Major's plan for a study to be carried out by European finance ministers, including Kenneth Clarke, the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Mr Clarke, the Cabinet's leading pro-European, is among those ministers convinced that Helmut Kohl, the German Chancellor, and President Chirac are determined to press ahead with the 1999 starting date, irrespective of economic difficulties in France, and believes that Britain must plan accordingly.

Mr Major has told friends that if the EU failed to carry out a far-reaching inquiry into the impact of a single currency on the single market and the common agricultural policy it

would be sleepwalking to the biggest economic change since the Gold Standard. Yesterday, sources close to him said: "In his view, further work ought to be done by the member states on a single currency before it would be prudent to go ahead. The price of error would be too high for Europe, individually or collectively."

Robin Cook, the shadow Foreign Secretary, has urged Conservative pro-Europeans to assert themselves against the "Europhobes". In *The Times* today, he says there is a cross-party majority in Parliament for "constructive engagement". The question is whether those Tories who know that Britain's future lies in Europe will be willing to assert that majority. "It requires them to show the courage to save Britain from being marginalised in Europe and to save their own party from a retreat into narrow nationalism."

As he goes to Madrid, Mr

Major is also facing the prospect of a Commons rebellion next week on EU fishing policy. With the Government's majority cut to five, after the death of Sir David Lightbown, ministers are facing a tight vote. Up to ten Tories may side with Labour.

During the summit, beginning tomorrow, the EU leaders are expected to agree on calling any new currency as the "Euro". The summit will also discuss the vexed issue of the future shape of the Union.

On the single currency, Mr Major's hidden agenda is his hope that debate over the difficulties of creating a single currency will throw up problems that force countries in the leading group to slow down. British officials hope the European Monetary Institute, the forerunner of a European Central Bank, might conclude

late next year that the EU's main economies were not converging quickly enough.

Britain will also come under pressure to accept pan-European action against racism after the Brussels Commission announced yesterday far-reaching plans to insert an anti-discrimination clause in all new Community laws, and to proclaim 1997 to be European Year Against Racism.

The Commission announced its scheme as government officials struggled in Brussels for a compromise on an existing anti-racism package that would avert a dispute at the summit, pitting Britain against all its partners.

European diplomats said patience with Britain's attitude was wearing thin. Mr Major was said in Whitehall to be eager to clear the racism package ahead of the summit.

Fishing dispute, page 10
Robin Cook, page 20

Islamic Turkish party attacks 'rag and bone' deal with EU

BY OUR FOREIGN STAFF

THE leader of Turkey's Islamic party attacked a trade pact between Ankara and the European Union, ratified yesterday, as a "rag-and-bone" deal that he would not recognise if he came to power in elections later this month.

The Anatolian News Agency quoted Necmettin Erbakan, the Welfare Party leader, as saying that the customs union "is against the constitution. The country wasn't asked about it, no one was."

The European Parliament voted heavily in favour of the customs union deal with 343 deputies for, 149 against and 36 abstaining. It gives Turkey some of the closest links to the EU of any non-member country. The Welfare Party, expected to do well at the general

elections, has long opposed the deal outright but has said recently it may renegotiate the pact if it forms a government. Mr Erbakan's party advocates loosening Turkey's ties to the West and setting up an Islamic common market. Euro MPs had threatened to veto the deal on human rights grounds.

Tansu Ciller, the Turkish Prime Minister, said it was the first step towards full EU membership.

The deal, which goes into force on January 1, gives Turkey some of the most privileged ties to the EU of any non-member country. Both sides will remove tariffs affecting the other's industrial products. The vote is expected to give a boost to Mrs Ciller at general elections on December 24. She has pursued customs union as a key project. She toured the streets of Istanbul yesterday waving to passers-by from a campaign bus as the result of the vote was announced through the loudspeakers. Schools in Ankara held celebratory ceremonies.

The customs union will help to double EU exports to Turkey over five years and will increase investment in Turkey, the European Commission has predicted.

But if Turkey fails to make progress on human rights or takes a step backwards, the European Parliament could block future aid, said Abel Mahut, the chairman of the European Parliament's foreign affairs committee.

Presidential aides reject Whitewater subpoena

FROM MARTIN FLETCHER IN WASHINGTON

THE White House faced a constitutional clash with Congress yesterday after formally refusing to release documents subpoenaed by the Senate Whitewater Committee.

President Clinton's advisers cited arguments used by President Nixon during the Watergate scandal to justify their refusal, but the Senate is now expected to challenge that in court. Defying the subpoena is a risk for the President as it contradicts past promises to cooperate fully with all Whitewater investigations.

Mark Fabiani, the associate White House counsel, said the subpoena was "not about seeking the truth—it is about inflicting political damage on the President". Alfonso D'Amato, the committee's Republican chairman, responded by calling the President's refusal to comply with the subpoena "an attempt to stonewall... the public will be outraged".

The documents are records of a meeting between seven of Mr Clinton's senior aides and lawyers in November 1993 shortly after the White House received inside information about two supposedly independent criminal investigations into the Whitewater affair. Republicans suspect the records show how the White House planned to use that improperly obtained information to impede the investigations. The White House contends that the meeting's purpose was simply to brief the Clintons' new personal lawyer.

Mr Clinton's lawyers told the committee the records were covered both by attorney-client privilege and executive privilege, which protects confidential advice to the President. The Supreme Court recognised the principle of executive privilege when President Nixon invoked it to try to protect his Watergate tapes in 1974, but ruled that it did not extend to discussions of illegal matters and ordered him to surrender the tapes.

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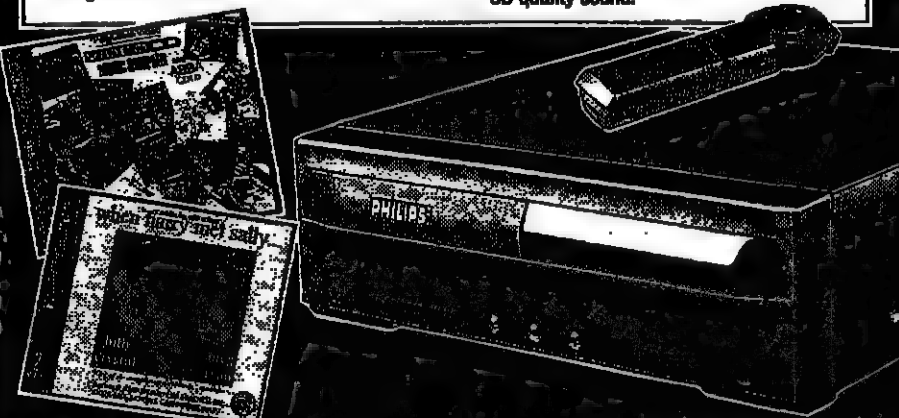
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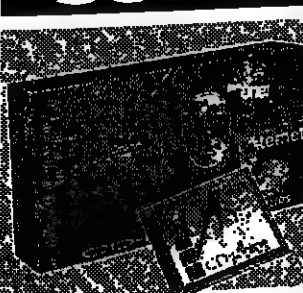
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Chirac rallies his troops behind the Thatcher line

FROM BEN MACINTYRE IN PARIS

IN AN echo of Margaret Thatcher at her most determined, President Chirac yesterday told ministers to stand firm on welfare reform despite the continuing strikes and insisted: "There is no alternative."

That Thatcherite phrase, which earned the former Prime Minister the acronym and nickname Tina, indicated that M Chirac is also not for turning. But the French President also called on his Government to seek "dialogue and negotiation" with the strikers as Alain Juppé, the Prime Minister, offered another important concession to striking civil servants.

In a fresh bid to end the conflict, M Juppé promised that there would be no change in the retirement age for civil servants, nor in the way their state pensions are calculated — a pledge he has made to striking train drivers.

M Juppé also said that he would preside over a "social summit" with employers and unions on employment issues on December 21 and pledged to hold talks on restructuring the state-owned rail system "starting from square one".

M Chirac, seeking to rally his troops behind the welfare reform package, said: "We have not been elected to bring about the decline of France. We must steer a steady course. I have confidence in the Government's pursuit of this policy, quite simply because there is no other way."

He dismissed charges that the Government's drive to reduce France's deficit in time for European monetary union had precipitated the crisis by prompting fears of mass job losses. "This is not debate over Europe versus jobs. The choice is between deficits and jobs," M Chirac said.

A vote of no confidence in the Government was easily defeated on Tuesday night, clearing the way for one of M Juppé's key reforms, a new income tax to begin paying off the vast social security debt.

"There is no longer any reason for the strike", M Juppé said. Unions last night called for new strikes and further protest marches, claiming that more than two million people took to the streets of France on Tuesday to oppose the planned overhaul of the social security system in the largest

demonstration of the conflict. Many public sector workers returned to work yesterday, but the protest movement showed little sign of abating as union leaders called for another day of action with renewed strikes and demonstrations on Saturday.

Most unions have vowed to press on with the strikes, but their demands have begun to diverge. The Communist-led CGT union renewed calls for the Juppé welfare plan to be withdrawn, while Marc Blondel, head of the Force Ouvrière, also demanded "global negotiations" over unemployment and wages. The largest teachers' union is pressing for an end to the strike, as is the Christian CFTC union.

Public transport remained at a standstill in Paris, Marseilles, Toulouse and Bordeaux, where rubbish began piling up in the streets due to a week-long strike by dustmen.

Brussels: Thousands of Belgian public sector workers brought central Brussels to a standstill yesterday afternoon as they protested against impending government budget cuts. (Reuters)



Sir Peter Inge, accompanied by Nicholas Soames, gives details in London yesterday of the composition of the British forces in Bosnia.

British forces on alert to arrest war criminals

BY MICHAEL EVANS, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT, AND BEN MACINTYRE

BRITISH soldiers who are being sent behind Serb lines as part of the Nato-led peace implementation force will be under orders to arrest indicted war criminals if they cross paths.

Elements of the 13,000-strong British military force being prepared for Bosnia-Herzegovina are to be based

in several key Serb locations and eventually will be sent to Banja Luka, the Serb stronghold in the North.

The tough role for the British troops, who will have responsibility for the largest section of Bosnia, in the southwest, was outlined yesterday by Field Marshal Sir Peter Inge, the Chief of the Defence Staff. They would be expected to arrest any indicted war criminal who arrived at a British checkpoint, he said.

General Ratko Mladic, the Bosnian Serb army commander who was indicted for war crimes in July, frequently visited Banja Luka. Sir Peter said it was clear that if General Mladic turned up at a British roadblock, there would be "strategic consequences". However, he emphasised that British troops would not be expected to search for war criminals. "That is not one of their tasks."

Nicholas Soames, Armed Forces Minister, said Britain would work closely with the International War Crimes Tribunal in The Hague. But in New York last night a diplomatic tussle broke out when Russia objected to the provision authorising the detention of war criminals.

As France prepared to host today's formal signing cere-

mony of the Dayton peace accord, Charles Millon, the Defence Minister, said that Paris would have refused to sign the Bosnian peace treaty if its pilots held captive by the Bosnian Serbs had not been released on Tuesday. Captain Frédéric Chiffot and Lieutenant José Souvignat remained under medical observation in a Paris hospital.

Despite reports that the pilots were being held by General Mladic as a bargaining tool to prevent his prosecution for war crimes, Paris insisted yesterday that there had been no deal. "There is no question about it. No concession was made," M Millon

said, adding that President Milosevic of Serbia had instigated their release.

Apart from Banja Luka, the British troops will also be responsible for 2,000 square kilometres which have to be transferred from Muslim-Croat Federation control to the Serbs.

Britain's main combat force will be the 4th Armoured Brigade, with two squadrons of Challenger 1 tanks from The Queen's Royal Hussars, the 2nd Battalion Light Infantry with Warrior armoured vehicles, 1st Battalion Royal Regiment of Fusiliers with Saxons, three batteries of the 155mm AS90 gun from 26

Regiment Royal Artillery and one light 105mm gun-battery taken from 26 Commando Regiment.

The RAF and Royal Navy will continue to play a crucial role in providing protection and maintaining the air exclusion zone and arms embargo. The aircraft carrier, HMS *Illustrious*, now in the Adriatic under national control, will switch to Nato command and will link with the American carrier, USS *America*, and the French carrier, *Clemenceau*, to form a joint strike force.

Washington: The Senate was expected to give grudging support to the deployment of 20,000 American troops yesterday after President Clinton pledged that America would lead efforts to arm and train the region's Muslim forces (Tom Rhodes writes).

On the eve of his trip to Paris, Mr Clinton sent a letter of assurance to Robert Dole, the Senate majority leader, designed to pave the way for congressional approval for the mission.

The President's promise is unlikely to please Britain and other Nato allies who have argued that the arming and training programme will undermine the Dayton agreement and could result in a prolonged Western mission in the Balkans.



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Return to communism 'means four-hour queues for meat and sausages'

Chernomyrdin pledges 1996 as year of growth

FROM RICHARD BEESTON IN MOSCOW

THE Russian Prime Minister, Viktor Chernomyrdin, made a final appeal to his electorate yesterday to back his reformist policies and said that a communist victory could lead the country to ruin.

In a rare press conference, the head of the Russian Government vowed to continue his economic liberalisation programme whatever the result of Sunday's parliamentary election, and promised there would be "no U-turn" to socialism.

"The year 1996 must and will become the first year of economic growth in Russia," the head of the centrist Our Home is Russia party said. "The retreat has stopped, we have started moving forward." His confidence is partly justified by his impressive record over the past year when he succeeded in stabilising the rouble and bringing down the inflation rate. The economic reforms have won him many supporters in the West and among Russia's emerging urban middle class, who will back him in the polls.

However, the transition has also been painful for millions of Russians who have seen education, health and social services collapse, and who look back fondly on the relative stability of the Soviet era.



Mr Chernomyrdin conceded that the communists would do well in the elections, but he remained confident that his Government, which is appointed by the head of state, would stay in power to pursue its reformist policies.

Even President Yeltsin has hinted that if the Government's centrist and reformist supporters are beaten by the leftist and nationalist opposition, he may feel compelled to replace his Prime Minister with a hardliner.

Mr Chernomyrdin left little doubt what a return to communism would mean for Russia. "It would mean throwing everything back," he said, citing statistics from 1991 which showed that the average queueing time for meat and sausages in the former Soviet Union was four hours.

"Does our economy need that, do our people need that?" he asked. "The price of these slogans and promises is very, very dear."

Mr Chernomyrdin, 56, gave a solid performance, but many in Russia still wonder if he has the right character to lead the country into the post-Yeltsin era. It was clear throughout the election campaign that he disliked public exposure and lacked telegenic qualities.

To offset his staid appearance, his party has run an expensive publicity campaign with slick television advertisements and "cultural events", and a fashion show with Claudia Schiffer, the German supermodel.

In a more traditional form of campaigning, Mr Chernomyrdin repeated yesterday his more direct appeal to the electorate. He promised to reimburse millions of investors who lost their shares in pyramid schemes, pledged to pay up delayed salaries in the public sector and promised to help pensioners, war veterans and invalids.

Although Our Home is Russia is still struggling in the polls behind the communists, Mr Chernomyrdin has calculated that many undecided voters will back his centrist party. Although he may project an uninspiring image, he is seen as a guarantor of stability, security and maybe even a brighter future.



Chernomyrdin, making his final appeal to Russian voters yesterday, before Sunday's election, promised that there would be "no U-turn" to socialism

Austrian election puts Good Life at centre stage

FROM ROGER BOYES IN VIENNA

THE Vienna waltz is moving to a new political rhythm. Franz Vranitzky, Austria's Socialist Chancellor, has danced through election rallies and press conferences with Tony Blair and Felipe González, the Spanish Prime Minister. Wolfgang Schüssel, the conservative rival, has asked Helmut Kohl, the German Chancellor, and Theo Waigel, Bonn's Finance Minister, on to the floor.

The music plays on until election day on Sunday with more and more European politicians gliding in and out of Vienna to underline the importance of the ballot. This is a small country, with barely eight million people, but there is a great deal at stake. Commentators talk of Austria being on the brink of a revolution akin to the upheavals in Italy or the post-communist states.

The elections, like the riots in France, are about the Good Life. How far must the welfare state be rolled back? What is the responsibility of the state to its citizens? What further sacrifices are demanded by membership of the European Union, or future accession to the common currency?

Herr Schüssel prefers boogie-woogie to the waltz and hammers hard on a piano to show sceptical students, who know he plans to raise tuition fees, that he is in tune with them and is Austria's moderniser. It is all in the body language: the urbane Herr Vranitzky moves as if he has grown tired in power; Herr Schüssel as if he has been injected with vitamins; Jörg Haider, the right-wing leader, as if he were pursued by hungry wolves.

The social democrat Herr Vranitzky wants to preserve as much as he can of the welfare state while Herr Schüssel, Foreign Minister in the coalition, wants to bring down the budget deficit more convincingly to meet the Maastricht criteria for entry to European monetary union. The two men clashed in the drafting of the budget, forcing a dissolution of parliament.

There is little doubt that Austrians are feather-bedded. Quality newspapers and most cultural institutions receive generous subsidies. Civil ser-

vants are often encouraged to retire in their mid-fifties and receive about 80 per cent of their salary until they get their official pension. Paid maternity leave can last for two years. Health care is almost free.

So far the Austrian economy has done surprisingly well despite this costly welfare network. Inflation has fallen to 2 per cent recently, unemployment is well below the European average, at 6.5 per cent, and politicians say that there is almost full employment among young people. Export performance is strong and productivity high.

Why, then, should Austria subject itself to the kind of pain being experienced in France? The reason, Herr Schüssel says, is that the system is close to breaking point. Students stay at least seven years at university and retire less than 30 years later; too little to fund a strained welfare system. Good house-keeping dictates reform.

Austrians are disillusioned about EU membership. In last year's referendum, 66 per cent voted for entry to the Union. If the vote were to be repeated tomorrow, only 40 per cent would support entry.

There is no question of Austrians taking to the streets like the French, but the betting is that Austrians will either vote cautiously for Herr Vranitzky or for Herr Haider. If the Socialist-conservative coalition is returned to power with a weakened conservative component and a stronger far-right opposition, Austria will begin to look very wobbly and another election may follow shortly after Sunday.



Vranitzky: seems to have grown tired in power

WI party preaches gospel of gentle politics

FROM THOMAS DE WAAL IN MOSCOW



Lakhova: lists baking cakes as her hobby

THE Women of Russia, an all-female party that is committed to changing the ground rules of male-dominated Russian politics, could turn out to be the surprise success in Sunday's parliamentary elections.

The group, an offshoot of the Communist-era women's committees that existed in every town and city, is making a late surge in the opinion polls. A higher than expected turnout is bound to boost its prospects, pollsters say. The party hopes to pick up the votes of women who are fed up

with aggressively male politics and want to cast a safe, non-partisan vote. Leonid Sedov, a pollster, said that, with a turnout of 70 per cent, the party could come in second after the frontrunners, the Communist Party.

The party has also had a stroke of luck: it won the draw to be the first party on the ballot paper's list of the 43 electoral blocs, which potentially could attract undecided voters.

The Women of Russia flinch at the word "feminism". Mostly fifty-something wives and mothers, they have more of a no-nonsense wartime attitude. The movement evolved from the Soviet Union for Women group, the

Communist version of the Women's Institute. Yekaterina Lakhova, its leader, who lists her hobbies in a Who's Who as "baking cakes for her family", published a book last week entitled *My Path to Politics*.

The party is appealing to voters by highlighting the brawls, boorish behaviour and verbal abuse in the male-dominated Duma. "We would like to change the rules of the game in politics, to be gentle and accessible to ordinary people," she told a press conference last week.

The party's advertisement on television is filled with images of women harvesting wheat, dancing and sing-

ing, and its party leaders talking to mostly male politicians. A clip shows Mrs Lakhova physically separating two deputies brawling in the Duma. In the background, Aleksandr Morozov, a pop singer, croons the party's theme, *Women of Russia... you are the most beautiful on earth*.

Mrs Lakhova has denied charges that they do not have any clear policies. She said her priorities were to defend women's jobs in the market economy and to increase their representation in Russian institutions. "Russia will be reborn only when women take their deserved place in society," she said.

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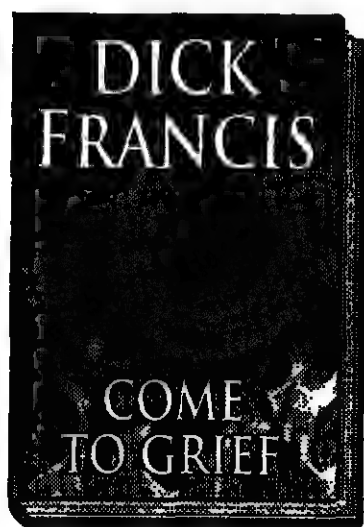
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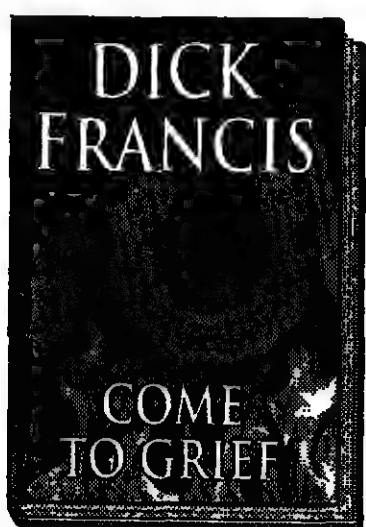
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Pilots turn tables on Vegas casino laser beam shows

FROM GILES WHITTALL IN LOS ANGELES

THE dazzling laser beam displays of Las Vegas casinos, the latest weapon in the endless battle for customers, have been switched off — because of reports that they can temporarily blind the pilots of low-flying airliners.

McCarran International Airport, which is barely a mile from the largest hotels on The Strip, has received 51 reports of pilots being unable to see at crucial moments before landing and after take-off, in all cases the pilots blamed laser displays.

Shelby LaCroix, a pilot whose airline flies thousands of gamblers into Las Vegas every day from Los Angeles, was steering his Boeing 737 through a banking turn three miles from the airport on the evening of October 30 when a brilliant flash of light momentarily blinded him and forced him to hand over the controls to his co-pilot.

"When the laser hit my eye,

time stopped for me," he told *The Wall Street Journal*. "Had it hit me and the other pilot simultaneously, I shudder to think what would have happened. Of course, the airplane was still flying at 250 mph."

His report to the Food and Drug Administration, which monitors the medical use of lasers, was among those that prompted Monday's letter to casinos from the FDA banning rooftop laser shows. The Las Vegas Hilton and the Rio

Suite Hotel, which boasted the city's most spectacular lasers, have since shut them down, relying on their more traditional onslaughts of neon light to attract attention.

The Luxor, a pyramid of steel and smoked glass, yards from the airport perimeter, had already installed a fail-safe mechanism to turn off a pair of smaller lasers that emerge from the eyes of a sphinx and are supposed to strike a nearby fountain. If a drop in water pressure causes the fountain to shrink, the lasers now switch off automatically instead of playing over the airport's taxi-ways.

Less than the gambling hordes think the FDA a kill-joy, it has released results of tests on "flash blindness" carried out in simulators by McDonnell Douglas, the aircraft manufacturer. Dozens of pilots were exposed to lasers while making a turn — almost half of them crashed.

Storm kills five

Los Angeles: Five people died, thousands of homes were flooded and large areas left without electricity as heavy rain and hurricane-force winds hit America's Pacific coast from San Francisco to Seattle. Yesterday a state of emergency was declared in western Oregon.

Californians back 'Gingrich clone'

FROM MARTIN FLETCHER IN WASHINGTON

NEWT GINGRICH enjoyed a brief respite from his increasing political troubles yesterday with a resounding Republican victory in a congressional by-election. The Democrats had tried to make a referendum on the unpopular House Speaker.

Tom Campbell romped home with nearly 60 per cent of the vote against Jerry Estruth, his Democratic opponent, in the Californian district of San Jose. Testing the strategy with which the Democrats hope to recapture the House next year, Mr Estruth had labelled Mr Campbell a "Gingrich clone" and suggested a vote for him was a vote for the Speaker's extremist agenda. Mr Campbell convinced

the voters that while he was a fiscal conservative, he was a social moderate.

Willie Brown, the former Speaker of the California Assembly, was elected the first black Mayor of neighbouring San Francisco, defeating the incumbent Frank Jordan, a fellow Democrat, with 57 per cent of the vote. Mr Brown, 60, rose from the humbles of backdrops to become one of the most powerful and flamboyant Speakers in California's history, but recently lost that post after 14 years.

"The night is over and I done won," the exuberant Mr Brown told cheering supporters early yesterday. In Chicago's impoverished South Side, Jesse Jackson's son won a crushing victory in another congressional by-election, beating his Republican opponent with 76 per cent of the vote. Jesse Jackson Jr, 30, whose only job experience has been as field director for his father's National Rainbow Coalition, delivered a victory speech filled with echoes of Martin Luther King. "I have a dream that one day the South Side of Chicago will look like the North Side," he said.

Mr Jackson will be sworn in today by Mr Gingrich, whose removal is his top priority.



Jackson Jr: echoes of Martin Luther King

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36 MONTHS	£40.32	£59.88	£89.84	£145.49	£193.98	£242.48	£290.98	£339.47	£387.97	£436.47	£484.96
48 MONTHS	£32.55	£48.83	£73.11	£124.01	£165.35	£206.69	£248.02	£289.36	£330.70	£372.04	£413.37
60 MONTHS	£26.52	£39.29	£57.05	£104.02	£138.70	£173.37	£208.05	£242.73	£277.40	£312.08	£346.76
72 MONTHS	N/A	N/A	£71.40	£103.03	£137.38	£171.72	£206.07	£240.41	£274.75	£309.10	£343.45
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 Total monthly income £ _____

OUTGOINGS: Mortgage/rent £ _____
 Total monthly HP/credit commitments £ _____
 Other monthly outgoings £ _____
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(Please give details of any outstanding loans that you would like to settle)

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 Approx. balance £ _____
 Bank Sort Code _____
 Account Number _____
 Credit Cards: Access/Mastercard ☐ Visa ☐ Amex ☐
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☐ NO I do not require the Repayment Protection Plan.

Open verdict in dingo baby case

FROM ROGER MAYNARD IN SYDNEY

ONE of Australia's most divisive cases, the disappearance of nine-week-old Azaria Chamberlain 15 years ago, remained unsolved yesterday after a Northern Territory coroner recorded an open verdict in Darwin.

Lindy and Michael Chamberlain had asked for a formal finding on the cause of their baby's death, after she disappeared from a campsite near Avers Rock in August 1980. They claimed that Azaria, whose body was never found, was taken from their tent by a dingo.

But a court subsequently found Mrs Chamberlain guilty of murder and her husband of being an accessory after the fact. Three years into a life sentence she was released after the child's bloodstained nappie jacket was found at the base of the rock, discrediting earlier forensic science evidence.

The convictions were quashed and nearly half a million pounds in compensation was paid. But the coroner's file on her death has remained open. Yesterday, after three inquests, a murder trial, two appeals and a royal

commission, the Chamberlains, now divorced, went back to Darwin to clear their names.

John Lowndes, the coroner, ruled in a 105-page report that there was not enough evidence to say either a dingo took the child, or that her mother was involved. "The only finding I can record is an open one," he said.

Mrs Chamberlain-Creighton, who has remarried, said: "I guess this may not be the end of the case after all. You may hear from us again."

Michael Chamberlain leaving court yesterday

Michael Chamberlain leaving court yesterday

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Is he Just William - or Dennis the Menace?

Family life can be made a misery by a hyperactive child — but should parents agree to a controversial drug treatment? Ian Robertson talks to one mother facing the dilemma

LOUIS is only ten years old but already he is notorious in his village near Southend. He has thrown a large, living crab through the open window of a passing motorist, cut down a neighbour's flowers and tried to sell them from his own driveway, and stuffed itching powder down schoolmates' shirts.

To any Just William fan, these sound like the endearing exploits of Richmal Crompton's much-loved hero. But when you hear how Louis eluded his mother in the local supermarket, and was found with an unmasked razor "shaving" the arm of a passing toddler, the indulgent smiles start to slip.

"Why can't he control her child? That question has often rung in the ears of Jacky Coole, a teacher and mother of three. Sandwiched between her two girls, aged seven and 12, is the restless, impulsive and unpredictable Louis. "I had dealt with difficult children, learning disabilities and behaviour problems," she says, "but even that didn't prepare me for Louis."

"From the time he was a baby he didn't sleep much, and by three his behaviour was very anti-social — throwing food, kicking people, rushing around like an animal."

At seven, Louis was diagnosed as hyperactive (what American experts call attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, or ADHD) at Great Ormond Street Hospital. His mother reluctantly agreed that he should be given Ritalin (methylphenidate), an amphetamine-type drug which improves mental functioning. "As soon as he started on it, he sat down and made some beautiful flower arrangements, something he had never done before," she says.

Mrs Coole believes that without Ritalin, it would be difficult to keep Louis in his ordinary school, even as a "special needs" pupil.

Both the diagnosis of ADHD and the use of Ritalin have been

heavily criticised in Britain by doctors and the media. Opponents argue that the condition does not exist and that children should not be fed a powerful drug just to keep them quiet. This is an understandable reaction to the practice in America, where on average one child in every school class is prescribed a drug to improve mental functioning, and prescriptions for Ritalin have increased by 600 per cent in the past five years. In Australia, too, believers in ADHD claim that 15 per cent of children suffer from the disorder.

British experts treat such claims with well-justified scepticism. But they do believe that a hyperactive condition exists as an imprecise description of a pattern of behaviour which can have many different causes. Professor Eric Taylor, of the Institute of Psychiatry in London, is an expert on the subject and author of *The Hyperactive Child: A Parent's Guide* (Oprima, £7.99). He is adamant that ADHD is a description and not an explanation of behaviour.

"The truly hyperactive child shows the problems long before going to school, finds great difficulty in concentrating and shows difficult behaviour which has poisoned relationships with other people," he says.

So how can parents know if their child is a mischievous but normal William Brown (sufferers are usually boys), or suffering from hyperactivity? The American Psychiatric Association has compiled a list of telltale signs (see box). All children will sometimes act in these ways and to be classified as hyperactive at least six symptoms must appear before the age of seven, be seriously affecting school or social activities and not be confined to just one setting. Professor Taylor believes ADHD is increasingly being recognised in Britain.

Problems with concentration and attention almost always go together with hyperactivity, though most affected children are much better in fast-moving circumstances such as playing video games, according to Professor David Skuse, of the Institute of Child Health in London. "They also tend to be much better off in one-to-one encounters," he says. "It is the slow-moving situation that they find most difficult."

Hyperactive disorders affect about one in 200 children in



Tiny terror from Hollywood — Michael Oliver starring as Junior in the film *Problem Child*

Britain, and can have many causes, including brain damage, congenital malformation of the brain, or a failure of attachment between parents and child. There is probably a hereditary component — Mrs Coole thinks that her husband is also affected.

Some sufferers may have subtle differences in the way their brains work. The right frontal area of the brain acts as a sort of "boredom override" centre, allowing us to concentrate in situations where nothing much exciting is happening. The few studies that have been done suggest that some ADHD sufferers may show abnormalities in this region. Chemical messen-

gers in the brain known as the catecholamines are also important in maintaining concentration, and Ritalin may boost catecholamine activity.

"Ritalin tones down Louis's hyperactivity, but he can still be unpredictable and antisocial," says Mrs Coole. "And it can keep him awake until midnight." Amphetamine-type drugs can also cause loss of appetite and, rarely, depression.

Professor Taylor believes that drugs like Ritalin should be given only to children who are truly hyperactive, for whom concentration and attention is a

disabling problem, and where psychological treatments have been tried first. This cautious approach is wise, given our scant knowledge of the long-term effects of the drug.

Hyperactivity disrupts the lives of the children and their families. Toddlers can show psychological problems later in childhood, and children who have poor concentration at age five tend to be poor readers two years later. Fifty per cent of children who are truly hyperactive at seven end up with a psychiatric disorder as adults.

"When the specialist told us about the poor prognosis, it almost destroyed us," says Mrs Coole. She and her family joined a support group for ADHD sufferers, called Ladder, and she offers advice to other affected families.

What would her advice be to parents of children like Louis? "Genuine sufferers need to have the disorder recognised, just as dyslexia has become recognised. Parents need support, not blame, and GPs need to accept that there is a big problem."

● Ladder, PO Box 700, Wolverhampton WV3 7TY (enclose SAE).

THE DANGER SIGNS

Hyperactive children will show at least six of the following symptoms before the age of seven in school and home:

- Fidget and squirm.
- Leave their seat in school at the wrong time.
- Run about or climb at the wrong time.

- Have difficulty in playing or working quietly.
- Talk excessively and blurt out answers to questions.
- Have difficulty awaiting turn and interrupt conversations or games.
- Make careless mistakes through inattention to detail.

Husky throat? It may not be the booze

Drink and dry

THE response to the Health Secretary Stephen Dorrell's call for men to restrict their alcohol intake to 28 small glasses of wine or its equivalent, and for women to have no more than 21 in a week, may be realistic but is likely to fall on deaf ears until after the Christmas party season. This is the time of year when a heavy night is often followed by a morning coping with a husky voice and a dry mouth and throat.

The reveller usually corrects the dehydration caused by the alcohol, and the mouth dried by a night of mouth breathing, possibly even snoring, by glasses of fresh orange juice or draughts of water. By lunchtime all is well.

Lucky reveller — his or her discomfort lasts only a few hours. But for many people the problem of a dry mouth, xerostomia, is always present and stems from failure of the salivary glands. Xerostomia is not a trivial disability. Speech is difficult, every meal becomes a battle to swallow dry or lumpy food, and each morning the sufferer wakes with a mouth which is dry, red, shiny and often secondarily infected with thrush. The gums and teeth are usually inflamed and sore.

Meals are not only spoilt by the battle to swallow food, but the lack of saliva plus any thrush infection takes away its taste, patients often saying that all food tastes like sawdust.

Xerostomia is a symptom of many diseases but it can also be induced by treatment. One in 40 people suffer from a connective tissue disorder and these diseases, found more frequently in women and including such common conditions as rheumatoid arthritis,

Raynaud's disease, scleroderma and systemic lupus erythematosus, are often associated with an unpleasantly dry mouth. One in three patients with rheumatoid arthritis, for instance, have this problem.

In Sjögren's syndrome, dry eyes, a dry mouth and an associated connective tissue disorder are combined, and the loss of saliva is particularly distressing. Ninety per cent of those who suffer with it are women.

Diabetes is another condition which frequently causes a dry mouth, and xerostomia often follows surgery, or radiotherapy for cancer of the mouth, head or neck. Physicians as well as surgeons and radiotherapists can give their patients an excessively dry mouth, as it can be a side effect of a wide variety of drugs prescribed for such diverse conditions as depression, heart failure, schizophrenia and allergies.

The symptoms of a dry mouth can be helped by constantly sipping sugar-free fluids, sucking sugar-free sweets or chewing gum designed to stimulate the flow of saliva, and by coating the mouth with edible oil at night.

Above all, relief is obtained by the use of saliva substitutes which can be applied by a spray, or sucked in lozenge or pastille form.

● A Norwegian firm, Nycomed, which manufactures a salivary substitute, has issued a first-class booklet written by specialist doctors, nurses and speech therapists, which can be obtained from Nycomed House, 2111 Coventry Road, Sheldon, Birmingham B26 3EA (0121-742 4444).

Sound advance in diagnosis



ULTRASOUND scanning has become an essential diagnostic tool. Although it is a simple, painless procedure, however, interpreting the results of tests requires considerable skill. An ultrasound is only as good as the radiologist, or other specialist, who is operating it: the pictures it produces can be as indecipherable as some weather maps.

Men are becoming accustomed to the idea that if their PSA (prostate specific antigen) — the blood test which is helpful in differentiating between benign and malignant disease of the prostate — is raised they will need further investigations, including an ultrasound. The assessment of the size of the prostate is determined by a trans-rectal examination.

Women, too, are benefiting from greater use of the ultrasound. *General Practitioner* magazine reports that ultrasound examination in gynaecological clinics can revolutionise diagnosis.

In a recent survey at the May Day Hospital in Thornton Heath, Surrey, a vaginal examination coupled with a trans-vaginal ultrasound enabled gynaecologists to make the correct diagnosis in 98 per cent of cases on patients' first visit to the clinic.

Dummies out, eardrums in

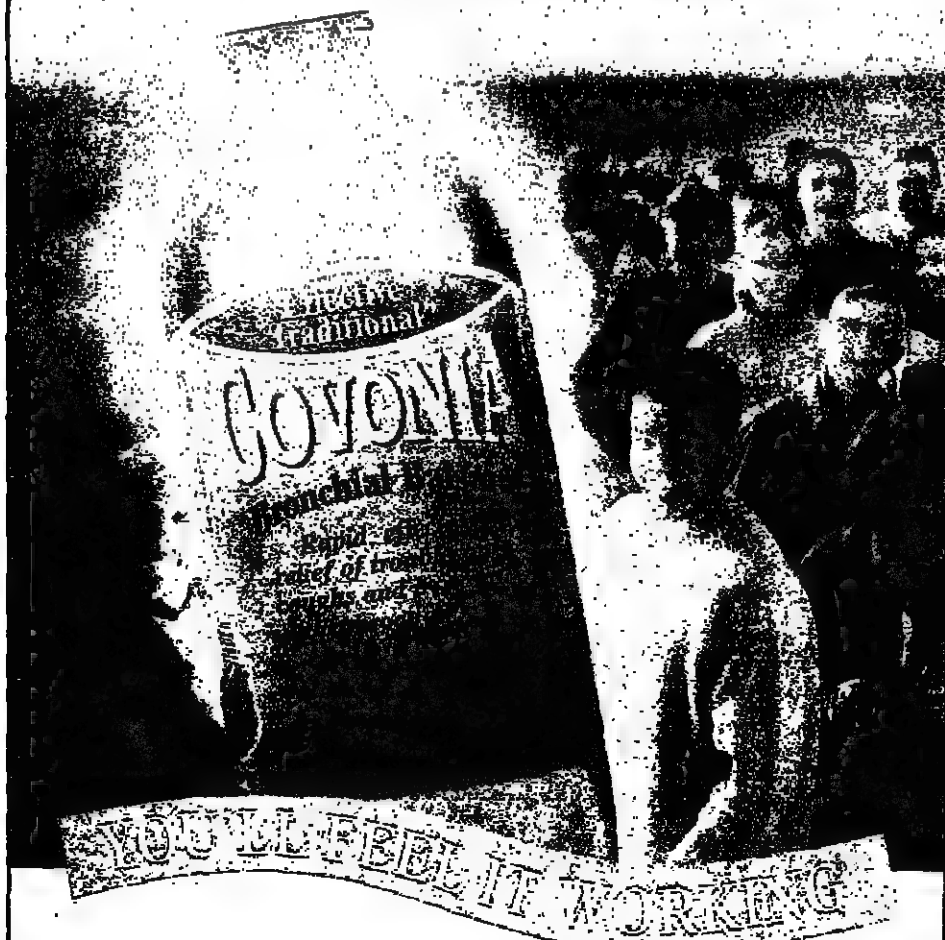


A DUMMY stuck into the mouth of a baby is aesthetically unattractive, but whether it is bad for the baby's health has been a matter of controversy for nearly a century.

Dummies have been condemned as possible sources of infection and distorters of the shape of the child's mouth, and have been accused of creating a high gothic arched palate, possibly leading later to crowding of the teeth.

The journal *Paediatrics* has recently published research from Finland which has given more evidence in support of those who are opposed to the dummy. Attacks of otitis media (acute inflammation of the eardrum) are more than twice as common in children who still use a dummy between the ages of two and three, and a third more common in the under-twos. In otitis media an infection often spreads up the Eustachian tube from the mouth and throat to the middle ear. Inflammation of the eardrum causes earache, fever, deafness and, rather confusingly, vomiting and abdominal pain. If parents want to reduce the risk of these acute symptoms they should heed the advice of the paediatricians that no child over ten months should use a dummy.

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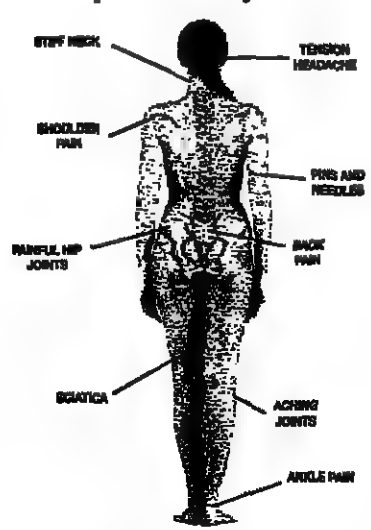
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Where would you have looked if you'd been Kissinger?

When even Henry Kissinger stalls, you know it is a dilemma. The former United States Secretary of State, scholar, statesman and policy supremo was acting as chief greeter on Monday night at a New York black-tie charity dinner. Enter the Princess of Wales, clad in a black dress that showed off to good effect her gymnasium-honed bosom.

What should a Nobel Prize winner do? How should any man, particularly one the height of Henry Kissinger, respond? When introduced to a woman who is demonstrating a terrific cleavage, should we compliment her on her figure? Or should we fix a fishy eye on, say, her left nostril and seek her considered verdict on the Bosnian peace accord?

Henry, as I say, stalled. His reaction was that of the pointer on a December shoot indicating the location of a fallen game-bird. It called to mind the look of a Scott or an Amundsen, pausing mid-trek on the edge of an Antarctic

crevasse to wipe his brow and stare in wonderment at the deep, icy cavern below. It was Kissinger's bad luck, but our good fortune, that a photographer caught the moment as the learned doctor peered, astonished, at the Princess's embonpoint.

In these cold, pioneering days of post-feminism, men have yet to work out a protocol. We have yet to come to terms with the new deal: that it is all right for the two sexes to rejoice in their differences. The Kissinger poser is being repeated at countless dinner parties and gala dinners as men realise that they have no clue how to react, in late 1995, to the sight of an advancing bust.

American women, like their British sisters, have embraced "glam" as the mid-Nineties look and are flashing off everything at their disposal: jewels, teeth, torpedoes. The new fashion word in New York this autumn is "swank". Indoor fountains, wall-length mirrors, the

In the post-feminist era, even a statesman cannot cope with the protocol for a princess in her prime, **Quentin Letts** says

Monagous Royal Family and blonde second wives, after years of ribaldry, are deemed acceptable. Fur sales are up by 20 per cent and you are once more permitted to expect small children and Italian waiters to be seen and not heard.

Into this same bracket falls what an American president might term "the bosom thing". The late Eighties were a time of mental conformity and monochrome social comment. Slim-hipped androgyny was seized on as the least culpable state of existence and women strapped down their fronts



The Princess of Wales dines as Henry Kissinger looks on

with the moral equivalent of masking tape. We returned to the Twenties, when gamine flat chests were the obvious look for a generation which had lost so many

of its young men to the Great War. A few doughy creatures resisted. Madonna's conical bra by Jean-Paul Gaultier wriggled against received wisdom. Eva Herzigova buoyed our spirits, and this autumn's fashion shows confirmed the return of that indispensable item, the petticoat. At last — hooray! — the drabness has passed. A woman, if she engages the engineering assistance of the Gossard corporation, is now no longer letting down the side for women. She is using her God-given components and only gravi-

ty is defied. The majority of men secretly think this is great, but in New York they remain uncertain if it is all right to say so.

In Mid-Western states such as Kentucky and Tennessee there is less angst. If a girl looks good, the good of boy will say so, probably with a complimentary emission of chewing tobacco towards the spittoon. In Latin America, post-feminism has not been a problem as they never had feminism in the first place, and have yet to encounter the horror that is Andrea Dworkin.

But along the east and west coasts of the US, and particularly in Manhattan, with the remnants of its Upper West Side liberalism and hideous guilt complexes, post-feminist man remains unsteady on his pins. He is racked with anguish about body politics — so out of step now with the body politic — and sees before him the spectre of sexual harassment. It is not that he fears an old-fashioned slap in the face. The late Eighties sanction was far

more terrifying: peer disapproval and accusations of being a moral dinosaur.

All this flashes in an instant through the mind of the modern man placed in the situation which confronted Henry Kissinger on Monday night. What should he have done? Poor Henry. The fact that he had to incline his head towards the Princess in a formal bow did not help, as it brought the fevered Kissinger brow ever closer to the Spencer bodice.

Now, frankly, do the words "Your Royal Highness" flow automatically into something along the lines of "Wow — great Zeppelins!" To have turned to the attendant press cameras and have given a meaty thumbs-up might have been considered coarse, and there was also Mrs Kissinger to consider. She was near by, and reportedly not best pleased.

We should forgive the man, therefore. The dilemma he faced was, literally, global.

Taking on Tony Blair

Elizabeth Noel has the unenviable task of standing for the Tories in the Labour leader's constituency. Is she downhearted? **Anne McElvoy** finds out



Elizabeth Noel: "Every woman wants to look her best when tackling something important"

Few aspiring parliamentary candidates would warm to the task of overturning a 14,859 majority deep in enemy territory against a sitting MP who happens to be the popular Leader of the Opposition.

Worse still when your own party is preparing for the next general election in jitters about its safe seats, let alone those like Sedgefield, Co Durham, where they could put up the proverbial donkey with a red rosette round its neck and it would win.

But Lizzie Noel, fresh from her selection by the battling local Conservative association, looks undaunted, delighted and indeed a little bemused at being selected to give Tony Blair a run for his money around the villages of South Durham.

At 28, she was the youngest candidate by far on the shortlist of three. It was her first attempt to secure a nomination, although she has canvassed since 1990 in London and the Home Counties. "It seemed like incredible beginner's luck to me," she says. "I was quite scared before the interviews and expected a real

grilling from the constituency women. They have the reputation in the Tory party of being far harder on female candidates than on men. But when they came to tell me I'd got it, the women were jumping up and down and hugging me. I thought I was going to swoon."

Petite, blonde and with open, earnest features, Ms Noel is well connected among the rising generation of Conservative politicians in London. A descendant of the Earl of Gainsborough, she comes from a landed Gloucestershire family but lives alone in a beautifully designed West London house. Always exquisitely dressed — today in pin-stripe trouser suit and Gucci mohair coat — she says everyone always asks her about her clothes. "My first instinct was to say: 'You shouldn't ask that of a male candidate,' but now I'm trying hard to be polite and I just say that every woman wants to look her best when she is tackling something important to her. I can't change what I am and I hope that people will accept that."

Her political ambitions have not blunted Ms Noel's directness, nor her wicked sense of humour. At a dinner given recently by a friend notorious for dragging people into endless dull charity events, she announced not quite sotto voce: "I can hardly believe it: Violet at last you've invited me to something free!" As soon as her selection was announced, Central Office was on the telephone parveying anxious advice. "They told me not to be photographed on a swing — as if I would — and always to wear a jacket in public. It's been a jolly steep

learning curve, all this image-making stuff." She was Central Office's preferred choice, a status which often proves more of a burden than an advantage for aspiring candidates. But with Ms Noel's nomination, the "stupid party" has behaved rather cleverly. Fraught spin-doctors at Smith Square thought hard about whom to front against the horribly popular Mr Blair and decided to play Labour at its own game by choosing a young, personable and politically moderate professional woman — the sort of person you might expect to find in new Labour.

In fact, you very nearly did. Ms Noel was a Labour supporter in her early twenties and worked as a researcher for Kevin McNamara, the party's front-bench spokesman on Northern Ireland. "That was the time of my inner conversion," she recalls. "I had been on the Left because I thought

'I was expecting a grilling from the Tory women'

that the Labour Party cared more about people. Gradually I realised that that is an empty promise unless you deliver the prosperity and protection which really changes people's lives. I started to question the honesty of Labour's claim in this direction. And I realised how differently I saw the world from people like Kevin."

She still has cordial relations with her old boss, however: he indirectly wished her luck, telling a Tory member who teased him about his old researcher running against the Labour leader: "She's far too good for your party."

The daughter of the Hon Gerard Noel, the writer and former editor of the Catholic Herald, she is an old girl of that alma mater of high-born English Catholics, St Mary's, Ascot. From there she went to Manchester College, Oxford, where she read philosophy; her background makes her sensitive to the inverted snobbery on the Left. "I know new Labour is supposed to be different, but underneath its emphasis on achievement and success I still think that there are aspects of Labour which are suspicious and resentful of other people's good fortune."

ability of the penal system to change the way people behave. "In the end, they stop being criminals because it is a boring life-choice and not because the system has corrected them."

Sedgefield's Conservative voters need not fear that their candidate will be soft on crime. At the party conference this year, she stole the home affairs debate with recommendations that prisoners should work for a living. She seems to have a fondness for Michael Howard verging on a political crush, and prefaces a lot of sentences with "As the Home Secretary says..." "We shouldn't forget that punishment is important to society," she adds. "People have the right to expect the state to treat serious offenders strictly. We

should not be embarrassed about punishing wrong behaviour."

The next minute she is describing her dealings with the lifers in Wormwood Scrubs with nostalgic affection. "I was supposed to have a current affairs discussion with them once a week. What a farce! Why on earth should you care about the state of the nation when you only ever see your cell and the prison yard? So we used to watch cricket together instead. One day the deputy governor caught us all cheering at the Test match. I explained that cricket had contributed more to good race relations in Britain than anything the Commission for Racial Equality ever managed, so they let me carry on."

Ms Noel is, I suspect, still

undergoing more of an internal

russle about claims of penal rigour versus the "tremendous pity" she feels, as an initiate and as a practising Roman Catholic, for the long-term incarcerated.

She delivers her convictions with passion accompanied by the occasional nervous flicker and attack of self-consciousness. "I'm talking an awful lot," she says, staring ruefully at her uneaten lunch. "I suppose that's what I'm supposed to do now, isn't it?" In time, the passion will be replaced by the sheen of a natural politician's presentation skills. For now, her raw enthusiasm is itself a commodity.

"Con. gain" are not words likely to flash on to our TV screens from Sedgefield on election night. Her task makes Sisyphus's toils look easy, although no one will work harder to shave a few slivers off Labour's sovereign majority. I confidently predict defeat at the polls for Lizzie Noel — and certain success thereafter.

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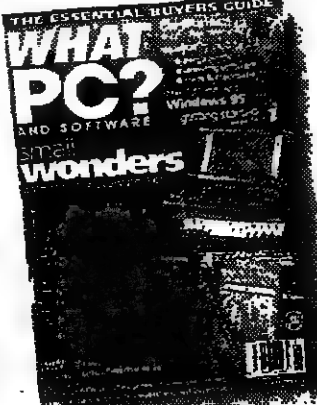
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You'll believe a pig can talk
The marvellous Babe will be the no.1 hit of the holidays
says Geoff Brown
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WHAT makes choosing a bargain computer for Christmas easy **PC?**
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Before you buy a PC, buy What PC?

Janet Daley



■ To allow a plea of slow-burning provocation is to cast women as forever disadvantaged

Sara Thornton is to be sent for retrial. The Court of Appeal refused yesterday to reduce her murder conviction to manslaughter on grounds of provocation. They decided instead that there was fresh medical evidence that Mrs Thornton was suffering from a personality disorder when she killed her husband. That evidence will now be put before a fresh jury, who must evaluate it as they see fit.

What is of wider public concern is the argument which began as an interesting contest between feminism and the law, but which can also be understood as part of a larger debate about when physical violence can be justified or excused in a law-abiding society. And whether violence by certain kinds of people is more excusable than that by others. As we become more and more preoccupied with violence and the need to deal with it, such dilemmas will have to be resolved.

The Thornton case was taken to be a test of whether women can lay claim to the same plea as men when they have been violent.

The Court of Appeal has struck a blow for equality

There has never been any question that Mrs Thornton killed her husband, Malcolm. What was at issue was whether that killing was to be defined as "murder", which requires a mandatory life sentence, or "manslaughter", which permits judges much more discretion in sentencing. There was no question either about whether the killing of Mr Thornton involved premeditation. Mrs Thornton confessed to stabbing him while he was in an unconscious stupor (induced partly by substances she had administered to him), having first sharpened the knife with which she did so.

The public debate about the charge of murder centred on whether the crime was committed "under provocation", a description that sometimes does count as a defence for men guilty of killing their spouses. Men who are "provoked" into thoughtless violence which results in the death of their female partners may plead that their temporary loss of self-control meant that they were not responsible for their actions.

That is, they did not rationally intend to kill, and so their acts must be regarded as the lesser crime of manslaughter, because they were not deliberate in the way that the law understands that word.

In reaching such verdicts, juries are usually advised to take both the behaviour of the dead spouse and the mental state of the accused into account. But the male defence of provocation is really an acknowledgement of the obvious truth that when men, particularly, lose control of their tempers they may end up causing

damage which they did not foresee. Which is why such a defence has not generally been thought to apply to women who kill their spouses.

On the whole, women are not physically capable of overpowering and killing men with their bare hands. So they almost never find themselves in a position to use spontaneous "loss of control" as a defence. Thus, men have a systematic advantage in the domestic killing stakes. Sexual egalitarianism being what it is, this state of affairs could not be allowed to continue. What feminist groups campaigned for was legal recognition of a female equivalent to the male prerogative of "provocation".

No one denies that women too may be driven to the end of their tether. If that desperate state of mind (eloquently enough described as "slow-burning impotent resentment") causes them to kill their spouses with the degree of premeditation which their relative physical weakness requires — taking advantage of the man's unconsciousness, procuring a weapon, and so on — should that not count as a version of "killing under provocation"? Almost certainly not. The distinguishing feature of acting under provocation must be the lack of premeditation. Planned murder is planned murder, however sympathetic the perpetrator may be. To excuse anyone who executes such plans is simply to license revenge killing.

Which is not to say that Sara Thornton (and other women who have killed under such circumstances) may not have had their personalities so affected by the treatment they received that they were suffering from diminished responsibility. But in refusing implicitly to widen the definition of "provocation", the Court of Appeal has actually struck a blow for female equality. It has refused to weaken the test of moral responsibility for what we would all be furious to hear described as "the weaker sex". But that is not what feminists see it. They want special treatment for women, whom they see as perennially disadvantaged.

In the same spirit perhaps, the law has been coming down heavily on victims of crime who have used violence to defend themselves or their property — so much so that the Crown Prosecution Service has now warned the police to lighten up. Is this not the logical end of the victim culture? Women and criminals — the deprived and disadvantaged of society — must be protected from the consequences of their own actions. Even if that means redefining the crime of murder.



Hats on to the modernists: these brand leaders all use the same rhetoric, whether it be new monarchy, new airline or new Labour

New heroes of the 1990s

Headgear and humming-birds herald a fresh age of modernism

My attitude to modernism is mixed. I do not share all its beliefs, but I admire its influence. My own view of the world is temperamentally Tory. I have felt from birth that things now are not what they were in my day: my day belongs to the 1730s when George II was on the throne, Robert Walpole was in Downing Street, William Hogarth was England's rising painter, Alexander Pope was writing his Moral Essays, George Frederick Handel was composing oratorios and Lord Burlington was designing Palladian villas. There has been nothing like it since.

Yet that does not set me against the 1990s. I have lived through several worse decades: there was not much to be said for the 1930s, when one had to balance the dancing of Fred Astaire and Ginger Rogers against the actions of Adolf Hitler and Benito Mussolini; the 1940s were heroic but tragic; the 1950s were grey and threatening; the 1960s were lively but trashy; the 1970s were inflationary; I rather enjoyed the Thatcherite and Reaganite 1980s, which so much annoyed some people. Compared to earlier decades, the 1990s seem quite pleasant, though it is a pity about the decline of Europe.

Although no modernist myself, I did work on *The Sunday Times* in the 1960s, when we were the newspaper of the *Zeitgeist*, with Mark Boxer editing the colour magazine and Tony Snowdon taking the photographs. There was even a pop song which had the refrain: "Thank you very much for *The Sunday Times*, I thank you very, very, very, very much." One could not work in such an atmosphere without appreciating the energy that comes from being precisely in tune with the mood of the moment. The 1960s Kennedy myth, of youth, of new ideas, of freshness, of vigour, of fashion itself, destroyed the Tory predominance of the Macmillan period. In the run-up to the 1964 election, Harold Wilson campaigned, skilfully if not quite convincingly, on the Kennedy theme.

It seems that the new age has come round again, as it does every 30 years or so. In the 1920s it was symbolised by the Prince of Wales, later Edward VIII, by cocktails and jazz, by the flappers and by Evelyn Waugh's set at Oxford. In the 1960s, it was symbolised by the Beatles, by Mary Quant and King's Road fashion, by the photographers led by Lord Snow-

don himself. In the 1990s the leading symbolic figure is the Princess of Wales, but there are others; the 1990s seems to have a larger share of caring than the 1960s, when dropping out was more fashionable.

As a symbol, the Princess of Wales's baseball cap seems to have fascinated the public. There is much curiosity about the significance of number 492 on the front. There is serious discussion about the right way to wear such a cap, whether in her style with the peak in front, or with it behind. I had at first assumed that the camera angle had obscured the number "1" before the 492, and that the Princess was celebrating, rather belatedly, the quincentenary of Columbus's voyage to America. I should have known better.

Columbus is a notorious Dwen (Dead White European Male), perhaps the greatest Dwen of them all. He is therefore part of the enemy, not of the modern style.

The Princess is no doubt our leading contemporary cultural icon, but there are others whom the cap would fit. In October 1992, when the world was younger than it is today, St John's, Smith Square, gave a charity concert. As we were then living nearby, we were asked to host the reception before the dinner that followed. It thus came about that I introduced Richard Branson to the Princess of Wales: it was the first time I had met either of them, and was, I think, the first time they had met one another. Yet he is another famous child of the *Zeitgeist*. As we used to say in the 1960s, "He is where it is at". Branson could wear the baseball cap and not look at all ridiculous.

Nor would Tony Blair, who has the most contemporary grin in the business, a sort of update of Tommy Steele's in the 1960s. He is far more genuine and effective in this contemporary role than Harold Wilson ever was. Look how successful these modernists all are: the Princess has played a difficult hand as though she held all the trumps — whether one likes it or not, it has been a brilliant

political performance. Richard Branson is turning a niche into a network; Tony Blair has made Labour an almost universal party of the people. They all use the same rhetoric: new monarchy, new airline, new Labour. It is as though they had anticipated the imagination of the public, and could manipulate the subconscious of the 1990s.

Modernism has also always had its failures. Edward VIII turned out to be a flop; his appeal was simply his contrast to the conservatism of his father, King George V. Nick Leeson is another New Age failure: the reason scored the number "1" before the 492, and that the Princess was celebrating, rather belatedly, the quincentenary of Columbus's voyage to America. I should have known better.

have been photographs of Leeson wearing a cap not unlike the Princess's: he too is a child of his time.

In politics, Tony Blair can wear the cap with assurance, but John Major cannot. Indeed the 1990s are politically rather similar to the 1960s: the Tories have simply gone out of fashion; it is out of sympathy with the new people, the new ideas, even the new language. Some Tory Members of Parliament resented the Princess's *Panorama* interview. She did, without in the least intending to, make them look absurdly old-fashioned and stuffy, which some of them are. She merely wanted to persuade a couple of hundred million people that the circle around her husband had been hostile to her and was out of date. She succeeded. Up popped Nicholas Soames and Patrick Cormack to persuade the world that they were just as bad. Indeed the enemies of the modern movement seldom look good: Richard Branson's competitors always turn out to look like bullies, and like rather sleazy bullies at that.

Each time this public mood comes round, one hears the same refrain: "Don't you realise, we're living in the 1920s?" — which became "the 1960s", and now "the 1990s". The urge to ring

out the old and ring in the new is the ragtime tune of every generation. The modernists can and probably should be laughed at. They tend to lack a sense of history or irony, though they often have a good sense of fun. The movement produces its quota of zealots, unrestrained by the limitations of past experience, and of charlatans, who strike poses to astonish the crowd. Yet the charlatans themselves often have something interesting to say. Percy Bysshe Shelley was a tiresome poseur, but beyond question he was also a great poet.

If one strikes a balance, democratic modernism almost certainly does more good than harm; it is totalitarian modernism we need to be afraid of. Goebbels exploited these same themes in his black propaganda. Though I do not share their temperamental view, I have no doubt that John F. Kennedy was good for America, that the Princess of Wales is good for the British monarchy, or that Richard Branson is a stimulus for British business. Modernism in the 1990s is not only fashionable, but has elements of compassion, energy and hope which human nature always responds to. As Alexander Pope observed, "The dull may waken to a humming-bird". The dull are wide awake now.

The power of modernism is something people fail to recognise at their peril. The Prince's friends should have seen from the beginning that the Princess was, at least, a most formidable adversary. British Airways should have seen that Richard Branson could not easily be bullied or brushed aside. The Conservative Party has every reason to be afraid of Tony Blair. Admittedly, the modernists of the 1990s are packages rather than intellectual innovators.

The Princess of Wales is a package, brilliantly self-formulated; Richard Branson is the business package; Tony Blair has packaged himself and new Labour as well. We are being sold carefully controlled images. The outcomes of these campaigns are not yet predictable. I think there probably will be some sort of new monarchy, perhaps mediated by the Queen herself. I do not know whether Richard Branson will be eaten by the airline ogres or will still be singing as the curtain falls. I am fairly sure that new Labour will be the next government, but I suspect that new Tories may form the one after. Yet I am sure what the public mood is: this is the hour of the humming-bird.

Join us over Europe

Robin Cook asks

Tory moderates to vote with Labour

The Tory party's truce over Europe is dead. It was always fragile, but it was ruthlessly put down by yesterday's outbreak of dialogue by newspaper.

The depth of the divide was revealed by John Redwood's contradicting himself within hours of his press conference. If such a senior figure is unsure whether he is launching a campaign to persuade the Prime Minister or to agree with him, it is not surprising the public is confused.

This latest Euro-fury is only one more incident on the route, march forced upon it by the Euro-phobe wing, which over the past year has set about converting the Conservative Party into the English Nationalist Party. Such is its evangelical fervour that it has convinced half the Cabinet, and half-converted the party leader, that the Conservative Party could scrape through an election by playing the nationalist card and claiming Labour would give away Scotland to the Scots and be soft on Brussels.

But this gambit hangs upon a travesty of Labour's position. Labour is not committed to a federal superstate. We intend to devolve power down to local communities and regions of Britain, not to centralise it up to Brussels. We can outbid the Tories in any electoral auction over subsidiarity, for we offer real subsidiarity within Britain. Nor will we abandon the veto on areas of strategic importance. We will retain it on matters such as the European budget, taxation, border controls and foreign and security issues.

On the single currency, Labour says that Britain's condition for entry must be convergence of economic performance in the real world of jobs, industrial output and productivity. And Tony Blair has repeatedly said that any decision on joining a single currency can only be taken with the consent of the British people.

We offer a constructive engagement in Europe, not because we are carried away by any grand European design, but because we know it is the only way to obtain the best deal for the people of Britain. Most of our exports go to the continent, and it is vital for British jobs that we coordinate economic policy to maximise its impact on employment. The quality of our environment depends on common action with our neighbours to reduce the pollution in our air and on our shores. And peace for our country depends on stability on the continent, for which the best guarantee is enlargement of the healthy EU to support the new democracies of Central and Eastern Europe.

That brings me to the second problem the Tories have in playing on a nationalist wicket. Public opinion about Europe is much more complex and subtle than the stark simplicities of Mr Redwood and his friends. The public does not like the idea of Britain being bullied by other nations or themselves being told what to do by Brussels. But it will not thank a Government that contrives always to be on the losing side in Brussels and so pushes Britain to the sidelines of Europe. What the public wants is a British Government that will show leadership in Europe and demonstrate its strength, not by standing alone but by winning its arguments.

The real weakness of the Government's approach to next year's inter-governmental conference is that it is passive. The repeated assurances by Malcolm Rifkind that Britain is prepared to veto everyone else's proposals cannot conceal that he goes in the conference without any programme of his own, far less a strategy for building alliances.

The final problem that a nationalist ticket gives the Conservatives is that the public is too intelligent to imagine that isolation is a viable strategy in a world increasingly dominated by global economic forces. The business community knows that the rhetoric of Michael Portillo may win votes at party conference, but will not win orders in the international market place. A recent CBI survey of business opinion found that three out of five member companies believe that the controversy over Europe has hindered the promotion of Britain's interests.

Our allies outside Europe do not want Britain isolated within it. The path to negotiating a transatlantic free trade area runs through the conference rooms of Brussels. We weaken our influence from Washington to Canberra if we weaken our influence in Europe.

It would be ungenerous for even a Labour politician not to recognise that many Tory MPs understand this. The Euro-phobes are a minority in the Tory party, which itself has a bare majority in Parliament. There is a cross-party majority in Parliament for a strategy of constructive engagement in Europe. The large question for next year's conference is whether those Tory MPs who know that Britain's future lies in Europe will be willing to assert this parliamentary majority. It requires them to show the courage to save Britain from being marginalised in Europe and to save their own party from a retreat into narrow nationalism which belongs to a past century of nation-states, rather than next century's global economy. The author is Shadow Foreign Secretary.

Baton battles

TWO OF BRITAIN'S most famous orchestras yesterday appeared to be heading for a shotgun wedding, after the players of the Royal Philharmonic sacked their managing director, Paul Findlay, and their marketing consultant, Ewen Halford.

The players cited a "real lack of confidence" in the pair, and said that the orchestra's deficit had been rising alarmingly throughout the year. "We will never allow ourselves to go bust," blasted John Bimson, the horn player who chairs the orchestra's board.

There are no plans to appoint another MD, which raises the prospect of a merger of the RPO with its arch-rival, the London Philharmonic. Lord Young of Graffham raised the idea some time ago, and it may have to be resurrected. The London Philharmonic also parted company with its MD this year, and has yet to replace him.

Lord Young claimed that his plan could save both orchestras £600,000 in office expenses and at the same time build a "super-orchestra" for Britain. At first the players of both orchestras turned up their noses, preferring their

cherished independence. But now they sound so desperate that a merger cannot be ruled out. "We may well meet to look at our mutual problems," concedes Bimson.

● An extraordinary story is doing the rounds which can only do credit to the entrepreneurial approach of the new Editor of the *Sunday Express*, Sue Douglas. She is said to have invited the



"Must they make a song and dance about it?"

Princess of Wales to be a columnist on the newspaper where Princess Alexandra's daughter Marina cut her journalistic teeth. The queen of hearts has yet to reply.

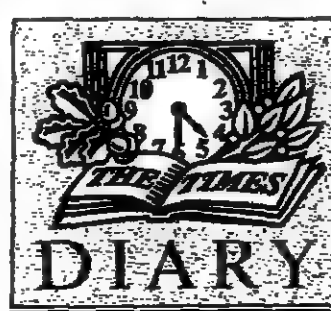
This little piggy

ALTHOUGH it doesn't open until tomorrow, people are already kicking up dirt over the new hit film *Babe*, about a piglet which bucks the farmyard hierarchy by winning the prize at a sheepdog trial. For fear of offending sensitive cinema-goers, the star-turn, a male piglet called Babe, is played by a female.

Dick King-Smith, author of the original story, says the sex change is "ridiculous", but acknowledged that the maturity of the male pigs might raise eyebrows. "It was thought that a back view of a well-endowed male might not be acceptable," he said. "But I don't think kids would even notice."

Poking fun

KEN LIVINGSTONE was boasting about his garden pond and green fingers on Tuesday night when he was brought quickly to task at Speaker's House. The occa-



sion followed the first recording of *Gardeners' Question Time* at the Commons, and the programme was introduced by that flower of the House, Betty Boothroyd.

Madame Speaker rushed up to the MP for Brent East to ask for more details about his question to the panel. "Why are you struggling with your red-hot poker?" she demanded. He had explained during the recording (which will be broadcast on Christmas Eve) that they keep on dying — 25 years on and three gardens later.

"Obviously your soil's far too rich," pronounced the former Tiller-girl, bag in hand, before she swooped upon the next MP to profess horticultural interests.

● A timely Christmas card reached me yesterday — obviously in anticipation of the Bosnian peace treaty. The faces of Crown

Prince Alexander of Yugoslavia and his wife and three sons beam out opposite a Christmas message and the legend "Peace".

One's kiss

THE TENSION between the BBC and Buckingham Palace is palpable after the Princess of Wales's *Panorama* interview. Matters may not have been helped by a documentary to be shown next week about the Royal Yacht, *Britannia*.

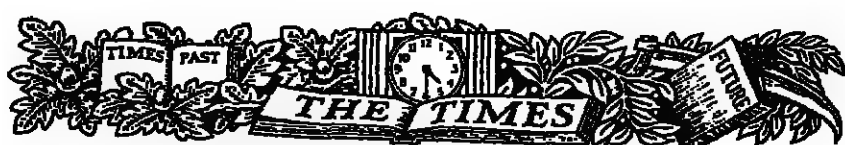
Surfing the new wave of royal coverage, the programme shows what is said to be the first kiss on television between the Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh. Although the makers refuse to comment on the contents, sources within the television industry suggest that the moment of intimacy, so sadly wanting in other royal marriages, should improve relations between the Palace and the corporation.

Buckingham Palace, however, would not be drawn.

● Peter Lilley, the Social Security Secretary, had the temerity to ask the empress Thatcher of her views on the strike in France. "Wonderful," she replied, with a radiant glow. For whom, though?



Clinched: royal appointment



ONE QUARTER

The Chancellor's caution is endangering his own forecast

When Kenneth Clarke delivered his Budget last month, he promised that the economy would grow by 3 per cent next year even if interest rates did not fall. This forecast was met with some incredulity, as it presumed a significant acceleration of economic activity at a time when, if anything, growth seemed to be slowing. Now that the Chancellor has finally decided to cut interest rates, albeit by a slender quarter point, does this make his prediction more realistic?

This cut will have to be the first of several if Mr Clarke is to have even a chance of achieving a decent rate of growth next year. As the "three wise men" who are all that is left of the Chancellor's team of outside economic advisers said in a letter on this page yesterday, the indicators suggest a further weakening in the next few months. Yet Mr Clarke's forecast "imply quite a dramatic improvement in economic conditions between the sluggishness of late 1995 and the relative buoyancy in early 1996."

Most of the evidence points in the opposite direction. Companies seem more likely at the moment to run down their stocks rather than increase production. The construction industry is suffering from recession. Moreover, as the wise men remind Mr Clarke, our European neighbours look set for a downturn, which would be bad news for British exports.

Even yesterday's apparently good statistics provide little cheer. Unemployment may have fallen in November by 20,400 but total employment has declined for the first time in two years. Fewer people are signing on, but they seem to be withdrawing from the labour market altogether rather than finding jobs. And although retail sales volume rose by 0.6 per cent in November this followed three months of extreme weakness. Over the past year, spending in the high street has risen by just 1 per cent.

So why is Eddie George, the Governor of the Bank of England, demanding such caution of the Chancellor? He would argue that his brief is to keep inflation low, and that cutting interest rates could jeopardise that task. But is Britain really facing another bout of "stagflation" — low growth com-

bined with rising prices? Hardly. The underlying inflation rate is just 2.9 per cent, dropping to 2.4 per cent if indirect taxes are stripped out. This figure is predicted to fall in the next few months. Meanwhile wage inflation remains very subdued.

Mr Clarke's behaviour thus seems all the more puzzling. Although we can accept a degree of hypersensitivity about inflation from central bank governors, politicians have a duty to look more widely. When the Chancellor gave his backbenchers a meagre Budget in November, they consoled themselves on two counts: interest rates would fall sharply, and taxes could be cut in next year's Budget instead. As it is, interest rates are being cut by the thinnest slices; and that very caution is making the prospect of tax cuts next year look more remote. For the result of lower-than-forecast growth will be higher public sector borrowing and even less room for manoeuvre. At this rate, Mr Clarke could find himself just as boxed in next year as he was last month.

Almost as damaging as the two men's caution has been their confusing behaviour over the past few weeks. Had they set out to lay false trails and to deliver a muddled message to markets, businesses and consumers, they could not have done better. Only last week, Mr George implied that interest rates should not be cut at all. And Mr Clarke has consistently dampened expectations of lower rates. This is no way to encourage investors, consumers and housebuyers — all of whom must contribute to the golden forecast of 3 per cent.

The Conservatives have now consistently trailed Labour for two years in polls on economic competence. This is partly due to Labour's popularity, but it also has something to do with the confusing presentation of government economic policy. Britain's economic performance has been steady to good since it left the ERM; but the hesitancy of the Chancellor's approach has deflected credit from where it is due. People could be forgiven for remembering fondly the days when the Chancellor simply stood up in the Commons and announced his interest rate cut at the end of the Budget.

PRINCELY ACHIEVEMENT

This year's awards for the nation's quiet civic heroes

The presentation of the tenth annual *Times*/Touche Ross Community Enterprise Awards by the Prince of Wales yesterday was a celebration of the best in British civic life. For a decade, the awards have been a means of acknowledging outstanding community leaders who, by their efforts and resourcefulness, improve their neighbours' quality of living. This year's winners, honoured yesterday at St James's Palace, epitomise the spirit of enterprise and social responsibility which the awards were founded to promote.

In South Shields, Tyne and Wear, the St Simon's Community Project has found work for 140 people and encouraged local debate about unemployment. In Newham, the most deprived borough in Britain, the South Canning Town Sculpture Garden offers an oasis of horticultural imagination to people with few pleasant amenities. The overall winner of the Charles Douglas-Horne Award was the Old Chapel Housing and Community Trust in Kirkby-in-Ashfield, Nottingham, an enterprise which has offered shelter to more than 4,000 homeless people in a depressed mining town. Although the 11 successful projects could scarcely be more different, they have in common an entrepreneurial mission to help communities out of dependency. State funding usually plays a part in such schemes; but local initiative is their life-blood.

The involvement of the Prince of Wales in the Community Enterprise Awards has been central to their success. The heir to the throne may not be the most glamorous member of the Royal Family but he is certainly the most visionary. Those who claim that he is out of touch with the problems of ordinary people do him an injustice. Greatly to the Prince's credit, he has invested his energy in charities and projects which produce few sensations but many long-term results. He has lent his support to causes which encourage people to help themselves, to start their own businesses and escape the cycle of deprivation.

The success of these activities — notably the Prince's Trust — has been striking. More than 60 per cent of the unemployed people on his schemes end up in work or further education. The top 100 businesses set up by the Prince of Wales Youth Business Trust employ 2,000 people with a turnover of £50 million. These achievements are not always in the headlines. But the quiet work carried out tirelessly by the Prince deserves unqualified respect and admiration.

In a speech last year, he praised the "unhistoric acts" which are the foundation of civilised life. This year's winners of the Community Enterprise Awards meet the challenge which he posed, performing such acts of dedicated kindness in the places where they are needed most.

NEW TOKYO

The Japanese Government is looking for a new home

Wary of the noise, size, clutter and claustrophobia of Tokyo, bureaucrats have been muttering for the past 30 years about moving out to pastures new, where "platform pushers" would not be needed to squish them into the commuter trains, streets could have proper names and the journey to the airport would take less time than the flight to Paris. Tokyo has a 70-year earthquake cycle. Spurred by the fact that the next quake is now two years overdue, the Government has taken the plunge and yesterday officially recommended relocating the capital. It does not know where to go, but knows what it wants: a site with no mountains, fresh rivers but not too much snow, a handy international airport and, above all, no earthquakes lurking beneath the tectonic plates.

It is a tall order, but at least 16 prefectures claim they have the perfect spot and are sparing no effort to win the order. It is, after all, a developer's dream that could keep the hard-hit building industry in sushi for years — about £90 billion worth of construction for the first decade and the promise that *le tout Tokyo*, some 30 million people, might move in once the city is finished. A smart developer's first task will be to find a home for the Emperor. The Japanese capital, by tradition, is where the imperial family lives, and over 1,500 years it has wandered.

In medieval Europe a peripatetic court used to travel from city to city, castle to castle — usually because the stench of drains, or lack of them, grew overpowering after more than a few months. In more recent times,

capitals have been moved for a variety of other reasons. Peter the Great wanted to escape the beards and peasant habits of the Moscow boyars, and migrated to the marshes of the Gulf of Finland to open his window on the West. Atatürk found the Sublime Porte in Constantinople too enmeshed in Ottoman history and created his Turkish vision of European suburbia in Ankara, a city previously known largely for a particular breed of rabbit.

Federations made up of jealous states took the easy way out by selecting for their capitals a marsh, a jungle or a patch of bare land: Washington, Brasilia and Canberra are the results. Some capitals, such as Lagos, simply silted up and were abandoned by military strongmen. And others, such as Berlin, were lost in war and had to be replaced with temporary expedients.

Bonn was never more than a village however hard it tried. An unkind American reporter remarked in the early 1950s that it was "half the size of a Chicago graveyard and twice as dead" and the epithet stuck. It was not until about 1975 that people in Washington stopped asking "Have you tried the French restaurant yet?" The omens for Tokyo's provincial successor are therefore not good. The Emperor may move; the bullet trains may shuttle Tokyans to new offices; and the planners may establish a population of 600,000 by 2010. But would all those salarymen really want to live so close to home? What excuse could they then give for staying in town after a business evening of sake and geishas?

Cost of U-turn on NHS bureaucracy

From Dr J. P. Griffin, FRCP

Sir, Official figures show an increase in the number of general and senior managers in the National Health Service from 500 in 1986 to 20,000 in 1993 (report, December 5). Over the same period the number of nurses and midwives has fallen by 36,000.

At a meeting of the Working Party on Health Care Reforms in Europe, held in Kiel, Germany, from November 27 to 30, I stated that the costs of the Family Health Service Authority administration had "risen by 80 per cent and the cost of hospital administration by 1,700 per cent between 1985 and 1993". The current Department of Health figures show a 4,000 per cent increase in the number of administrators.

The Secretary of State now proposes to reduce the number by 10,000 (report, December 6). I have no sympathy with the bureaucratic edifice which has directed resources away from patient care. I do have sympathy, however, with those thousands of people who are going to lose their jobs as a result of a policy U-turn. Loss of job, and even the threat of it, creates significant mortality and morbidity, as medical studies have shown.

Yours sincerely,
JOHN P. GRIFFIN,
Digswell Lane, Digswell,
Welwyn Garden City, Hertfordshire,
December 8.

Disarming the IRA

From Mr Alan Leadbetter

Sir, John Major, speaking today after the IRA and Sinn Féin reiterated their old positions regarding disarmament ahead of talks, said that Sinn Féin must make up its mind, and questioned whether Mr Adams had been deceiving people.

His remarks cannot be justified. Sinn Féin's position has always been that the IRA will not disarm in advance of talks, and it has always been completely open about this.

One suspects that the emotion shown by government ministers when speaking about Northern Ireland is because they know they themselves have caused the impasse, by making a demand of the IRA that is of no practical value and, in any case, is clearly impossible for an organisation in the IRA's position to fulfil.

The Government says that it must insist on disarmament before talks, because without it, the Unionist parties will not talk.

I believe that the Government's attempts to pass the blame for the present situation — either on to Sinn Féin or on to the Unionist parties — do not hold water.

Yours faithfully,
ALAN LEADBETTER,
18 Madison Street,
Tunstall,
Stoke-on-Trent, Staffordshire,
December 8.

From Mr John Winterbottom

Sir, Given the vast collection of explosives and weapons held by the terrorist organisations in Ireland, the need to decommission cannot be challenged. What seems unclear, however, is the ownership of these arms and the choice of actions after this process starts.

The respective arsenals have been acquired over many years and at very considerable cost. Are they to be purchased by the respective governments or agencies? Can they then be re-sold on the international market, or will they be locked away in some secure establishment, or just destroyed?

A little light shone on these questions would not come amiss.

Yours faithfully,
JOHN WINTERBOTTOM,
Orchard House,
Kiln Hill, Soberton,
Southampton, Hampshire,
December 8.

Seasonal shudder

From Mr R. D. Parkinson

Sir, I read with a shudder the extracts from Sir Graham Bright's dreadful family newsletter, *Bright News* (Daily, December 9).

It was in order to remove the need for such effusions that, in 1843, Sir Henry Cole, the first director of the Victoria and Albert Museum, commissioned the first Christmas card, beginning a multi-million-pound international industry of greetings-card manufacture.

The card is at present on display at the main entrance of the Victoria & Albert Museum.

Yours faithfully,
R. D. PARKINSON,
13 Childsbury Road, SW17,
December 12.

Oh dear

From Mr Reg Tizard

Sir, Iona Meek is intrigued by birth announcements for "baby boy" or "baby girl" (letter, December 6). She will soon be overwhelmed by the story of the "infant child".

Yours faithfully,
REG TIZARD,
Boat Barn Cottage,
Westgate Street,
Blakeney, Norfolk,
December 6.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

1 Pennington Street, London E1 9XN Telephone 0171-782 5000

Raising the stakes on alcohol limits

From Dr Robert M. H. Lefever

Sir, The Secretary of State for Health, in raising the number of units of alcohol that may be considered safe to drink in any week (report and leading article, December 13), is acting on advice that misunderstands the nature of the problem.

For those who have an addictive nature it is the first use of any mood-altering substance in any day that does the damage; it leads to the next and then the next. There is a saying in Alcoholics Anonymous that one drink is too many and a hundred too few.

The concept of sensible drinking is for those who can do it — and they most commonly don't need the advice in the first place. Those who can't will continue to exceed whatever level the minister sets.

Sincerely,
ROBERT LEFEVER,
2a Peilham Street, SW7,
December 13.

From Mr Paul Ashton

Sir, In your leader on the new "safe" drinking limits, you say, correctly, that those of us who drink little "find those who drink a lot boring, irritating and embarrassing".

We also find drinkers under the influence of alcohol to be responsible for a large proportion of domestic violence cases, and of many other violent crimes. Despite "drink/drive" campaigns, we find that drink is linked to one in six road deaths.

Given these facts, it is beyond me why smokers (of whom I am not one) rather than drinkers are made social pariahs. Passive smoking is claimed, also by "scientific evidence", to be responsible for far less damage to third parties than drink. Further, although

smokers may be unhealthy (relative to non-smokers), their habit does not make them boring, irritating or embarrassing.

Yours faithfully,
PAUL ASHTON,
37 Benbow Avenue,
Langney Point,
Eastbourne, East Sussex,
December 13.

From Mr Stanley Chappell

Sir, I enjoy a glass of wine. My problem is what is a glass? A local Chinese restaurant serves wine in 75ml glasses. I was brought up on 125ml whilst my local pub carvery serves wine in 175ml glasses, which is virtually four glasses to one bottle.

Yours faithfully,
STANLEY CHAPPELL,
31 Brooks Road, Wyde Green,
Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands,
December 13.

From Mr J. B. Gresham

Sir, Has anyone, ever, refused a drink on the grounds that they have reached the government "safe limits" for that day or week?

Yours sincerely,
J. B. GRESHAM,
136 Duke Street,
Southport, Merseyside,
December 13.

From Mr Robin Tobin

Sir, Thanks to Stephen Dorrell I'm already beginning to experience the "feel-good" factor.

Yours etc,
R. TOBIN,
87a Melrose Avenue, NW2,
December 12.

The Princess and the homeless

From Mrs Mary E. Guppy

Sir, At last we have someone with a high profile ready to highlight the young people sleeping homeless on city streets. What happens? The political parties get embroiled in one of their usual arguments — with the Princess of Wales being used as a scapegoat (letters, December 9).

In the 1960s, when I was young and living in London, one very rarely saw homeless youngsters begging — now it is commonplace. This is not just a political matter: it is a subject which concerns everyone.

We should listen to the Princess of Wales, stop wrangling over petty matters, and allow both parties to work towards eradicating this dreadful state of affairs.

Yours faithfully,
M. E. GUPPY,
Little Bones, Welford Road,
South Kilworth, Leicestershire,
December 8.

From Mr Allan Hodgkinson

Sir, The Princess of Wales is fully justified in drawing attention to the terrible problem of youth homelessness and its repercussions.

The country's assessment of priorities is surely awry when over £70 million can be found for the Royal Opera House at Covent Garden at a time when there are young people in its vicinity who do not even have a roof above them.

Would it not be an investment in social cohesion to use the same sum to finance a number of basic hostels providing the necessities of life — shelter, warmth and food? Such a policy would go some way to avoid the alienation of the young people concerned, a factor we ignore at our peril.

Yours sincerely,
ALLAN HODGKINSON,
2 The Raikes,
Great Eccleston, Preston, Lancashire,
December 7.

From Miss Anne Budgett

Sir, On December 7, the day on which the Princess of Wales visited Centrepoint, thus making front-page news in all the media on the following day, the Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh were carrying out a number of engagements in Staffordshire, visiting a sheltered-housing scheme, a business-link centre, a ceramics factory and a new hospital.

Prince Charles was at a meeting of a college of estate management in Berkshire and a military establishment in Buckinghamshire. Princess Anne was at meetings of the Princess Royal

Trust for Carers and the executive committee of the Army Board, and attended a Save the Children Fund dinner.

Princess Margaret was at a council meeting of the British Museum Development Trust; the Duke of Gloucester visited a building-society headquarters and a truck-manufacturing company in Cheshire; and the Duke of Kent visited an aerospace engineering company in Nottingham and presented one of the Queen's Awards for Export Achievement in London.

Most people do not realise how much the Royal Family does for this country; and that, in my view, is the fault of the media's reporting.

Yours sincerely,
ANNE BUDGETT,
35 Mapledene,
Kewna Road, Chislehurst, Kent,
December 8.

From the Reverend Douglas J. L. Bean

Sir, From my experience as a former vicar in a central London parish I believe that very many Londoners who do not use the beds available to them prefer the streets because they feel them to be safer and there is more companionship. Neither do they like being told to have a bath and have their clothes cleaned; they feel their independence is being taken away.

I dealt with about three to four tramps, or men of the road, every night for 22 years, and that was what I was so often told. Being in a flat was too lonely.

Yours sincerely,
DOUGLAS BEAN,
(Vicar of St Pancras, 1972-93),
The Vicarage,
Waltham St Lawrence, Berkshire,
December 8.

Royal headgear

From Mr J. C. Gunner

Sir, It seems that speculation continues about the Princess of Wales's baseball cap (feature, December 5; Diary, December 7). The numbers 492 are no mystery. The cap is part of the uniform for a USAF airman.

The 492nd Fighter Squadron is part of the 48th Fighter Wing based at RAF Lakenheath in Suffolk. The caps are worn to distinguish between the three squadrons on the aerodrome.

The intriguing question is why HRH would wear such a garment.

Yours,
JEREMY GUNNER,
Forge Cottage, Buckland, Surrey.

Double trouble

From Mr Alan Taylor

Sir, A letter received from my bank confirmed my very worst fears about the lengths to which they will pursue me — I have been assigned a "Shadow Relationship Manager".

Yours apprehensively,
ALAN TAYLOR,
South Colwell Farm,
Colwell Lane,
Haywards Head, West Sussex,
December 7.

Business letters, page 29

Letters for publication should carry contact telephone numbers. We regret that we cannot accept letters by telephone but they may be sent by fax to 0171-782 5046.

London treaties great and small

From Mr A. J. Maltby

Sir, Your leading article, "Treaty, treaty on the wall" (December 9), says "the Crimean War was made all the more complex by its end in the Treaty of Kuchuk-Kainardji: how tedious it would now seem if that pact had been done in Paris instead".

If the history that I have taught throughout my career is correct the Treaty of Kuchuk-Kainardji ended the Russo-Turkish War, fought in Catherine the Great's reign in 1774. The Crimean War was concluded in 1856 by the Treaty of Paris.

Yours faithfully,
TONY MALTBY,
(Headmaster, Trent College, 1968-83),
Little Singleton Farm,
Great Chart, Ashford, Kent,
December 11.

From Dr Raymond Hutchings

Sir, Your editorial claims that "There are no great treaties of Unosteter or Bude, nor even one of London". Signed on April 26, 1915, by Britain, Italy, France and Russia, the Treaty of London acknowledged that various annexations might be made by Italy, Montenegro, Greece and Serbia of Albanian territory, so that only an autonomous and neutral rump would be left.

Although the treaty was kept secret, its contents were learnt by Serbia. It was made public by the Bolsheviks following their revolution.

This infamous intended sacrifice of Albania for the sake of allied or prospectively allied powers eventually became inoperative because of the ejection of Albanians from their territory of Italian forces and a resolution on December 17, 1920, which led to Albania's admission to the League of Nations.

Yours faithfully,
R. HUTCHINGS,
168 Turnpike Link, Croydon, Surrey.

From Mr Robin Bowen-Williams

Sir, No great Treaty of London? Choose not to recall London (1839), which sorted out little Belgium's separation from Holland, but surely forget not London (1818), which united the Holy Roman Emperor and various kings, including Henry VIII, against the Turks and allowed Thomas Wolsey to proclaim himself "Arbiter of Christendom".

You can also have Bristol and Richmond, which sought to ease relations with Spain, and Greenwich (fostering an alliance with the Dutch). All were treaties from the 16th century.

Yours faithfully,
R. BOWEN-WILLIAMS,
130 Water Eaton Road, Bletchley,
Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire,
December 9.

From Mr Christopher Kingston

Sir, Many of your Irish readers will wonder if "the 1972 treaty on the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping" will have the long duration of influence enjoyed by its London counterpart of 1921.

The latter is known in Ireland as "The Treaty, the very lack of the name 'London' being a testament to its importance."

Yours faithfully,
CHRISTOPHER KINGSTON,
45a Barton Road, W14.

From Mr A. J. Aust

Sir, There are precedents for naming a treaty after the place where it was negotiated, but not signed. The Treaty of Locarno was signed in the Foreign Office, the fine room where the ceremony took place being re-named the Locarno room.

And there is a London treaty of historical importance: the London Agreement, which established the Nuremberg Tribunal.

"Treaty" is a generic name. A treaty may be called "agreement", "convention", "pact", "protocol", even "memorandum of understanding". A treaty recently registered with the United Nations has the title "Timetable", having been drafted as the annex to a treaty on Russian troop withdrawals from Lithuania which itself was never signed.

Yours sincerely,
ANTHONY AUST,
5 Coulter Road, W6.

From Mr P. W. Still

Sir, Your view that there are no great treaties of London would no doubt have been shared by the German Chancellor, Bethmann Hollweg.

In August 1914, when Britain declared war on Germany for violating the Treaty of London (1839) by invading Belgium, Bethmann Hollweg referred to the treaty as a "scrap of paper".

Yours faithfully,
P. W. STILL,
9 Cavendish House,
Eastgate Gardens, Guildford, Surrey.

Tinkering with words

From Mrs E. Tross Youle

Sir, A propos "verbining" (letter, December 8), I heard on Radio 4 yesterday that the new Archbishop of York was "fanfared" at his enthronement.

Yours faithfully,
ELIZABETH TROSS YOULE,
18 Hamilton Avenue,
Henley-on-Thames, Oxfordshire,
December 9.

NEWS

Lottery chief investigates Camelot

■ Peter Davis, the Director General of the National Lottery, is to launch an investigation into allegations made by Richard Branson about the tactics used by Camelot to win the contract to run the National Lottery.

Questions were laid in Parliament about a visit Mr Davis made to Australia: he has admitted taking five free flights in the US in a private jet owned by GTECH, an American company behind the successful Camelot bid for the lottery. Page 1

Mortgage rates at 30-year low

■ Mortgage rates fell to their lowest level for almost 30 years after Kenneth Clarke cut interest rates by a quarter point to 6.5 per cent. The Chancellor acted to sustain the faltering economic recovery but the modesty of the cut disappointed business leaders and some Tory MPs. Pages 1, 21

Wei jailed for 14 years

Wei Jingsheng, the Chinese dissident, was jailed for 14 years after a trial closed to the foreign press and diplomats. He was charged with attempting to overthrow the Government. Pages 1, 16

Mental health attack

The wife of a doctor who was stabbed in his surgery criticised the Care in the Community policy after learning that his alleged attacker had been freed from a psychiatric hospital. Page 3

Kasparov clincher

Garry Kasparov, the world chess champion, clinched victory over a computer capable of analysing more moves in a minute than he will play in a lifetime, avenging a defeat in 1994. Page 5

Parents may sue

The parents of Nicholas Geldard, 10, who died of a brain haemorrhage as doctors shuttled him between four hospitals, may sue the health authorities. Page 6

Community awards

The Prince of Wales presented the tenth annual Community Enterprise awards, sponsored by The Times and Touché Ross, at St James's Palace. Pages 7, 21, 22

Sara Thornton retrial

Sara Thornton is to stand trial again for the murder of her violent and drunken husband after the Court of Appeal quashed her conviction. Pages 9, 20

The voice of motor racing silenced

■ Murray Walker, the motor racing commentator with the hyperbolic, screeching style, may lose his microphone after 47 years. The BBC lost its contract to screen the Formula One grands prix as ITV scooped the rights to the next five seasons beginning in 1997 for a record £60 million — 10 times the present BBC contract price. Page 1

Earldom at stake

A battle to establish the heir to the Earldom of Selkirk will be decided in the new year when a Government minister and his lawyer cousin go before the Court of Lord Lyon in Edinburgh. Page 12

Connolly skirmish

The European Commission has lost an initial legal skirmish in its battle with Bernard Connolly, the British official with renegade views on monetary union who was suspended. Page 13

Chirac not for turning

Echoing Margaret Thatcher, President Chirac told ministers to stand firm on welfare reform despite the continuing strikes and insisted: "There is no alternative." Page 14

Russian poll appeal

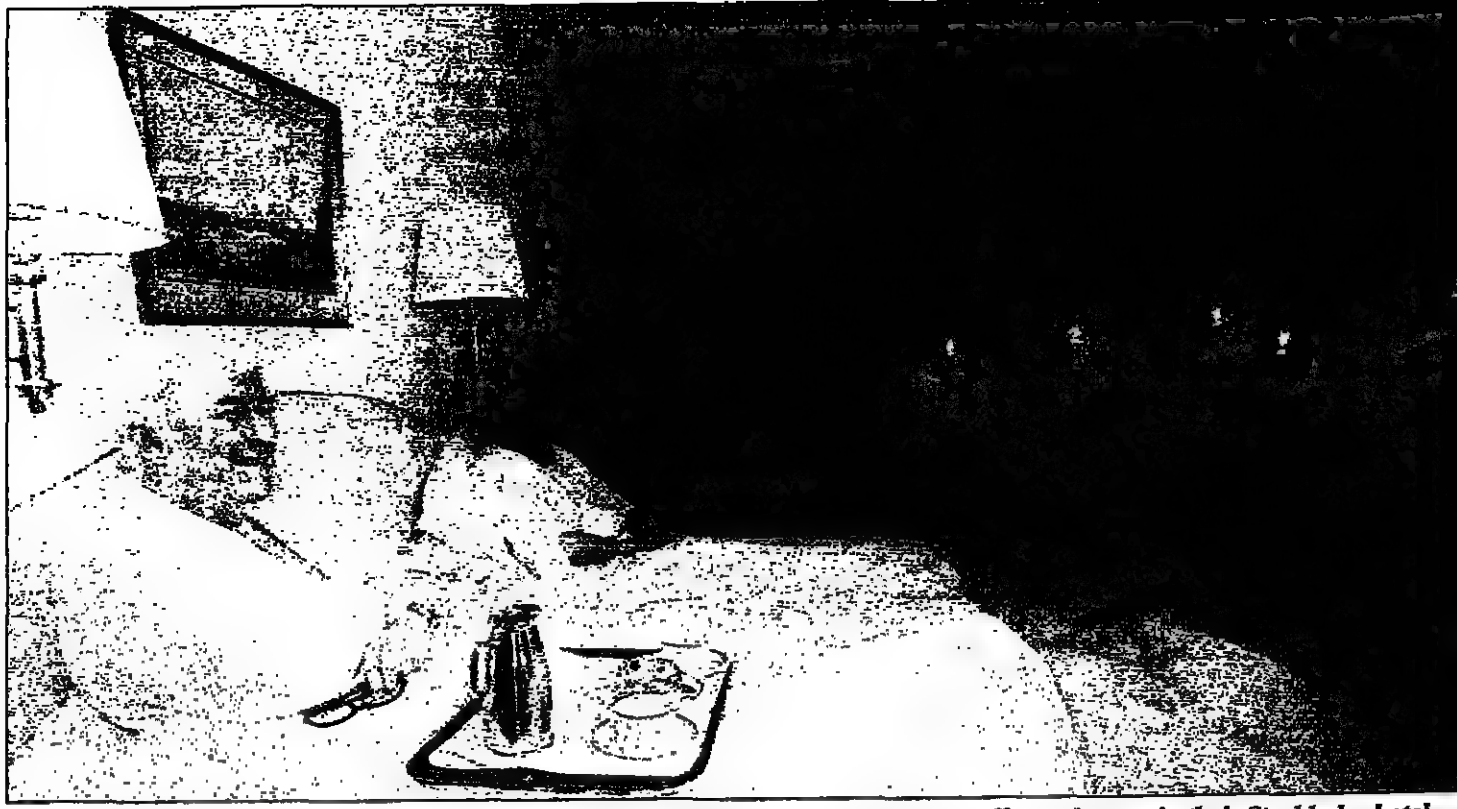
The Russian Prime Minister, Viktor Chernomyrdin, made a final appeal to the electorate to back his reformist policies on Sunday. Page 15

Quake-proof capital

A government report suggested building a new capital for Japan less susceptible to earthquakes. The Diet should be able to move there by 2010. Pages 16, 21

Blinding light

Rooftop laser shows in Las Vegas have been banned by the US Food and Drug Administration after reports that they can temporarily blind pilots. Page 17



The poet Seamus Heaney and his wife, Marie, accept traditional Saint Lucia cakes, coffee and songs in their Stockholm hotel

BUSINESS

Jobs: The Government announced a fall of 20,400 in unemployment to its lowest level for four years. Seasonally adjusted unemployment now stands at 2,244,500. Page 25

Pearson: Shares in Pearson fell 49p to 618p after a profits warning from the media group surprised the City. Page 25

Economy: High street sales bounced back in November after a very weak autumn but the overall trend remains sluggish, appearing to justify the decision to lower base rates. Page 25

Markets: The FT-SE 100 index rose 7.5 points to close at 3662.4. Sterling's trade-weighted index rose from 82.8 to 83.0 after a rise from \$1.5315 to \$1.5327 and from DM2.2184 to DM2.2221. Page 28

SPORT

Football: On the evidence of England's 1-1 draw with Portugal, Paul Gascoigne has reached the point at which he is more liability than a lynchpin. Page 45

Crickets: Mark Ramprakash and Darren Gough were the only players ruled out as England kept their options open for the third Test against South Africa. Page 48

Rugby union: After their inadequacy against South Africa, England are expected to produce a much improved display against Western Samoa on Saturday. Page 46

Racing: Guy Watkins, chief executive of the Royal Hong Kong Jockey Club, has been approached about taking over as chairman of the British Horseracing Board's industry committee. Page 43

ARTS

Porcine perfection: The marvellous *Babe*, in which pigs talk, will be the hit of the holiday season; other new films this week include a thriller, *The Tie That Binds*, and a disappointing animated fantasy, *The Swan Princess*. Page 35

Art for the people: Littlewoods heir Peter Moores is establishing a £7 million "people's art gallery" at Compton Verney in the Midlands. Page 36

Dumas staged: *The Tower*, a preposterous but entertaining melodrama by Alexandre Dumas, has been staged with flair at the Almeida Theatre. Page 37

Patti Pacific: A new London production of *South Pacific* casts Patti Boulaye as an engaging Bloody Mary. Page 37

Enemy territory: Lizzie Noel, the Tory candidate selected to tackle Tony Blair in South Durham, talks to Anne McElvoy. Page 19

Dennis the Menace: Family life can be a misery with a hyperactive child. Page 18

Better deal: British holidaymakers get cheaper package deals than other nationalities. Page 40

Helping out: Best ways for charities to raise funds and different methods of giving. Pages 30-31

Indomitable Irish: Roy Foster celebrates Ireland's astonishing impact on world literature: Brian Alderson on a life of Lewis Carroll; Marc Jordan on the mystery of ancient portraits. Page 38

In the great booze debate the media are tipsy on controversy and merry on indignation, having consumed hogsheds of outrage. It is reassuring to hear a Minister speaking ordinary good sense — and depressing to hear the naive or cynical row whipped up about it. We should raise a glass to Stephen Dorrell. — *Evening Standard*

Preview: The obsessions of an American tycoon are revealed in *Secret Lives: Howard Hughes* (Channel 4, 9pm). Review: Matthew Bond on the new, non-singing Des O'Connor. Page 47

One quarter

This interest rate cut will have to be the first of several if Mr Clarke is to have even a chance of achieving decent growth next year. Page 2

Princely achievement

A celebration of the best in British civic life. Page 21

New Tokyo

Spurred by the fact that the next earthquake is two years overdue, the Japanese Government has recommended relocating the capital. Page 21

WILLIAM REES-MOGG

Look how successful these modernists all are: the Princess of Wales has played a difficult hand, as though she held all the trump cards. Richard Branson is turning a niche into a network. Tony Blair has made Labour an almost universal party of the people. They all use the same rhetoric: new monarchy, new airline, new Labour. Page 20

ROBIN COOK

There is a cross-party majority in Parliament for constructive engagement in Europe. Will those Tory MPs who know that Britain's future lies in Europe be willing to assert this majority? Page 20

PETER RIDDELL

John Major's survival lies not in Commons votes but in the attitudes of his fellow ministers and Tory MPs. There is an aura of defeat about the Government. Page 11

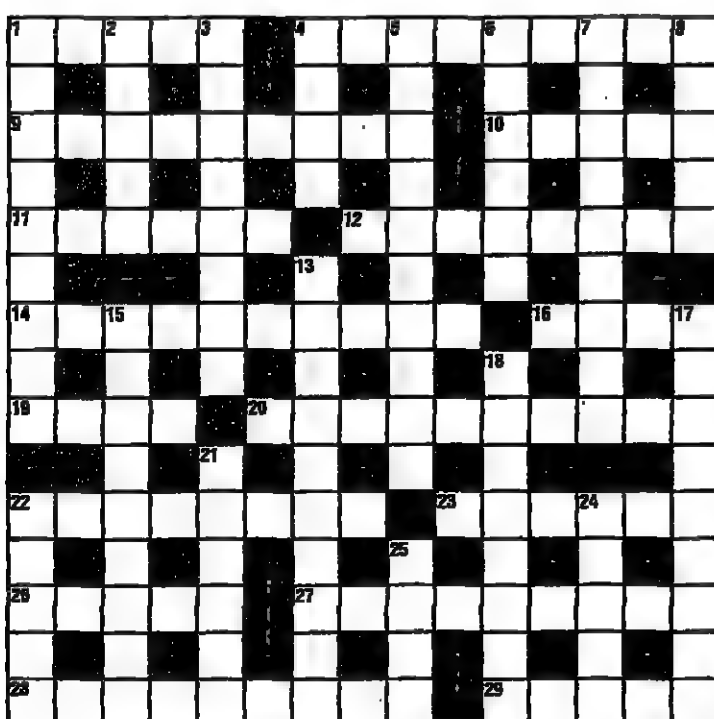
JOHN BRYANT

It used to be said that you could always tell when a sportsman was a bit hard up — he went into pantomime. But pantomime is no longer an end-of-career sport for over-the-hill athletes. Page 21

Gillian Rose, philosopher; John Bunting, publisher; John Bunting, actor and dancer; David Lighthouse, MP. Page 23

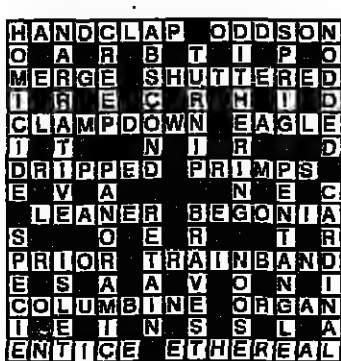
Drinking limits: NHS policy turns; London treaties of the past. Page 21

THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 20,038



- ACROSS**
- Wish well, but give equivalent of beta minus (5).
 - I can still get excited enough to produce a little spark (9).
 - Collection of sweet drinks (4-5).
 - Infatuation with a Turkish officer (5).
 - Seal up sick note written by doctor (6).
 - Moved camp (8).
 - Terminate discussion of capital punishment (10).
 - Row either way in boat, if finer (4).
 - Stupid type given inside information (4).
 - One operating still as a pirate (10).
 - Unharmed, protected by Hadrian's Wall? (4-4).
 - Simple book put right — lines entered the wrong way round (6).
 - A contemptuous expression is silly (5).
- DOWN**
- Take over, given encouragement, with members bent (3-6).
 - Being discriminating by gender, rejecting first son (5).
 - Unseemly haste to get into action (8).
 - Tail-end of organized workers' rising (4).
 - Imprecise notes in endless case (10).
 - One pays extra for this sort of truck (6).
 - Sort of shoe, maybe, for end of evening? (4-5).
 - Prize the opposite of peace in our time? (5).
 - Scoring method, of course, acceptable in extra match under way (6-4).
 - Is in better position to be inventive (9).
 - Warm glow here, if the girl is excited (9).
 - Violent, very masculine types held in check (8).
 - After repair, hang a fine sort of rug (6).
 - Point archbishop follows up in informal speech (5).
 - Fetch ship, around noon (5).
 - Eat up, girl (4).

Solution to Puzzle No 20,037



TIMES WEATHERCALL

For the latest region by region forecast, 24 hours a day, dial 0851 500 followed by the appropriate code.

Greater London	701
East of London	702
West of London	703
Devon & Cornwall	704
Wilt, Dorset, Avon, Somerset	705
Berk, Bucks, Oxon	706
Bed, Herts & Essex	707
North, Suffolk, Cambs	708
West Mid & Sh. Conn & Gwent	709
Central Midlands	710
East Midlands	711
York & Humberside	712
Derby & Leics	713
Gloucestershire & Wilt	714
Gloucestershire & Wilt	715
W & S. Yorks & Dalles	716
N.W. England	717
E.W. England	718
Cumbria & Lake District	719
E.W. Scotland	720
W. Central Scotland	721
Edin & Fife, Orkney & Shetland	722
Edin & Fife, Orkney & Shetland	723
Edin & Fife, Orkney & Shetland	724
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Bed, Herts & Essex	737
North, Suffolk, Cambs	738
West Mid & Sh. Conn & Gwent	739
Central Midlands	740
East Midlands	741
York & Humberside	742
Derby & Leics	743
Gloucestershire & Wilt	744
Gloucestershire & Wilt	745
W & S. Yorks & Dalles	746
N.W. England	747
E.W. England	748
Cumbria & Lake District	749
E.W. Scotland	750
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Edin & Fife, Orkney & Shetland	757

AA Roadwatch is charged at 30p per minute (cheap rate) and 40p per minute at all other times.

HIGHEST & LOWEST

Yesterday: Highest day temp: Sauton Sand, Devon, 11C (52F); lowest day temp: Strathclyde, 3C (37F); highest night temp: Strathclyde, 0.3C (32F); lowest night temp: Strathclyde, -0.3C (31F). Highest sunshine: Tice, Inner Hebrides, 5.0h.

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EASTERN ELECTRICITY

FORECAST

General: England and Wales will have a mainly cloudy start with the chance of a little drizzle at times in the south. Drier and brighter weather across the north will spread to all parts during the morning with occasional sunny spells in the west.

The east will have isolated showers, falling as sleet over high ground. Windy in the south. Scotland and Northern Ireland will be rather cloudy with occasional bright spells. There will be sunny breaks from time to time, mainly in western Scotland.

London, SE England, Central S England, Channel Isles, SW England: A dull, damp start, dry with some bright spells later. Sleet after dark. Wind northeast, fresh or strong. Cold in the wind. Max temp 6C (43F).

E Anglia, E Midlands, E England, Central N, NE England, Borders: Mainly cloudy, some bright spells, isolated showers. Wind north-east fresh. Cool in the breeze. Max temp 5C (41F).

W Midlands, Wales, NW England, Lake District, SW Scotland, Glasgow: Mainly dry and bright, sunny spells. Wind northeast fresh. Cool in the breeze. Max temp 6C (43F).

Isle of Man, Edinburgh & Dundee, Aberdeen, Central Highlands, Moray Firth, Argyll, North West Scotland, and Northern Ireland: Cloudy with some bright or sunny spells. Wind east or northeast, fresh becoming gentle. Max temp 6C (43F).

NE Scotland, Orkney, Shetland: Rather cloudy with some bright spells. Wind variable in direction, light. Max temp 7C (45F).

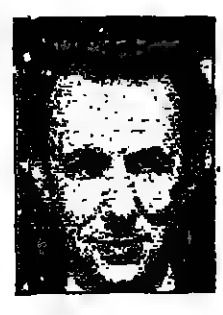
Outlook: Friday and Saturday will be mainly cloudy with some bright spells. Dry for most, a little sleet in the south.

AROUND BRITAIN YESTERDAY

24 hrs to 8 pm: b=bright; c=cloud; d=dreize; du=dust storm; duff=duff; f=fair; g=gale; g=gale; h=halt; r=rain; sh=showers; s=sleet; an=anow; ss=sun; t=thunder											
	Sun	Rain	Cloud	Max	Min		Sun	Rain	Cloud	Max	Min
Aberdeen	0.1	0.02	5	41	1	London	-	0.02	8	46	d
Anglesey	1.4	-	8	43	1	Leamstead	-	0.18	7	45	du
Armagh	-	-	8	43	1	Manchester	-	-	7	45	c
Ayr	-	0.05	4	39	1	Margate	-	0.26	7	45	r
Belfast	0.7	-	7	45	1	Marine	-	-	7	45	du
Birmingham	-	0.01	6	43	1	Merthyr	0.3	-	7	45	du
Bognor	-	0.01	7	45	sh	Newcastle	0.1	0.07	7	45	sh
Bournemouth	-	-	7	45	sh	Northfleet	-	-	7	45	sh
Bristol	0.6	0.01	8	46	sh	Norwich	-	0.20	8	46	r
Burton	-	-	5	41	du	Nottingham	-	X	-	-	-
Cardiff	3.1	-	7	45	1	Oban	-	-	-	-	-
Carlisle	-	-	5	41	1	Orkney	-	-	-	-	-
Clackmann	0.3	0.16	7	45	1	Paisley	-	-	9	46	du
Colwyn Bay	0.3	-	7	46	c	Plymouth	-	-	10	50	du
Cromer	0.3	0.14	8	46	sh	Portsmouth	-	-	7	45	c
Darby	-	-	7	45	1	Prestatyn	-	X	-	-	-
Dumfries	-	0.02	7	45	1	Rhos-oyrie	0.1	0.01	8	46	c
Edinburgh	-	-	6	43	1	Roche	-	-	-	-	-
Exeter	-	0.01	8	41	sh	Saltburn	-	-	8	45	du
Falmouth	-	-	10	50	sh	Sandwich	-	-	11	52	du
Farnham	0.8	-	7	45	1	Scarborough	2.3	-	8	45	du
Fleetwood	1.1	-	8	46	c	Sheffield	-	0.08	7	45	c
Folkestone	-	0.10	6	43	1	Shrewsbury	-	-	6	43	c
Glasgow	2.5	-	8	43	1	Slough	-	-	6	43	c
Guernsey	-	0.03	10	50	sh	Staines	0.5	0.08	7	45	sh
Hastings	-	0.04	6	43	d	Stamford	-	0.07	7	45	sh
Hayling Is	-	-	8	46	sh	Southport	-	-	7	45	c
Hemel Hemp	-	0.11	7	45	d	Southsea	-	-	8	46	sh
Hove	-	-	4	02	d	Swansea	-	X	-	-	-
Humberside	-	0.07	7	45	c	Telford	0.4	-	8	46	sh
Isle of Man	X	-	-	-	-	Swansea	-	-	8	46	c
Jersey	4.1	-	8	45	c	Tottenham	-	-	8	46	c
Kirkcaldy	0.1	-	7	45	c	Torquay	-	-	8	46	c
Leamstead	-	0.02	8	43	sh	Tenby	-	X	-	-	-
Leeds	-	-	7	45	c	Thames	5.0	-	7	45	c
Liverpool	0.4	-	4	39	sh	Tonbridge	-	-	8	46	c
Luton	0.4	-	6	43	sh	Tynemouth	-	0.03	8	46	r
Lytham	-	-	7	45	sh	Widnes	-	-	7	45	d
Manchester	-	0.03	7	45	c	Widnes	-	-	-	-	-
Marine	0.5	-	7	45	c	Wymouth	-	-	9	46	du

ABROAD

السلامة



ANATOLE KALETSKY 29
More interest rate cuts will follow in the near future



BOOKS 38,39
The faces that endured for two thousand years



SPORT 43-48
Has Gascoigne reached point of no return?

SIR FREDDIE RELAUNCHES US FLIGHTS
Travel 40, 41

THE TIMES

BUSINESS EDITOR Lindsay Cook THURSDAY DECEMBER 14 1995

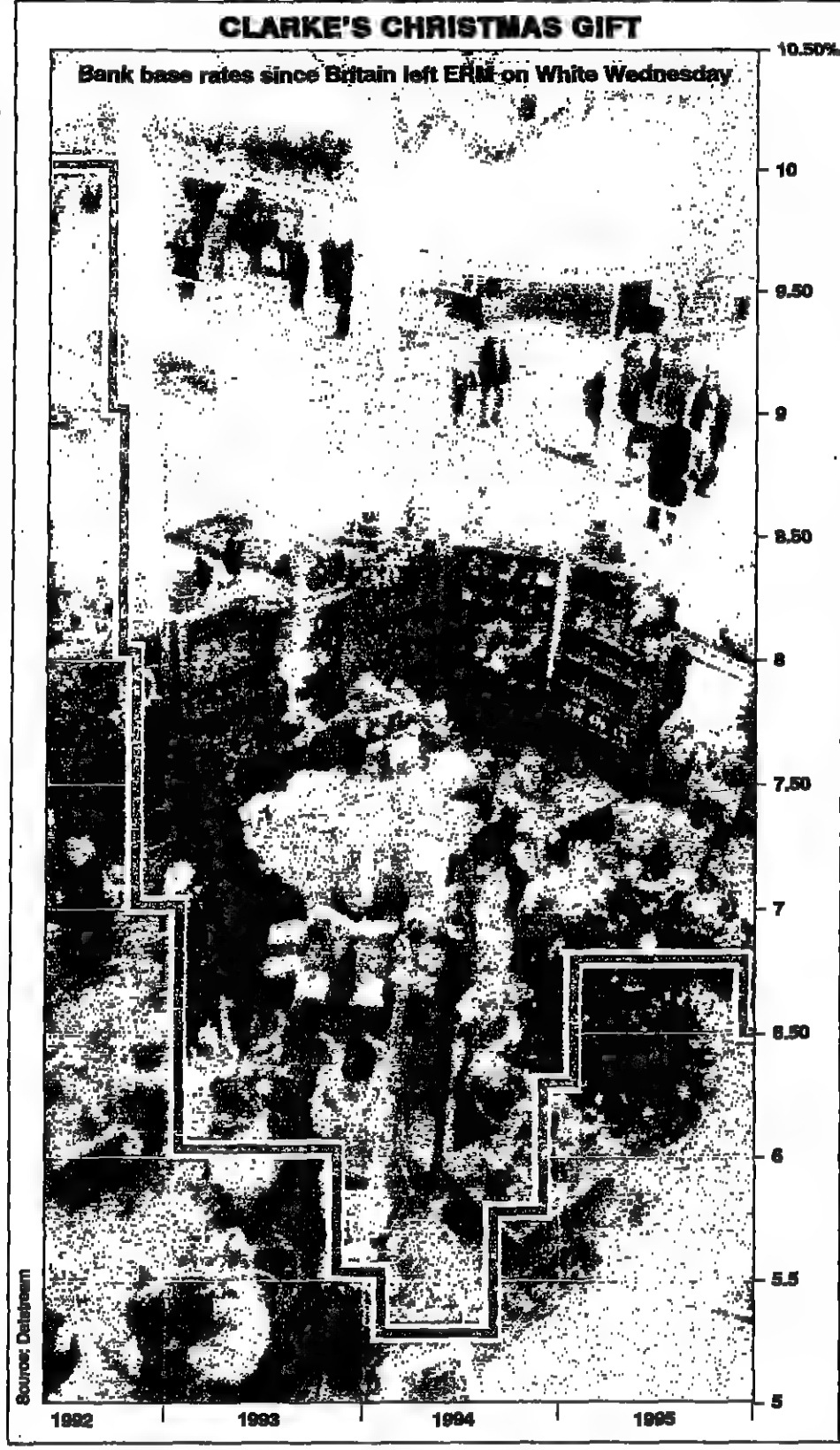
Home loan rate at 30-year low

By Janet Bush and Robert Miller
THE cost of a home loan fell to the lowest level in nearly 30 years as mortgage lenders matched yesterday's quarter-point cut in base lending rates.
Homeowners can look now forward to the new year when they will see falls in their monthly repayments in both January and February.
The double bonus comes about because the Halifax Building Society had already moved to cut its lending rate by 1/4 point two weeks ago, a move followed by other lenders. Yesterday, Britain's biggest lender lowered its standard variable mortgage rate again to 7.49 per cent, with immediate effect for new borrowers and from February 1 for existing borrowers.
The Halifax said the latest move would cut the cost of a £30,000 repayment loan in February by £4 a month to £202.44 while a £50,000 loan

the first of a series of downward movements in rates. Forecasts suggest that the economy was very weak in the final quarter of this year and that this will carry through into the spring, prompting more action by the Government. Virtually every industrial and business body argued yesterday that, while welcome, the 1/4 point cut will not be enough to revive the economy. The Building Employers Confederation said that the cut will have little impact on the construction industry or the housing market. The Institute of Directors said it would like to see the Chancellor do more and the Confederation of British Industry said that, if there are indications of a further slowdown over the next couple of months and inflation remains subdued, it would recommend another cut.

The three wise men currently on the Treasury's forecasting panel who earlier this week urged the Chancellor to cut rates believe there will be further cuts. Professor Patrick Minford, of the University of Liverpool, said yesterday's cut was inadequate. But Gavin Davies, of Goldman Sachs International, and Professor Tim Congdon, of Lombard Street Research, both argued that the move was sensible. Mr Davies said that it was much better for the Chancellor to proceed at the pace desired by the Governor of the Bank of England.
After an initial rally, shares and gilts quickly settled, with traders, disappointed by the minimal cut in base rates, focused their attention on today's meeting of the Bundesbank's policy-making council and the meeting of the Federal Open Market Committee in the US next week, both of which may yield interest rate cuts.

The FT-SE index of 100 leading British shares ended 7.5 points higher at 3,662.4 while gilts saw most of their early gains erased, partly because of another robust set of data from America which may make a US rate cut less likely.
The City and business clearly believes that yesterday's small cut in base rates is only



Unemployment down for 27th month in a row

By Philip Bassett, Industrial Editor
UNEMPLOYMENT has fallen to a four-year low, leading the Government to claim that its policies are clearly delivering economic growth.
The latest fall in the seasonally adjusted number of people out of work and claiming benefit came as the Government revised last month's surprise increase in unemployment so that claimant unemployment has now been falling for 27 months in succession.
Kenneth Clarke, the Chancellor, said the 20,400 fall in the number of people out of work was "very good news". The fall in unemployment in November was four times what City forecasts had been predicting, with seasonally adjusted unemployment dropping to 2,344,500 — down 20,400 on the revised figure for October.
Last month, the Government said unemployment had risen by 200, but this has been revised to a fall of 400, to take October's revised level to 2,254,900.
The revision means that the three-month trend is now running at a monthly fall of about 16,000. The November fall, which takes the unemployment rate down to 8 per cent, means seasonally adjusted unemployment has now fallen in an unbroken series since August 1993. Claimant unemployment fell in every region for both men and women.
The figure for unadjusted unemployment fell by 16,200 to 2,196,136, and Eric Forth, Education and Employment Minister, welcomed the fall as "further evidence that Britain's flexible and deregulated labour market, tight control of public spending and low taxes are delivering economic growth and the jobs that go with it".
But the fall in unemployment coincided with a drop in employment, with further figures from the Central Statistical Office showing that the total workforce in employment decreased 22,000 to 25.7 million.
Officials pointed out that employment was still up by 81,000 year-on-year, and ministers said that full details published yesterday from the quarterly Labour Force Survey showed that the economic recovery had put half a million more people back into work. The Government is expected next month to publish its long-awaited report on how it reconciles these two differing sets of employment figures.
Labour and the trade unions seized on the fall in employment as evidence that the recovery was peering out, and the TUC also pointed out that the 20,400 fall in claimant unemployment was less than half the fall recorded for the same month last year, when it dropped by 44,200.
Michael Meacher, Shadow Employment Secretary, said: "People are leaving the unemployment count not because they have found jobs — even the temporary and part-time work that is such a feature of our insecure economy — but because they have dropped out of the labour market altogether."
John Monks, TUC General Secretary, said: "Any improvement in the labour market recovery as we enter the New Year could now prove to be short lived unless the Government takes immediate action to offset the job-destroying measures contained in last month's Budget."

BUSINESS TODAY

STOCK MARKET INDICES		
FT-SE 100	3662.4	(+7.5)
Yield	3.94%	
FT-SE All share	1785.58	(+3.40)
Nikkei	19283.48	(-29.28)
Dow Jones	8201.59	(+28.74)
S&P Composite	620.96	(+2.18)
US RATE		
Federal Funds	8 1/4%	(8 1/4%)
Long Bond	11 1/4%	(11 1/4%)
Yield	8.06%	(8.06%)
LONDON MONEY		
3-month bank bill	6 1/4%	(6 1/4%)
Life (long bill)	11 1/4%	(11 1/4%)
STERLING		
New York	1.5323*	(1.5335)
London	1.5326	(1.5331)
S	5.0298*	(4.9972)
FF	7.7000	(7.6540)
SP	1.8045	(1.7975)
Yen	155.87	(155.70)
£ index	83.0	(82.8)
US \$ DOLLAR		
London	1.4619*	(1.4473)
DM	5.0298*	(4.9972)
SP	1.7722*	(1.7673)
Yen	101.72*	(101.78)
£ index	94.4	(94.4)
Tokyo close Yen	101.85	
NORTH SEA OIL		
Brent 15-day (Feb)	\$17.40	(\$17.35)
GOLD		
London close	\$387.85	(\$388.40)

Shop sales look up but trend is still fragile

By Our Economics Correspondent
HIGH STREET sales bounced back in November after a very weak performance during the autumn, but the overall trend remains sluggish, appearing to justify the decision yesterday to lower base rates.
Volumes rose 0.6 per cent last month and October's originally reported fall of 0.2 per cent was revised to a marginal gain of 0.1 per cent. Annual growth in sales increased to 1.1 per cent from 0.3 per cent in October, still signalling how weak sales have been.

Two of the strongest rises in November were in sales of clothing and footwear and household goods, which were up 2.7 per cent and 1.2 per cent compared with October. Michael Saunders of Salomon Brothers said that sales of clothing and footwear were depressed in October, presumably because winter clothing sales were hit by the unusually warm weather, and that colder weather last month may have prompted a recovery.
Despite the more healthy overall figure, retail sales trends are fragile. In the last three months, sales volumes rose only 0.1 per cent compared with the previous three months, and 0.4 per cent compared with a year ago. It was also clear that pricing remains extremely competitive and bodes well for today's retail prices figures. The retail sales deflator dropped to 3.1 per cent year on year compared with 3.4 per cent in October, with a sharp fall in prices of household goods.
City economists said yesterday that retail sales ought to pick up a little in coming months as rebates on electricity bills from the sale of the National Grid are paid out and building society

mergers yield bonuses. However, there was still scepticism that consumer spending will be as strong as the Chancellor forecast last month without more cuts in base rates in the spring.
John Randall, managing director at MFI, the UK's largest retailer and manufacturer of kitchen and bedroom furniture, welcomed the base rate cut as "better than a poke in the eye with a bent stick". The firm's fortunes are tied to the state of consumer confidence and the housing market.
Pennington, page 27

Pearson shares fall on warning

By Eric Reguly
SHARES of Pearson plummeted yesterday after it announced that higher-than-expected reorganisation costs and sluggish trading at some of its business units, including Madame Tussauds and Penguin books, would damage earnings growth this year.
The shares finished at 61 1/2p, down 49p or 7.3 per cent. Trading volume was high at 6.8 million.
The profits warning came as a surprise to the City. Analysts, who attended a Pearson meeting expecting to learn about new board appointments, were told that adjusted earnings per share in the current financial year would be "modestly below" the low end of their estimates, which ranged from 29.3p a share to 34.1p. Earnings forecasts were quickly downgraded.
Henderson Crosthwaite, the investment firm, now expects Pearson to report full-year pre-tax profits of £237 million, or 27.5p, against its previous forecast of £279 million, or 32.7p. Other firms reduced their profits forecast to as low as £235 million. Pearson said a rise in reorganisation costs

'Secret hold' in Britain's boardrooms

By Marianne Curphey
FINANCIAL institutions have such sway with the companies in which they invest that they secretly influence directors' appointments, pay, perks and contracts, new research claimed yesterday.
This behind-the-scenes power goes beyond the approach recommended by the Cadbury committee, which called on institutional investors to play a more important role in the ethics of running a company and the responsibilities to shareholders, according to John Holland, professor of International Banking and Finance at Glasgow University.
He conducted interviews among 27 fund directors and managers from the top 35 UK equity investing financial institutions, and found institutions attempted to use their close working relationship with companies to intervene regularly on issues of corporate governance and financial performance.
Pennington, page 27

Ofwat demands separate quotes

By Alasdair Murray
IAN BYATT, the Director-General of Water Services (Ofwat), yesterday demanded separate Stock Exchange listings for all regulated water businesses after takeovers or mergers.
The move is likely to affect the current North West Water/Norweb and Welsh Water/Swalec deals. It could also deter any conglomerates considering making a bid for a water company and prevent the water sector being subject to the wholesale takeovers that have been seen among regional electricity companies.
Mr Byatt, who was speaking at the Adam Smith Institute in London, said he wanted to see separate listings to ensure that sufficient transparency was maintained to allow effective regulation. Listing a company's shares on the Stock Exchange involves making at least 25 per cent of the company's shares available for trading.
Ofwat has also been concerned that the loss of three water companies from the Stock Exchange would harm its ability to make recommendations to the market.

POUR MONSIEUR
CHANEL
ELEGANCE IS TIMELESS
CHANEL

Investors get boost from East Midlands

By CHRISTINE BUCKLEY

EAST MIDLANDS Electricity, one of the last three regional electricity companies not to have been bid for, yesterday committed £28 million to a shareholder giveaway.

The company, which wiped out its debt and gathered £13.5 million in cash after strong cash generation fuelled by a tightening of operational costs over its last half year, is to pay a special dividend of £1.20 per share. This is the highest payout offered by an electricity company except for that of Northern Electric, which earlier this year announced a large package of returns in an effort to shield it from bidders. Once the special dividend is paid in March, the gearing of East Midlands, which was the first of the electricity companies to issue a special dividend with its 85p payout last year, will climb to about 80 per cent.

East Midlands — the sub-

ject of repeated bid speculation, especially concerning US utility companies thought to still be on the prowl — would not comment on any potential bid. Norman Askew, chief executive, insisted that the business — in a new tripartite format that is being developed — would be in a strong position to stay independent after the energy market opens to full competition in 1998.

By March, East Midlands intends to have restructured itself as three separate businesses handling distribution; metering; and supply of both electricity and gas. Mr Askew, who denies that such a measure heralds full demerger or a sale of parts of the company, said: "With the various roles separated out, there will be far more transparency and it will be easier to attack costs."

There will be further job cuts in the company, which has been disposing of non-core businesses. Over the past three years, the payroll has shrunk from 8,500 to 4,680, with those working directly for the electricity business falling from 5,400 to 3,885.

East Midlands, which has a joint gas venture with Mobil and which will take part in the experimental opening of gas to competition in the South West next spring, has no plans for major investment.

Pre-tax profits for the half to September 30 rose 12.4 per cent to £96.7 million with some benefits feeding through from recent disposals. The interim dividend, due on February 2, rises by 7 per cent to 9.2p. Mr Askew rejected some City criticism that the ordinary dividend was too modest. He said: "This sector is like none I've ever worked in before. People make promises on dividends four or five years ahead. We've never done that nor intend to."

TOURIST RATES

	Bank Buy	Bank Sell
Australia \$	2.15	1.88
Austria S	13.83	15.13
Belgium F	46.93	44.23
Canada C	2.213	2.023
Cyprus Cyp	0.748	0.811
Denmark K	9.21	8.41
Finland M	7.24	6.58
France F	8.08	7.49
Germany Dm	2.37	2.16
Greece Dr	368.00	365.00
Hong Kong S	12.48	11.48
Ireland P	1.02	0.94
Israel S	5.100	4.510
Italy Lira	2563.00	2368.00
Japan Yen	169.90	163.90
Malta	0.592	0.537
Netherlands Gld	2.827	2.407
New Zealand \$	2.52	2.30
Norway Kr	10.36	9.38
Portugal Esc	244.00	225.00
S Africa Rd	1.0	0.93
Spain Ptas	165.80	152.60
Sweden Kr	10.94	10.14
Switzerland F	1.84	1.75
Turkey Lira	1.827	82018.0
USA \$	1.827	1.497

Rates for small denomination bank notes only as supplied by Barclays Bank PLC. Different rates apply to travellers' cheques. Rates as at close of trading yesterday.



Henry Schuldenfrei, chief executive, forecasts a good second half for Worthington

Worthington on the button

WORTHINGTON Group, the supplier of buttons and shoulder pads, said that although market conditions remain erratic the company expects to achieve satisfactory financial results in the second half.

In the six months to September the company, whose chief executive is Henry Schuldenfrei, increased pro-

fits to £909,000 before tax from £811,000, a 12 per cent rise. Turnover edged forward to £12.8 million from £12.3 million.

Mr Schuldenfrei said: "The long summer and the late arrival of colder weather has affected retail sales and thus repeat orders expected from many outwear garment manufacturers have been de-

layed." Long-term contracts recently signed for 1996 were showing the benefits of improved product sourcing.

Earnings rose to 257p a share from 238p. The company recommends an interim dividend of 0.8p a share, due April 4, rising from 0.7p previously.

Worthington shares fell 4p to 75p.

Decision due on German rate cut

FROM PETER BILD
IN BONN

THE Bundesbank's central council meets today to consider whether to alter German interest rates and to set out a new target for money supply.

Most Bundesbank watchers consider a cut in the discount and Lombard rates "still unlikely but not impossible". A more significant indicator of the Bank's monetary stance will come with the announcement of its M3 growth target for next year.

Expectations are rising, especially among non-German traders, that the Bundesbank will lift its M3 target range one point to 5-7 per cent while dropping 0.5 percentage points off the 3.5 per cent discount and 5.5 per cent Lombard rates.

But many Frankfurt watchers believe the Bundesbank will continue to play the game of keeping expectations of rate cuts alive for a few weeks more. The Bundesbank likes teasing the market, which helps it to sell government bonds to finance the public sector deficit without raising inflationary expectations.

The bank acknowledges that the economy is lagging well behind expectations. Its latest figures show zero economic growth in the third quarter over the second, with no visible improvement in the final months of this year. But it argues that adjusting short-term lending rates does nothing for an economy driven by capital market costs that are only loosely linked to money market action.

Peter Pietsch, Commerzbank chief economist, said: "Interest rates are not the reason for weak investment in Germany. It's high wages and other employment costs that cause German firms to invest abroad rather than at home." Herr Pietsch is more confident than other economists that the Bundesbank will keep its M3 growth target unchanged at 4-6 per cent. He believes a higher M3 target would signal the laxity that the Bundesbank is most anxious to avoid.

Supermarket war slows Kwik Save

KWIK SAVE, the discount food retailer, yesterday revealed it has not escaped unscathed from the resurgence of the supermarket price war. Speaking at the company's annual meeting, Simon Keswick, chairman, told shareholders that the group's sales and margins were under pressure. The news prompted analysts to cut their full-year profits forecasts and the shares fell 39p to 519p — a new low for the year.

Some analysts had hoped the discount chain would not be affected by the price war now raging between the leading supermarket groups. Key fresh produce prices, such as bananas, have fallen sharply as rival food retailers battle to woo customers. But while Kwik Save does not compete in the fresh produce area, it appears to have lost customers. Mr Keswick told shareholders that while total sales were 10 per cent up in the first 15 weeks of the year, growth had slowed because of further intensification of pricing activity.

Chairman to make £2.5m

ALGY CLUFF, chairman of Cluff Resources, the African gold miner, will make more than £2.5 million when his company is taken over by Ashanti Goldfields. Some £735,000 will come from options, some issued at only 25p. Ashanti is offering cash of 105p a share. Mr Cluff is urging Cluff shareholders to hold on to the last moment, pending rumoured corporate moves in the gold market. Reports have suggested that the giant Anglo American Corporation may be planning to take control of Ashanti.

Appeal over part-timers

THE TUC is to appeal against the rejection last week by the industrial tribunal of claims by 60,000 part-time workers to backdate pension benefits. The appeal will be heard by the Employment Appeal Tribunal in London, starting March 11. The TUC will spend up to £30,000 co-ordinating up to 24 test cases. The European Court of Justice ruled last year that part-timers had the right to join their employer's pension scheme if they could prove indirect discrimination. Workers can also backdate benefits, but the court set no limits for backdating.

Widney 39% ahead

WIDNEY, the mechanical and electronic engineering company, announced a 39 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £1.65 million (£1.12 million) for the year to September 30. The company also proposed moving away from its "penny share" image with the conversion of every 12.5 old shares into one new share. Earnings per share rose by 12.3 per cent, to 0.82p (0.73p), but growth was limited by a tax charge of £248,000. A final dividend of 0.2p will be paid to shareholders on April 8, making a total dividend for the year of 0.275p (0.2p).

Birkby raises dividend

BIRKBY, the Huddersfield retail and commercial property company, announced an increase in its interim dividend yesterday, despite a decline in profits. Pre-tax profits for the six months to September 30 fell 7.3 per cent to £3.8 million (£4.1 million). But the interim dividend rose to 2.2p (2.0p), payable to shareholders on April 3. Earnings per share slipped to 6.3p from 8.2p for the same period last year. Despite short-term uncertainty, Bill Cran, chief executive, was confident about the medium to long-term outlook.

Granada mines Gold

GRANADA, the ITV company, confirmed yesterday that it had formed a joint venture with BSkyB, the satellite broadcaster in which it has a 10.8 per cent stake, to launch eight Sky channels next year. They will include Granada Gold, which will draw from the company's extensive programming library, a health and beauty channel, a men and motoring channel and talks shows. Granada will initially have 20 per cent of the venture; BSkyB, which is 40 per cent owned by News International, owner of The Times, will have 80 per cent.

Apollo profits rocket

APOLLO METALS, the aluminium processing and distribution company, announced a leap in pre-tax profits to £3.17 million (£291,000) for the year to September 30. Profits were boosted by two acquisitions in late 1994 and an increase in profitability. Earnings per share rose to 7.7p (0.0p). A final dividend of 2.6p, to be paid on February 22, takes the total dividend to 3.9p compared to 3.6p the year before. Albert Hargreaves, chairman, predicted continued growth, and the shares closed up 3p at 111p.

Bank of Scotland grows

THE Bank of Scotland has set up its own merchant bank subsidiary in Australia. BOS International is backed by an A\$750 million (£131 million) capital markets facility and will be providing corporate and infrastructure lending to the Australian market. The creation of a merchant bank marks the latest in a series of Antipodean ventures for the Bank of Scotland, which earlier this year bought Bankwest, Western Australia's biggest bank, for A\$900 million and NWS Bank, which is now called Capital Finance.

Cater Allen acquisition

CATER ALLEN, the financial services group, is to spend £7.25 million on acquiring City Deal, a bought share dealing and settlement company, from Sherwood Computer Services and City Consultants. City Deal, set up in 1993 to rival ShareLink, specialises in private clients and accounts for 5 per cent of the daily equity trades on the London Stock Exchange. Audited pre-tax profits last year were £246,000. The deal needs the approval of Sherwood's shareholders, who will be called to an extraordinary meeting on December 29.

David S Smith shows 47% rise

By ALASDAIR MURRAY

DAVID S SMITH, the paper and packaging company, overcame difficult market conditions to show a 47.5 per cent rise in half-year profits to £59.6 million.

Peter Williams, chairman, was cautious about the future, though he added current trading was going well. The paper and packaging sector has been hit by a series of profit warnings in recent months after increases in raw material prices and a fall in demand through destocking.

Turnover rose 29 per cent to £613 million and margins from 9.6 to 10.8 per cent. The interim dividend, due on March 11, is up 15.3 per cent at 2.45p. Turnover in the packaging and paper division rose 37 per cent to £438 million and profits from £36 million to £54 million on price rises.

Packaging suffered from a fall in volumes because of higher prices and the Kayserberg subsidiary suffered from a downturn in the French economy. But KZWP,

the newly acquired Polish subsidiary, performed well.

Turnover in office products rose 12 per cent to £175 million and profits increased 12 per cent to £10.5 million. The company said it would exercise its option to purchase 65 per cent of Toscana Ondulati Spa, an Italian packager, by the year end.

Tempus, page 28



Williams: cautious

Brockbank links with reinsurer

BROCKBANK, one of the biggest and most profitable managing agencies at Lloyd's of London, has ended a three-year search for a strategic partner with the sale of 51 per cent of its equity to a major reinsurance company for £50 million (Sarah Bagnall writes).

However, Mid Ocean, the Bermuda-based reinsurance group, can unwind the deal if certain events occur. These relate principally to Lloyd's attempt to restructure and recapitalise itself. Conversely, if Lloyd's future is secured, Mid Ocean is required to acquire the remaining 49 per cent of Brockbank for a sum based on independent valuation.

Brockbank's shares were suspended at 240p yesterday, valuing it at £28.3 million.

The new funds give Brockbank a constant source of capital when the flow of funds from names is waning, and ends reliance on attracting fresh funds from names on an annual basis. Brockbank's entire business is being transferred into the enlarged group.

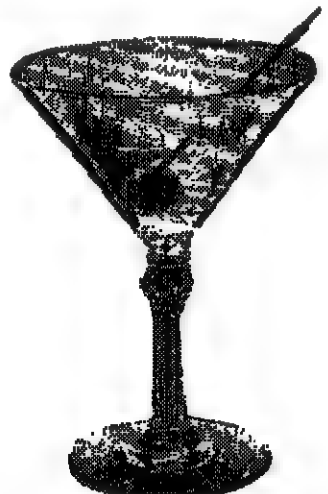
Forte seeks inquiry into cost dispute

FORTE has asked the Takeover Panel to investigate Granada's alleged claims that it would cut Forte's annual operating expenses by £100 million if its £3.3 billion bid for the company succeeds (Eric Reguly writes).

Granada would not comment on the £100 million figure, contained in a Sunday newspaper report, but said that it stands by its charge that Forte's businesses are underperforming. A spokeswoman called Forte's appeal to the Takeover Panel "mischievous". Granada itself has complained to the panel about the scale of Forte disposals during the bid period.

Sir Rocco Forte, chairman of Forte, said that Granada would have to fire 4,000 to 5,000 employees, or more than 10 per cent of the workforce, to cut costs by so much. That would "virtually destroy" the company, he said.

Sir Rocco said that Granada's intention to raise prices at the Travelodge budget hotels would be bad for business.



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□ Another profit warning goes wrong □ Barometer of the economy □ Institutions in the boardroom

Posh Pearson punished

PEARSON cannot afford to give fund managers a stick to beat it with. Its shares have kept up with the average this year and outperformed longer term. Yet critics of the *Financial Times*, Alton Towers and Lazard group were not likely to tolerate lapses.

Pearson appears socially superior, intellectually superior and even morally superior. The irreverent City Neros of the 1990s cordially loathe it for all three.

They refuse to see Pearson as a dynamic 21st century media stock. Instead, they cling to the image of a landed family holding company with pretensions, that tolerates excessive costs and throws money haphazardly after bright ideas, only some of which fly.

Yesterday, the young Neros had a chance to exercise their thumbs. They were turned down swiftly and in unison. Thus a relatively modest profit warning — provisions to cut overheads will be about £30 million worse than expected — knocked 7 per cent off the share price and nearly £300 million of the group's stock market value.

Perhaps analysts were secretly disappointed that Granada bid for Forte instead of Pearson, which is still rather a mouthful after the fall at £3.4 billion.

Pearson argues that the extra provisions will help accelerate its transformation into an international media group, complete with global television interests ranging from *This is Your Life* to *Neighbours*. The next stage of this transformation will be funded by the sale of the stake in BSkyB, the newcomer that is already well above Pearson in the market rankings. But the City is not sure it trusts management to reinvest this money.

Unlike Reed, Pearson has been refocusing intermittently and without great enthusiasm to upset the many internal vested interests. Forget merchant banking, Madame Tussaud's, Alton Towers *et al* are components of a great leisure business. But do they have a place in a focused international media group? Westminster Press, the UK provincial newspaper chain, is mainstream media but is it a big enough unit for an ambitious group that needs all the managing it can get?

The City Neros, being really

Jacobins at heart, would doubtless love to see gritty Greg Dyke take the helm. For the moment, they will have to be content with a boardroom shuffle that puts Dyke in the running with others and substitutes one former writer of the *FT's* *Lex* column for another as finance director.

Pearson remains full of well-assembled possibilities but lacking in headstrong drive. That may be its corporate undoing. But it is not a bad way to shepherd long-term family interests. Interests not unlike those that pension funds are supposed to provide for.

Snowman trumps canny Ken

FORGET interest rates. Judging from the unexpected surge in retail sales in November, the best way for Kenneth Clarke to get the economy moving would be to engineer a succession of sharp seasonal weather changes. Just as a mid-October delayed au-

PENNINGTON



tumn buying so the cold snap had people rushing out for clothes more suited to an old-fashioned British winter.

No greater significance should be given to November's brighter sales than the previous lack of business in the high street, albeit there was not a fall in sales in October as originally suggested. Yet those who keep their finger on the pulse were already detecting some lifting of retail gloom. This was also apparent in the CBI's latest distributive trades survey.

Brief sunny periods have caused misjudgments before, notably in the early months of

1995. The underlying reason for the "feel-bad" factor remains. The rise in average earnings is not enough to pay for higher prices and increased taxes. That is not a formula for resurgence in retail sales and margins.

Every cloud has a silver lining though. It could well be that people have finally given up on the housing market and decided to spend what they have in other ways. If that is happening, it would make room for many to buy the smaller durables, classic department store lines and the more discretionary lines of supermarkets.

The latest mortgage rate cut is unlikely to change short-term perceptions about the housing market but may help big-spending families more than it hurts retired savers. It could even help bring a good Christmas for trade, though there is little evidence of that yet.

Next year, the retail sector could well benefit from such a trend strengthening. Nearly £3 billion of tax cuts will start

bolstering bank accounts in the spring. That may not be enough to change spending patterns. But it should start sharing the recovery with consumers and help put a smile on shopkeepers' faces.

Governance/ performance

PROFESSOR John Holland of the University of Glasgow has laboured diligently to produce a 78-page tome on the way in which UK institutions influence boardroom corporate governance, courtesy of the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants.

Interviews of an "in-depth" nature were conducted with 27 of the UK's top fund managers. The message is that institutional investors exercise "significant behind-the-scenes influence". According to Mr Holland, financial institutions considered a close working relationship based on "honesty, integrity, stable

stakeholding and regular contact" to be one of the most effective ways of exercising such influence.

Mr Holland has also discovered that "much of this process of influence and intervention is conducted outside the public gaze" — not a finding that will surprise many. More quaint are the reasons given for these clandestine goings on, including the law of libel and slander, a UK culture of secrecy and politeness, the speed and efficiency of the process, the "clubby" nature of the City and a preference for a private process rather than public disputes that could damage reputations.

On the correlation of corporate governance and financial performance, the sceptical perspective of one fund manager is worthy of note: "We would push good corporate governance if we were convinced it played a role in good financial performance. Unfortunately, there are some examples of bad corporate governance practice and good financial performance. Has anyone done a study of the companies that have left the FT-SE 100 and those who have joined and associated their failure/success with bad/good corporate governance?" Another paper for Mr Holland?

Winter sale holds the key to shape of future at MFI

By SARAH BAGNALL

JOHN RANDALL, managing director at MFI, said the future shape of the group depended on its performance during the critical winter sale, which starts on Boxing Day.

MFI, the UK's largest retailer and manufacturer of kitchen and bedroom furniture, started testing a new format called Homeworks in August. Since then it has converted a further 26 MFI stores. The refurbishment programme is a major plank in MFI's attempt to drive forward sales and lift margins.

Mr Randall said: "Home-works is extremely important to us and we are very pleased with its performance so far." Although many of the stores have only been trading for a short time, they have outperformed the rest of the group by 10 per cent. However, the real test for these stores will be their performance during the winter sale," he added.

If Homeworks is deemed a

success, then the format will be adopted by all the group's 184 UK stores. Mr Randall's remarks came as he reported a 30.7 per cent drop in pre-tax profits to £20.1 million in the 28 weeks to November 11, in spite of a near-5 per cent rise in sales to £380.6 million.

The benefits of increased sales failed to feed through to profits because of a 30 per cent leap in raw material prices over the last 12 months, which MFI was unable to pass on to its customers. These price increases more than offset the benefit to the group of manufacturing more of its products in-house, which is more profitable than out-sourcing the manufacturing.

As a result, gross margin slipped from 52.9 per cent to 51.2 per cent. Net operating margins tumbled even further — from 8.4 per cent to 5.7 per cent — because of the increased depreciation and payroll costs incurred as a result

of the group's store opening programme.

Mr Randall said there were signs of an easing in raw material prices but it was too early to tell whether this was the start of a downward trend.

Tony Shiret, a stockbroker at Barclays de Zoete Wedd, said: "We believe they are reinventing themselves but it's difficult to judge their success in the light of short-term adverse trading conditions." Mr Shiret is not changing his full-year forecast, which before yesterday's news was one of the lowest in the market. However, several other brokers cut their forecasts, leaving estimates in a range of £52 million to £65 million.

The interim dividend, due February 2, was held at 1.5p and is being paid out of earnings of 2.37p a share, down from 3.3p last time. The shares fell 4p to 153½p.

Times, page 28

Profits and acquisition hopes rise at Chubb

By ERIC REGULY

CHUBB, the security products maker, said it is ready to make a series of acquisitions after having completed more than half of a four-year restructuring programme aimed at lifting its market share and profit margins.

The company, which was demerged from Racal Electronics in 1992, has net cash of £63 million and could easily

make an acquisition of £100 million or more. David Peacock, chief executive, said: "I'm not against gearing. Having a net debt situation does not cause us any concern."

Mr Peacock said Chubb would not stray from its core businesses of electronic security systems and "physical" products such as sales and locks. Expanding in the fast-growing Asian market, as opposed to the highly

competitive American market, is the most likely scenario. First-half operating profits from Asian operations grew from £52 million to £6.1 million, or almost a third of the operating profits in Britain.

Mr Peacock said the restructuring effort, which saw the introduction of hundreds of new products, an expanded sales force and new manufacturing sites, has boosted the group's overall

performance. Pre-tax profit for the half year to October 13 rose 13.1 per cent to £44.4 million on turnover of £383.2 million, up 5.2 per cent. Earnings per share were 9.6p against 8.2p. The results would have been stronger were it not for the construction downturn in Britain and continental Europe. Mr Peacock said. An interim dividend of 2.6p, up from 2.32p, will be paid on February 14.

AMEC

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Cider sector looking rosy says Bulmer

By NICK SUTTON

FURTHER growth in the cider industry was predicted yesterday by John Rudgard, chief executive of HP Bulmer Holdings.

Announcing Bulmer's results for the half-year to October, Mr Rudgard forecast that the UK cider market would rise from 109.5 million gallons a year to 150 million by the year 2000.

Bulmer's turnover has grown 5 per cent to £136.7 million (£130.1 million) during the past six months, and excluding its soft drinks interest which the company disposed of last year, turnover has risen 19.3 per cent.

Pre-tax profits rose 11.9 per cent to £16.0 million (£14.3 million), and earnings per share rose to 19.40p (17.31p). The interim dividend will be 4.55p (4.25p). The market reacted positively to the results, with the shares rising 3p to close at 498p.

John Rudgard, chief executive, is optimistic at Bulmer

Chief's £2.7m as Co-op supplier is sold

Hilldown buys Hobson

By PAUL DURMAN

HILLSDOWN HOLDINGS, the food group, is paying £121 million to take over Hobson, the company that supplies 99 tea to the Co-op.

The deal brings a temporary halt to the stock market career of Andrew Regan, Hobson's chief executive, who is 30 today. He transformed Hobson last year when he bought FE Barber, the food manufacturing arm of the Co-operative Wholesale Society, for £111 million. Hobson supplies the Co-op and other retailers with own-label biscuits, wine and ready meals.

Mr Regan will receive £2.7 million from Hilldown for his 2.2 per cent of Hobson.

Analysts reported some sur-

prise — and mild disappointment — among investing institutions that supported Mr Regan's purchase of Barber in May last year. Hilldown's cash offer of 31p a share is only 4p above the price at which Hobson issued shares to finance the Barber deal. The price is only about 11 times this year's earnings.

Barber was seen as a great opportunity for Hobson and the ambitious Mr Regan. However, its shares have languished, opening yesterday at 28p.

Hobson quickly to cut its initially large debts by selling unwanted canning and packaging businesses. However, it is understood that Mr Regan

found it hard to find another deal that would secure better returns to shareholders than Hilldown offered. Mr Regan is expected to look for another stock market vehicle.

Hilldown said the Hobson businesses were a good fit with its existing interests in tea, biscuits and pickles.

Hobson made pre-tax profit of £7.1 million in the first half of this year on sales of £112.8 million. It is forecast to make about £17 million this year.

Hilldown's offer lets Hobson shareholders receive a 0.4p interim dividend, payable on January 9.

Times, page 28

STOCK MARKET

MICHAEL CLARK

Investors find rate cut too little and too late

CONFIRMATION of the quarter-point cut in bank base rates to 6.5 per cent received only the merest ripple of applause from the City.

An early mark-up in share prices proved short-lived as investors began to ponder the outlook for the economy generally. Too little, too late was the view of many. In the event, the FT-SE 100 index closed just 7.58 higher at 3,662.4, having been more than 18 points higher at one stage. Once again trading proved thin with just 743 million shares changing hands.

Pearson's briefing with brokers revealed details of further heavy rationalisation costs. The shares ended 48p down at 619p after the publisher of the *Financial Times* announced that charges were set to grow from £12 million to £45 million and would leave earnings per share short of City expectations.

Pearson said pre-tax profits in 1995 would be better than in 1994, mainly due to a profit of £13 million stemming from the sale of its near 10 per cent stake in BSKYB, although its contribution to profits will drop to £30 million, compared with £57 million last time.

Pearson also unveiled a number of boardroom changes, including the appointment of Greg Dyke, the former head of London Weekend Television, as a main-board director.

A warning about pressure on margins left Kwik Save, the discount food retailer, 38p down at 519p. Shareholders were told at the annual meeting that sales in the first 15 weeks had grown 10 per cent, but that growth had since slowed because of increased price competition. This combined with the cost of converting small stores had added to pressure on margins. Brokers began downgrading their forecasts for the current year, with SBC Warburg slashing its number from £130 million to £116 million.

The major supermarket chains were relatively unruffled by the news from Kwik Save. Tesco was 2p firmer at 303p, J Sainsbury 3p better at 379p, and Asda 3p harder at 316p. Only Asda suffered, retreating 3p to 105p ahead of first-half figures later today. Brokers are forecasting a sharp rise in pre-tax profits, from £108.7 million to £135 million, as the group continues to reap the benefit of



Hot seat: John Randall of MFI, where pre-tax profits fell.

Archie Norman's cost-cutting regime. Like-for-like sales are known to have grown 13 per cent. The focus will fall on current prospects to see how the group is faring in the vicious food price war during the run-up to Christmas.

Vodafone dropped 6p to 216p after announcing that it was prepared to introduce an extra four recommended shares.

We might expect some good news from Rolls-Royce, the aero-engine group, 4p firmer at 175p. It will be giving a presentation to brokers at its Derby factory today. Top of the agenda will be the Trent, the most powerful jet engine in the world. Brokers will want to know about the engine's potential.

On January 1, Brokers see this as a sign that competition from Orange is starting to make itself felt.

David S. Smith received a warm reception after unveiling a near 50 per cent hike in half-year profits. The shares responded with a rise of 3p to 254p. There had been some concern about the final outcome following a recent profits warning from Arjo Wiggins

Appleton, down 1p at 162p, and Rexam.

Meanwhile, Rexam was continuing to be tipped as a possible takeover target despite a denial from Alusuisse, the Swiss aluminium producer, that it had been prepared to make an offer worth 430p a share. Rexam has been seen as a target following its second profits warning in four

had been absorbed. The City liked the deal and marked Hillsdown 8p higher at 160p.

Tomkins rose 7p to 269p after confirming acquisition plans. It has been picked as the preferred bidder for Gates Corporation. No details were revealed, but brokers say Gates is likely to cost Tomkins around \$1 billion.

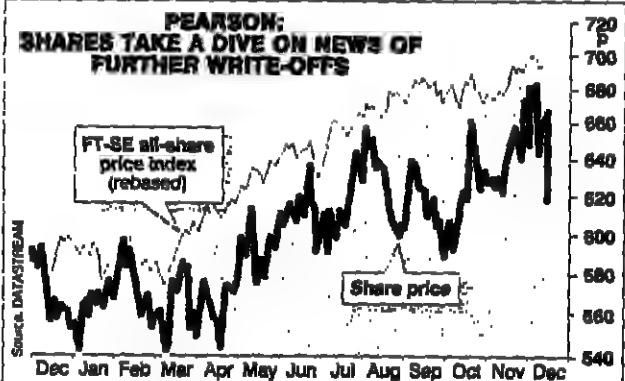
Analysts appear divided about prospects for MFI following a first-half performance that saw pre-tax profits tumble 31 per cent to £20.1 million as margins came under pressure from soaring raw material costs, higher costs and increased depreciation charges. The interim dividend was maintained at 1.5p, which underpinned the share price, 4p lighter at 153p.

John Randall, managing director, said turnover during the four weeks since November had matched the corresponding period last year.

East Midlands Electricity tumbled 36p to 703p after weighing in with interim figures that failed to live up to expectations. Brokers said the figures were distorted by the sale of Ambassador. They were also disappointed with the interim dividend after stripping out a special payment of 120p a share.

Half-year figures at the top end of expectations from Credit Security were rewarded with a share price rise of 16p to 316p. GILTR EDGED: The yield curve following the quarter-point cut in base rates. Brokers said sentiment was bolstered by claims that the cut had also been sanctioned by the Governor of the Bank of England and this enabled the market to shrug off some worse than expected retail sales figures on both sides of the Atlantic.

In the futures pit, the March series of the long gilt rose 1/8p to £110 1/8 as turnover grew to its best level of the week with 45,000 contracts completed. The best gains in the cash market were in shorts and mediums with Treasury 8 per cent 2000 adding 1/8p to £104 1/8, while at the longer end Treasury 8 per cent 2013 was two ticks firmer at £103 1/8. □ NEW YORK: Wall Street shares shook off early lethargy and charged higher with program buying seen as being tied to Friday's triple witching. At midday the Dow Jones industrial average was up 26.74 points at 5,301.66.



Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec

COMMODITIES			
LONDON COMMODITY EXCHANGE			
FUTURES			
Contract	Settle	Change	Volume
Dec 1995	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 1996	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 1996	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 1996	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 1996	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 1997	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 1997	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 1997	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 1997	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 1998	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 1998	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 1998	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 1998	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 1999	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 1999	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 1999	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 1999	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2000	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2000	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2000	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2000	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2001	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2001	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2001	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2001	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2002	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2002	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2002	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2002	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2003	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2003	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2003	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2003	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2004	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2004	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2004	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2004	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2005	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2005	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2005	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2005	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2006	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2006	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2006	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2006	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2007	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2007	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2007	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2007	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2008	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2008	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2008	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2008	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2009	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2009	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2009	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2009	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Mar 2010	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Jun 2010	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Sep 2010	101.01	+0.05	10,000
Dec 2010	101.01	+0.05	10,000
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THE TIMES

CITY DIARY

The drain in Spain

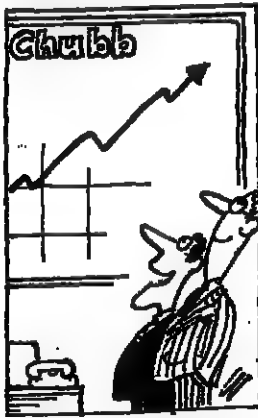
COOPERS & LYBRAND is likely to set a legal precedent as it tries to settle a score over a little local difficulty in Madrid. Coopers' partners are accusing rival Ernst & Young of poaching the entire consulting division in Madrid — 91 employees who bring in £14 million a year. A mole within Coopers' Madrid office claims the staff were already unhappy, but on November 15, the six partners, all apparently Spanish, told Angel Luis Linares, the senior partner, that they were leaving immediately to join Ernst & Young to set up a £5 million division early next year to be called Ernst & Young Consulting. Coopers is suing under the 1991 Law of Disloyal Competition. It will be the first time a court has to decide such a battle between two consultancies. The employees are also being sued for breach of their contracts, which apparently stipulated that staff had to give three months' notice, while the Coopers partners cannot work for a rival firm for at least two years.

Matter of style

CRUCIAL ground may already have been lost in the hostile £33 billion Granada bid for Forte, as both sides fight for votes from fund manager shareholders. One big fund manager has virtually made up his mind already. He says that while Gerry Robinson, Granada's general chief executive, has been doing the all-important round of visits to fund managers, the Forte camp has rather grandiosely issued summonses for the same key figures to visit Sir Rocco.

Nuclear family

THE magazine is called *Alpha* and on the glossy cover is a delightful picture of a kingfisher returning to its perch to feed its family after a skillful swoop on its prey — nature in action. The cover headline is *Plant Life*, and nature lovers will be eager to seek out page four to read all about *The Secret Life of Plants*. Who would guess, then, that the entity behind this publication is none other than dear old BNFL, still known to you and I as British Nuclear Fuels. The spin doctors are all aglow about Sellafield.



Market-maker

GATT slipped into the history books yesterday as trade officials gently applauded the last speech at the final meeting of the contracting parties who drew up the 1947 treaty that set the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade on the road to opening markets around the world. GATT is widely credited with helping to fuel the economic boom that followed the Second World War. One delegate said yesterday that GATT had done its job too well. Communist Moscow once agreed, condemning GATT as "a colonialist creation bent on ensuring the domination of world imperialism over the toiling masses in Africa, Asia and Latin America." But both Russia and China are knocking on the door of its successor — the World Trade Organisation — which springs to life in the new year.

The good news is: further interest rate cuts to follow

The long-term City expectations of a sharp rise from the end of 1996 are likely to be proved wrong

The mountain went into labour and brought forth a mouse. In saying this I do not mean to disparage yesterday's cut in interest rates. To make this quite clear, I have carefully omitted the adjective "ridiculous" originally applied by Horace to his mouse. A small cut in interest rates is not necessarily ridiculous and can sometimes be very useful — just like the tiny mouse which appears in many a classical fable. What does seem mildly ridiculous is the fuss Britain makes about every tiny adjustment of interest rates. This time, however, the fuss is fully justified. I have four reasons for saying this — two unfortunate, but the other two very good.

Let us begin, as usual, with the bad news. The fuss over a mere quarter point is justified firstly because it has made the Governor of the Bank of England look foolish yet again.

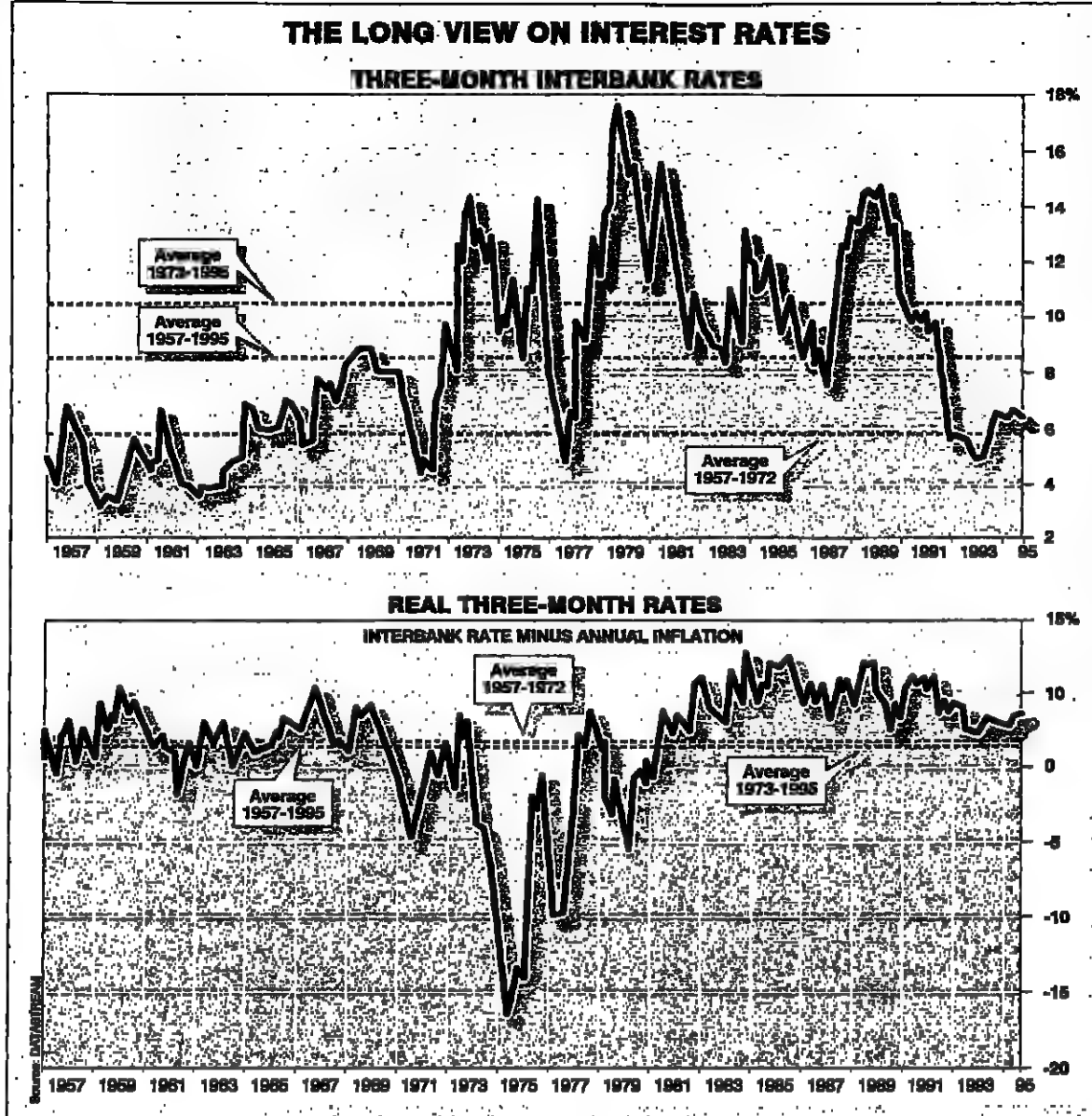
Only last Thursday, Eddie George told the Commons Treasury Committee that he still thought interest rates should have been raised by half a point in May. He went on to declare that the Bank would not even "contemplate" a reduction in rates until it could see at least a 50 per cent probability that inflation in two years' time would be below the Government's 2.5 per cent target. He promised that the Bank would only move from this state of contemplation to an actual recommendation for monetary easing if "we are very confident that inflation will be below 2.5 per cent, allowing for a reduction in interest rates". Then, just to underline the ominous significance of these words, he added: "In our last published projection in early November, we thought that the prospects of achieving the inflation target had improved, but we were nevertheless not on track to achieve it."

What had happened to make the Governor, who only six days ago had described the outlook as "exceptionally uncertain" to the Treasury Committee, suddenly so "very confident" about low inflation?

The official answer is that all the economic figures published in the past six weeks have been lower than expected. But it takes a manic-depressive or a schizophrenic to believe that the long-term economic outlook can change from very uncertain to very confident in the course of a rather uneventful six weeks. Since Mr George suffers from neither of these conditions, it seems more likely that he was being economical with the truth, either yesterday or last week.

Either he was bullied by the Chancellor into recommending a rate cut against his better judgment. Or his blustering remarks before the Treasury Committee, along with the bearish tone of the Bank's *Inflation Report*, were both a cover — a cover designed to avoid a formal admission that the Bank had got its judgment wrong when it called for higher interest rates back in May. Either way, this episode has added to confusion and anxiety among the public, the business community and the financial markets.

This is a time when people in Britain should be investing in new factories and buying new homes, secure in the knowledge that interest rates will fall further and the monetary authorities will do everything in their power to maintain economic growth. Instead, businessmen, homeowners and investors are deliberately made to worry



that interest rates might be kept up or pushed even higher while the economy is left to stagnate.

This damage could easily have been avoided if the Governor and the November *Inflation Report* had simply admitted that the Bank had made an honest mistake in May when it called for higher interest rates. The Bank could then have stated openly that conditions were now ripe for reductions in rates. Given that almost every economist and businessman in the country now believes that rate cuts are needed, the Governor would hardly have been disclosing state secrets if he had endorsed this consensus weeks ago.

This leads to my second cause for regret in yesterday's move: the quarter-point rate cut should have been at least half a point. After the Budget, there was almost nobody outside the Treasury who believed that the forecast of 3 per cent growth next year would be attained without big rate cuts. Just as importantly, the cautious fiscal policies announced in the Budget made big rate cuts achievable and sustainable from a financial point of view.

As this column has argued for years, low interest rates are a country's main reward for fiscal austerity and low inflation. Without low interest rates, a tough policy on taxes and public spending will simply produce a continuous recession. Businessmen's inability to raise prices will simply discourage investment and exacerbate unemployment. If the public and politicians of all parties start to believe that a quarter point off base rates is all they get in exchange for three years of unprecedented fiscal retrenchment and record low inflation, they may well conclude that the game is not worth the candle —

as the French are beginning to recognise with regard to their *franc fort*.

But, fortunately, such anxiety about whether Britain will gain anything from fiscal austerity and low inflation is still premature — and here I come to my two items of good news. The first is the near-certainty that yesterday's rate cut will be followed by several more in the near future. By the middle of next year, the futures markets are expecting three-month interest rates to be down to 6 per cent. Given the present weakness of the British and European economies and the absence of inflationary pressures this seems broadly right.

The even better news is that the City's longer-term expectations — which point to a sharp rise in interest rates from the end of 1996 onwards — is likely to be proved wrong. To see one of the reasons why, I invite a glance at the charts above.

The vast majority of people in Britain still believe that interest rates of 6 or 7 per cent are an aberration

something nearer 10 per cent. The charts suggest why many people believe this and also why they are probably wrong. The top chart shows average interest rates for the past 38 years and also for two critical sub-periods: the period of stability which ended with the worldwide inflationary crisis of 1973 and the period since then.

The average three-month interest rate for the whole period was 8.6 per cent and the average for the post-crisis period was 10.5 per cent. Hence the widespread view that today's interest rates are unusually low. But looking back to the non-inflationary period from the late 1950s to the end of 1972,

the average rate is only 5.9 per cent. This is the kind of environment we are now in.

The bottom chart is even more suggestive. It shows "real" interest rates, adjusted for inflation. While real interest rates have fluctuated widely over the past 38 years, their long-term average level has been uncannily constant. The average was 1.62 per cent from 1957 to 1972 and has been 1.59 per cent since 1973.

In comparison with these long-term averages, the real interest rate of 3.3 per cent after yesterday's cut is still exceptionally high. (The many building society savers who write in to me to complain about my persistent advocacy of lower interest rates should please note this.) As the bottom chart shows, the high real interest rates from 1981 onwards have effectively been a payback for the exceptionally low and negative rates seen in the eight wildly inflationary years before that.

This inflationary period is now at an end and the payback to investors who were robbed in the 1970s may be almost over. If so, then real interest rates will fall steadily back towards their average levels of between 1.5 and 2 per cent. Let us assume that Britain manages to keep inflation within the 1 to 4 per cent range which generally prevailed in the 1950s and 1960s. Let us add one percentage point to the long-term average of 1.6 per cent, just for good measure. Even then, it is clear that interest rates should rarely, if ever, exceed 7 per cent.

I firmly believe that the next ten years will bear a far closer resemblance to the 1950s and 1960s than to anything we have seen since the crisis of 1973. Hence my long-held confidence that rates above 7 per cent will not be seen in the foreseeable future except perhaps in brief moments of crisis. If I am right, then we can look forward to many more rate cuts — whether Eddie George likes it or not.

Philips ready for life after the Hurricane

Brand-builder chosen to become next chairman, says Sarah Cunningham

Philips, the Dutch electronics company that many people still believe is British, has passed up the chance to appoint a British chairman. Sticking with tradition, the company has nominated a Dutchman, Cor Boonstra, to take over next year.

Dudley Eustace, Philips's vice-president and finance director and a former finance director of British Aerospace, was a name circulating when it became clear that Philips was looking for the successor to Jan Timmer.

In the investment community, Mr Eustace was seen as a long-shot candidate. "It would be very unusual to appoint a chief executive officer as chief executive officer. It happens, but it is not the usual route," one analyst said.

Mr Eustace had a difficult time at British Aerospace, where he was finance officer during a turbulent period, 1988-92. He has redeemed himself at Philips where he is seen as one of the engineers of its remarkable turnaround. The company came close to collapse in 1990, losing 4.2 billion Dutch guilders (£1.7 billion). Last year, it made a profit of 2.1 billion guilders. Mr Boonstra, who is in charge of Philips's lighting division and corporate marketing, was proposed as chairman on December 4, but is not



Eustace: passed over

cellent 1994 results, announced in October a disappointing third-quarter performance showing a sharp drop in profit in consumer electronics, the group's biggest single business. The sector's operating results fell from 114 million guilders to just eight million guilders and Philips's share price fell 12 per cent in one day.

Grundig, its German consumer electronics company, was the chief cause of the problems. This final quarter is seen as crucial because consumer electronic sales are traditionally concentrated around Christmas, and analysts are waiting for the full-year results in February with special interest.

Sorting out Grundig's problems will be the next task for Philips and it is unlikely to wait until Mr Boonstra takes over next autumn before making further cutbacks there.

The consensus is that Philips is undervalued. "The sum of the parts is much higher than the share price," Mr Griffin said. But its consumer electronics division is seen as a major handicap, eroding the value of its successful lighting, components and semi-conductor businesses.

A Dutch analyst said: "What Philips needs is to make some strategic acquisitions in multimedia and build a

long-term strategy." But he doubted that Mr Boonstra was the man to do this — he is better known as a cost-cutter in the mould of Jan Timmer, who earned the nickname in Eindhoven, Philips's home town, of "Hurricane Gilbert".

Mr Timmer took over at Philips's low point in 1990. His Operation Centurion, the most radical restructuring seen at a Dutch company, cut 60,000 jobs from a workforce of 310,000.

Mr Boonstra came to Philips after 20 years at Sara Lee, the US food group. This foreign experience and his skills in building brands are expected to work in his favour and could finally see an end to the company's reputation for failing, in a very British manner, to market some excellent inventions.

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Express Delivery Network

Commission is wrong way to pay financial advisers

From Mr Jonathon Clark

Sir, It really is too easy for your columnists to lambast the financial services profession for allegedly selling to commission rather than the client's needs (Pennington, December 7 and others) without looking a little more deeply at the situation. Such practice is rightly to be condemned, but is hardly to be wondered at when the commission system from life companies is so haphazard in its structure.

Why should a lump sum invested in a unit trust pay 3 per cent while the same amount placed in an investment bond pays nearly double that? Why

should a regular unit trust savings plan of £100 per month pay £3 per month commission, totalling £900 over 25 years, while an equivalent endowment pays an immediate sum of something over £1,100. Until such inequalities are ironed out, the temptation will always exist for the financial adviser — though that does not excuse them.

The real problem is that a commission-based system is a totally inappropriate way to compensate someone offering professional advice. However, the general reluctance of clients to pay fees which adequately compensate advisers for regulation expenses, training and administrative (ie, non-chargeable) work means that we are stuck with the present situation.

One solution would be to make it illegal for life companies to pay commission. As a result, the public would have to pay for their advice through fees, rather than the back door which commission offers. In that case, journalists and consumer groups would no longer have the financial advisers as the easy whipping boys they are at present.

Yours faithfully,
JONATHAN CLARK,
14 Croftdown Road,
Harborne,
Birmingham.

Profit motive should play no part in decisions on the future of utilities

From Dr R. D. S. Bloore

Sir, I read with incredulity the report in Friday's *Business Section* (December 8) that spot electricity prices rose from an average of £26.94 per megawatt-hour to £1,108. An increase of over 4,000 per cent, after a cold snap lasting for a few days, fills me with foreboding. What will happen when we get another big freeze? Were such rises contemplated by the Government when it was privatising the electricity board or closing most of our coal mines?

Surely, following on the heels of the debacle at Yorkshire Water, the time has come for an in-depth public investigation into these serious problems, before rushing headlong into further privatisations.

The main problems encountered in splitting up the national utilities are twofold: considerations of the public good are replaced by the profit motive and the relationship between the separate parts have to rely on contracts.

I perceive four main problems with these contracts. First, people are seldom clear exactly what they want a contract to provide for. Secondly, they are unlikely to foresee all eventualities. Thirdly, the drafting is rarely perfect. Finally, however good the drafting, the parties often disagree on the precise meaning of the wording used. When several parties are tied together by a raft of contracts, disagreements are assured.

The criterion for all decisions should be long-term stewardship in which short-term gain should play no part. If the Government carries on with its present short-term policy, which appears to be: if it moves sack it, if it doesn't sell it, it is sure to end in tears, not only for us, but for future generations.

Yours faithfully,
R. D. S. BLOORE,
Jubilee Villa,
89 Halliburton Road,
St Margarets,
Twickenham.

Beating BT to the benefits of works councils — without the fuss

From Mr David Goodenday

Sir, You report that BT is establishing works councils. I cannot understand the fuss. In my old company (Kayser Bendor, which your older readers may remember with almost as much affection as I

do) we had works councils in all our 11 units. They met monthly. Annually, there was a Council of Works Councils, over a weekend at our headquarters, attended by all members. This was all established immediately after the war. This certainly contributed

to the excellent employee morale and seems to me an obviously beneficial arrangement for both management and staff.

Yours faithfully,
DAVID GOODENDAY,
Bunkers Dip,
Neville Drive, N2.

[illegible]

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Carving the lottery cake

If you can't beat 'em, join 'em. As the National Lottery is clearly here to stay, the Charities Aid Foundation and Centurion Press this week launched a new magazine called *Lottery* to help charities claim their share of the proceeds.

Many charities feared their finances would be badly hit as people switched from making direct donations to buying lottery tickets with only a quarter of the money going to good causes, not all of them charities. Those fears have waned lately for some, partly because charities will have been allocated about £162 million of lottery money by the end of the year, according to the National Lottery Charities Board. That makes the lottery the biggest new source of income ever to come the charities' way.

The NLCB announced its second tranche of awards on

Rodney Hobson finds some groups content with their slice and others left scrabbling for crumbs

November 20, with £35.6 million going to 548 charities including the Samaritans, Arthritis Care and Mencap. All the awards were for less than £500,000, and most for less than £50,000.

An earlier handout — £40 million to 627 charities — was made in October and the final awards from the first-round bids will be made before Christmas. This final batch will include some larger grants.

The National Lottery has also distributed £82 million to charities fighting poverty in Britain. The latest handout, of £4 million, went to 28 groups at the end of November. Awards included nearly £500,000 to Oxfam, which is better known for its operations

in the Third World but decided in May to step up its work in this country.

Barnardos, the children's charity, received £600,000. It says it is too early to assess the impact of the lottery, but a spokeswoman adds: "We are naturally delighted to receive the grant. But we still need to raise a lot of money each year, and we are keeping an eye on the impact of the lottery."

Unsuccessful applicants will be able to apply for funds in the second round, when the account will be on youth. Application packs will be available until January 19 by calling 0345 919191.

Charity grants provide full funding for a project. Matching funds are required by the Arts, Sports, Heritage and

Millennium Boards but voluntary labour and other contributions in kind count.

The Home Office is backing research into the impact of the National Lottery on charitable income, and a report on the first full year of the lottery will be presented to Parliament in spring. The research will consider whether the voluntary sector as a whole is better or worse off, and whether the impact has varied between different types of organisation.

Stuart Etherington of the National Council for Voluntary Organisations is still cautious, though. "The NLCO is disappointed that the lottery appears to have affected the income of fundraising charities," he says. "But we are pleased they are receiving grants from the NLCO."

Others are still less enthusiastic about the impact of the lottery. Save the Children an-

nounced £9 million of cut-backs this month, including the closure of projects and loss of jobs, saying "significant pressure" from the National Lottery was in part to blame.

Even more vulnerable are less well-known groups such as the Sickle Cell Society, which helps victims of a blood disease affecting Afro-Caribbeans.

Child development worker Andy Ashenurst says: "We have had a clear drop in contributions since the National Lottery began. The Sickle Cell Society probably typifies the adverse impact of the lottery. The people who donate to it tend to belong to the less affluent social groups — the very people who are drawn to the lottery in the hope that a big win will transform their lives."

Lottery will be published quarterly at an annual subscription of £30 from Dept BMS, Merlin Way, North Weald Industrial Estate, Epping, Essex CM16 6LR.



Right: Elaine Taylor and Mike Shepherd with their snakes and ladders Christmas tree, designed for Hambros and sold at auction for £15,000 at last week's Festival of Trees at the Natural History Museum. Sir Terence Conran and Anton Mosimann were among the other designers of the 14 trees sold. Sponsored by Andersen Consulting and attended by the Princess Royal, the evening made a record £200,000 for Save the Children — a welcome antidote to the lottery.

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All change on the investment front

Helen Pridham on alterations to charity trustee law

With more demands being made on charities, their trustees face an onerous task. They must think not only of today's beneficiaries but future generations, too. Their investment strategy plays a vital role in this balancing act.

Charity investment is in a state of change. Earlier this year, charities were given the go-ahead to invest up to 75 per cent of their funds in equities. Then the Charity Commission issued proposed guidelines for charity income and investment of charitable funds. More recently, the Treasury has announced that it is to undertake a fundamental review of regulation.

For small and medium-sized charities, investment matters have not always been a priority. Although charities have been able to invest at least half their funds in equities since the early 1960s, many trustees played it safe and stuck to holding gilts and cash deposits.

John Dockerill, of Mercury Asset Management, explained: "Trustees felt their main duty was to preserve capital sums. Unfortunately, they often overlooked the impact of inflation on their spending power." Even when they invested in shares, it tended to be on a do-it-yourself, rather passive basis. The administration of the in-

vestments was usually left to the Official Custodian.

The demise of the Official Custodian, which passed administration back to the charities, and the Charities Acts of 1992 and 1993, which highlighted trustees' investment responsibilities, brought a change of attitude.

According to Sarah Hamilton, charities marketing manager at Flemings, charity investors started taking an increasing interest in professional management. At the same time, leading City fund managers such as Flemings, Foreign & Colonial and Schroders, which had previously offered their services only to large charities, saw an opportunity to attract smaller charities by offering common investment funds (CIFs). Since

then CIFs have become more popular and more prolific in their numbers and marketing activities. There are now 20 funds available, offering a professionally managed and diversified portfolio of investments. Minimum investment

starts as low as £1,000 and initial and annual management charges can be less than 0.5 per cent.

Even for larger charities, a CIF can be useful. Peter Henderson, of Cazenove, which manages CIFs on behalf of the

Charities Aid Foundation, says: "They can be used for pots of money, such as bequests to provide scholarships, which need to be kept separate and identifiable in the future."

On the investment front, CIFs also give trustees greater freedom. John Dockerill, of Mercury, says: "With CIFs, trustees do not have to worry about dividing investments into 25 per cent narrower-range, 75 per cent wider-range assets. As the funds are special-range investments, they can invest in them in any proportions."

The performance of all CIFs is monitored by CAPs and the WM company. Trustees will need to appraise their charity's income needs and future capital requirements before deciding on their choice of funds. Professional guidance on the most appropriate investment strategy should be sought.

EQUITY FUNDS

Fund Name	Investment Manager	Fund Size	Total returns per annum	Over 1 Yr	Over 3 Yrs	Over 5 Yrs
		£ m	% p.a.	% p.a.	% p.a.	% p.a.
CAF Balanced Growth	Cazenove	108.0	15.3	15.4	16.3	16.3
Charfund	M & G	530.0	17.1	21.2	16.8	16.8
Charfund UK Equity	Kleinwort	13.4	—	16.8	18.6	18.6
Charshare	Mercury	223.5	16.2	16.6	18.0	18.0
Charity Equity	Schroders	59.3	—	16.6	16.9	16.9
COIF	CCLA	585.4	16.1	16.4	16.1	16.1
Common Fund for Growth	F & C	5.7	—	13.3	13.3	13.3
Redesigning UK Equity	Flemings	22.2	—	14.5	15.5	15.5
UK Growth & Inc	Bearings	42.6	—	14.5	15.5	15.5
RETAIL PRICE INDEX			3.1	2.8	3.9	3.9

Performance on bid to bid price basis to 30.9.95. Source: The WM Company. Other equity funds on offer: The Alpha Charity Fund, Charfund Overseas Equity Fund



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More aid for Indian children is coming from India itself, helped by British expertise

When charity begins abroad

Philip Barron
on how the art
of fundraising
is exported

Some people do not respond to appeals from charities working overseas because, they say, the better-off in Third World countries ignore their own poor. This can be an excuse, of course, but British donors with genuine reservations will be reassured to learn that fundraising in the Third World is now being stimulated as never before.

Through a small central team based in London, major Western charities such as Oxfam and the Red Cross are adding gifts of fundraising expertise to their monetary support for partner-agencies abroad.

Responding to the fact that many emerging nations, for the first time in their history, now have a substantial middle class, our top fundraisers have been giving their "secrets" away at a series of workshops in Asia, Africa, South America and, recently, Eastern Europe. Demand for places on the courses is strong: 90 had to be turned away when a workshop was held in Prague in September.

The idea of fundraisers meeting across frontiers dates from 1981, when the doyen of British fundraising, Harold

Sumption, and an American friend, John Erickson, set up a seminar in Holland attended by 35 delegates, all from the affluent West. The event grew into the International Fundraising Workshop, held annually ever since. This year 550 people came.

The first Third World workshop was held in South Asia in 1989. Since then, 3,000 charity workers from 90 countries have been taught how to raise funds effectively.

Our donor-agencies are happy to share their expertise. "It is vital that the projects we support move towards self-sufficiency," says Oxfam's Rona Anderson. "Better fundraising by our partners means we have more funds available for new anti-poverty initiatives. It also builds the confidence and independence of project partners to decide their own priorities and direction when addressing problems in their communities."

Harold Sumption, now 79, tells of one Indian charity which used to get only 20 per cent of its income from its compatriots, the other 80 per cent coming from foreign sources. Now the proportions have been reversed, using the knowledge "exported" by the West.

In Eastern Europe, the phenomenal growth in the voluntary sector since the collapse of communism has created a great need for fundraising skills. It is estimated that in Hungary, for example, there are now 20,000 charities and self-help groups.

The International Fundraising Group, which co-ordinates the workshops worldwide, is based in a small office in Kennington, south London. Its director Per Stenbeck, a Swede who used to work for the Swedish arm of Save the Children, believes the spirit of philanthropy is alive in all nations.

"Fundraising has to do with our innermost feelings of compassion, of wanting to help people in need," he says. "What opens hearts in London will also open hearts in Delhi, Nairobi or Caracas."

Clarke turns deaf ear to tax pleas

Change to payroll schemes is not enough, say agencies

When the Chancellor Kenneth Clarke announced that he was raising the maximum limit for giving to charity through payroll deduction schemes, the charity industry groaned.

He is proposing to increase the amount which can be donated tax-free from an employee's salary from £900 per year to £1,200 in the 1996-97 tax year, and to put concessions which allow charities to earn some tax-free income on a statutory basis. But charities had hoped for more.

Organisations such as the Charities' Tax Reform Group and the Charities' Aid Foundation have lobbied hard for tax changes to improve revenue.

Payroll schemes enable employees to give money regularly before tax has been paid. The CAF runs the biggest scheme — Give As You Earn. While it admits that the £300 rise is generous, it had asked for the limit to be abolished.

It also lobbied for the minimum limit on Gift Aid to be removed. Gift Aid allows charities to reclaim basic rate tax on one-off donations. Originally the Inland Revenue required gifts to be a minimum of £900, but it has reduced the limit to £250.

But Vicki Pulman of the CAF says: "Although the limit coming down has increased the number of people who contribute, a lot more could — or would — afford to give to charity if the limit went altogether."

According to research by the CAF into charitable giving, the average amount given monthly per individual was £10.08. This figure is distorted because 24 per cent of those questioned gave substantially more than £10, while nearly half

gave less than £2 and one in five people gave nothing. However, the Chancellor has not removed the minimum limit, stopping charities from reclaiming tax on the vast majority of the donations they receive. He has also ignored pleas for charities to be exempted from VAT on non-business activities.

Ian Macgregor, chairman of the Charities' Tax Reform Group, says the irrecoverable VAT is costing charities more than £350 million a year. He says: "The figures are so small in terms of the Government's overall spending but they are critical to charities."

"Imagine paying the bills if you run a charitable home for blind or disabled people, where you have to keep the heating at a certain level." Any advantages the changes announced in the Budget might have given have been wiped out by the lowering of the basic rate of tax to 24 per cent.

Charities can reclaim any income tax paid on money donated through Deed of Covenant or Gift Aid. The Inland Revenue will also refund tax paid on money put into a charity account, adding the refund to the balance of the account. The account holder can distribute the money to as many charities as he or she wishes by writing a cheque.

But the reduction of basic rate tax by 1p in the pound means charities can reclaim less tax. The sums might seem tiny, but the Charities' Tax Reform Group estimates it could cost Oxfam £150,000 a year.

JILL INSLEY

For further information contact the Charities Aid Foundation at CAF, King's Hill, West Malling, Kent, ME19 4TA (01732 520000).

How much do you spend in order to give?

Affinity cards have grown in popularity as a method of donating to charity, with more and more charities offering them. The strength of the resulting feel good factor is such that those with charity-affinity cards tend to spend more on average annually than those with normal credit cards.

According to Midland Bank, which provides a range of affinity cards for charities, the average amount of money spent with such a card tends to be about £1,800 annually, as compared to £1,200 spent with a normal credit card.

The cost-effectiveness of using an affinity card depends on whether you choose to pay off your balance each month. The interest rates on these cards are high. A monthly rate of 1.75 per cent equates to an annual rate (APR) of 23 per

Caroline Merrell on the pros and cons of giving with charity cards

cent, which is some 8 per cent higher than the annual rate on normal credit cards offered by Save & Prosper and The Royal Bank of Scotland. If you do not pay off your balance regularly, it may be better to use a normal credit card, and give to charity directly.

The Co-operative Bank launched its affinity card with the Royal Society for the Protection of Birds in the late 1980s. David Pawell, the bank's marketing manager, says: "We now have 200,000 affinity-card holders out of a total of 900,000 cardholders."

The Bank of Scotland started affinity cards in 1987, linking up to the NSPCC. Alex

Sieben, the bank's affinity manager, says: "We started marketing affinity cards in 1990 and now have links with 350 organisations."

The providers of charity affinity cards claim that their success is dependent on the strength of people's feelings for a particular charity. They use the charity's mailing lists to encourage people to apply for one. The cards work on the principle of an upfront donation to charity — at present £5 — when the card is taken out plus an donation of around 25 pence for every £100 spent.

They do take the effort out of giving but may not be the most efficient way to make donations. For example, if you give more than £250, or pledge to

give money each year for four years, you can benefit from tax relief, so that a £100 donation is worth £124 to the charity.

The Charities Aid Foundation, a charity which allows its members to contribute to a number of different charities, does not believe that affinity cards are tax efficient. The foundation has two schemes: one for those who want to give £250 and one for those who want to pledge money over four years. It will reclaim the tax back from the Government, and then give the money to the chosen charity.

It may be more tax efficient to give money under the payroll-giving scheme, operated by employers. This allows payment to a charity each year out of untaxed income. In the last Budget, the Chancellor increased the annual ceiling on payroll giving to £1,200.

AFFINITY CARDS

Affinity card	Bank	Interest rate	Commission per month On open	% of pay
Amnesty International	Co-op Bank	1.7	25	0.20
Bank of Scotland Affinity Groups	Midland	1.75	25	0.25
Cardland	Co-op Bank	1.7	25	0.25
Fund the Children	Halifax BS	1.49	25	0.20
Halifax Vias	Co-op Bank	1.7	25	0.25
Help the Aged	Co-op Bank	1.7	25	0.25
Labour Party	Co-op bank	1.7	25	0.25
Lib Dem	Midland Bank	1.45	Variable	0.25
MBNA	Co-op Bank	1.75	25	0.25
National Trust	Co-op Bank	1.75	25	0.25
Oxfam	Co-op Bank	1.7	25	0.25
RSPB	Co-op Bank	1.7	25	0.25

Cardland charities include Age Concern, Cancer Research Campaign, Save the Children, Bank of Scotland charities include Action Aid, Great Ormond Street, RSPCA, MBNA has 200 affinity groups including the Officers' Pension Society, WWF (UK). Halifax charities include British Heart Foundation, Mencap, Imperial Cancer Research Fund.

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1988						1989						
Yrs	Loc	Comp	Proj	±%	% PE	Yrs	Loc	Comp	Proj	±%	% PE	
BANKS						DISTRIBUTORS						
2000	3175	148	MARCO	7899	-2	45	109	187	30	141	5.8	37
2004	654	41	Alley	61	8	48	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2005	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2006	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2007	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2008	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2009	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2010	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2011	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2012	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2013	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2014	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2015	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2016	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2017	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2018	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2019	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2020	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2021	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2022	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2023	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2024	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2025	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2026	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2027	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2028	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2029	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2030	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2031	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2032	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2033	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2034	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2035	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2036	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2037	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2038	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2039	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2040	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2041	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2042	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2043	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2044	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2045	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2046	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2047	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2048	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2049	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2050	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2051	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2052	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2053	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2054	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2055	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2056	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2057	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2058	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2059	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2060	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2061	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2062	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2063	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2064	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2065	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2066	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2067	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2068	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2069	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2070	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2071	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2072	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2073	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2074	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2075	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2076	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2077	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2078	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2079	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2080	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2081	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2082	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2083	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2084	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2085	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2086	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2087	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2088	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2089	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2090	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2091	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2092	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2093	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2094	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2095	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2096	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2097	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2098	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2099	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2100	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2101	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2102	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2103	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2104	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2105	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2106	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2107	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2108	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2109	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2110	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2111	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2112	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2113	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2114	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2115	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2116	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2117	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2118	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2119	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2120	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2121	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2122	120	1	Bank of America	100	0	56	127	84	1	2	5.8	37
2123	120	1										

Modest gains in thin trading

TRADING PERIOD: Settlement takes place five business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	
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1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033	2034	2035	2036	2037	2038	2039	2040	2041	2042	2043	2044	2045	2046	2047	2048	2049	2050	2051	2052	2053	2054	2055	2056	2057	2058	2059	2060	2061	2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2068	2069	2070	2071	2072	2073	2074	2075	2076	2077	2078	2079	2080	2081	2082	2083	2084	2085	2086	2087	2088	2089	2090	2091	2092	2093	2094	2095	2096	2097	2098	2099	2100	2101	2102	2103	2104	2105	2106	2107	2108	2109	2110	2111	2112	2113	2114	2115	2116	2117	2118	2119	2120	2121	2122	2123	2124	2125	2126	2127	2128	2129	2130	2131	2132	2133	2134	2135	2136	2137	2138	2139	2140	2141	2142	2143	2144	2145	2146	2147	2148	2149	2150	2151	2152	2153	2154	2155	2156	2157	2158	2159	2160	2161	2162	2163	2164	2165	2166	2167	2168	2169	2170	2171	2172	2173	2174	2175	2176	2177	2178	2179	2180	2181	2182	2183	2184	2185	2186	2187	2188	2189	2190	2191	2192	2193	2194	2195	2196	2197	2198	2199	2200	2201	2202	2203	2204	2205	2206	2207	2208	2209	2210	2211	2212	2213	2214	2215	2216	2217	2218	2219	2220	2221	2222	2223	2224	2225	2226	2227	2228	2229	2230	2231	2232	2233	2234	2235	2236	2237	2238	2239	2240	2241	2242	2243	2244	2245	2246	2247	2248	2249	2250	2251	2252	2253	2254	2255	2256	2257	2258	2259	2260	2261	2262	2263	2264	2265	2266	2267	2268	2269	2270	2271	2272	2273	2274	2275	2276	2277	2278	2279	2280	2281	2282	2283	2284	2285	2286	2287	2288	2289	2290	2291	2292	2293	2294	2295	2296	2297	2298	2299	2300	2301	2302	2303	2304	2305	2306	2307	2308	2309	2310	2311	2312	2313	2314	2315	2316	2317	2318	2319	2320	2321	2322	2323	2324	2325	2326	2327	2328	2329	2330	2331	2332	2333	2334	2335	2336	2337	2338	2339	2340	2341	2342	2343	2344	2345	2346	2347	2348	2349	2350	2351	2352	2353	2354	2355	2356	2357	2358	2359	2360	2361	2362	2363	2364	2365	2366	2367	2368	2369	2370	2371	2372	2373	2374	2375	2376	2377	2378	2379	2380	2381	2382	2383	2384	2385	2386	2387	2388	2389	2390	2391	2392	2393	2394	2395	2396	2397	2398	2399	2400	
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Though his life is shrouded in legend, Alfred was still a great ruler, says Peter Ackroyd

Scholar, Christian and King

The episode of the burnt cakes is of course absurd; it was invented in the 11th century by some ingenious chronicler who realised that fiction has a greater hold over the public and historical imagination than mere fact. But that story does establish the tone in which studies of King Alfred have characteristically been conducted: one of the sections in Alfred Smyth's elaborate and impressive study is entitled "A Thousand Years of Deceit".

It provides a most interesting account of academic scholarship. Until very recently — in fact, until this year — students of English history have been given as a set-text an apparently contemporary life of King Alfred written by a bishop named Asser. Asser's *Life* is quoted and interpreted in all studies of the 9th century, and has been considered to give a unique insight into the life and reign of Alfred the Great. He is portrayed as a "hero-king", a saintly scholar who had understood Latin by miraculous intervention and a warrior who, despite being gravely troubled by a mysterious illness not unrelated to haemorrhoids, had fought off the Danes practically single-handed. This was the account taken up by Protestant hagiographers at the time of the Reformation and by 19th-century imperialist historians, intent on fashioning their own idea of England.

In fact, as Professor Smyth coherently and convincingly proves, Asser's *Life* is a tissue of fictions written some 200 years after Alfred's death by a credulous and, in many respects, ignorant monk who plagiarised material from the standard hagiographies of saints and other kings. It is a "sad hotchpotch" of lies and misinformation, designed solely to assert West Saxon authority and power over other parts of England.

Yet, for reasons which Smyth explains in great detail, the most serious and respectable historians continued to regard this meretricious invention as a genuine biographical document dating from Alfred's own reign. Twentieth-century scholars swallowed the propaganda of an early 11th-century monk. As a result, of course, the true figure of Alfred has been enveloped in mist and darkness more profound than the genuine

verities of England's early history. Perhaps a few facts are in order. Alfred, born in 847 or 848, was the youngest son of Aethelwulf, King of the West Saxons. He inherited the kingdom at the age of 23, but his first royal experience was that of defeat at the hands of the Danes. For a period he became a Danish vassal or "sub-king", and seems to have expropriated monastic lands and revenues for his own use.

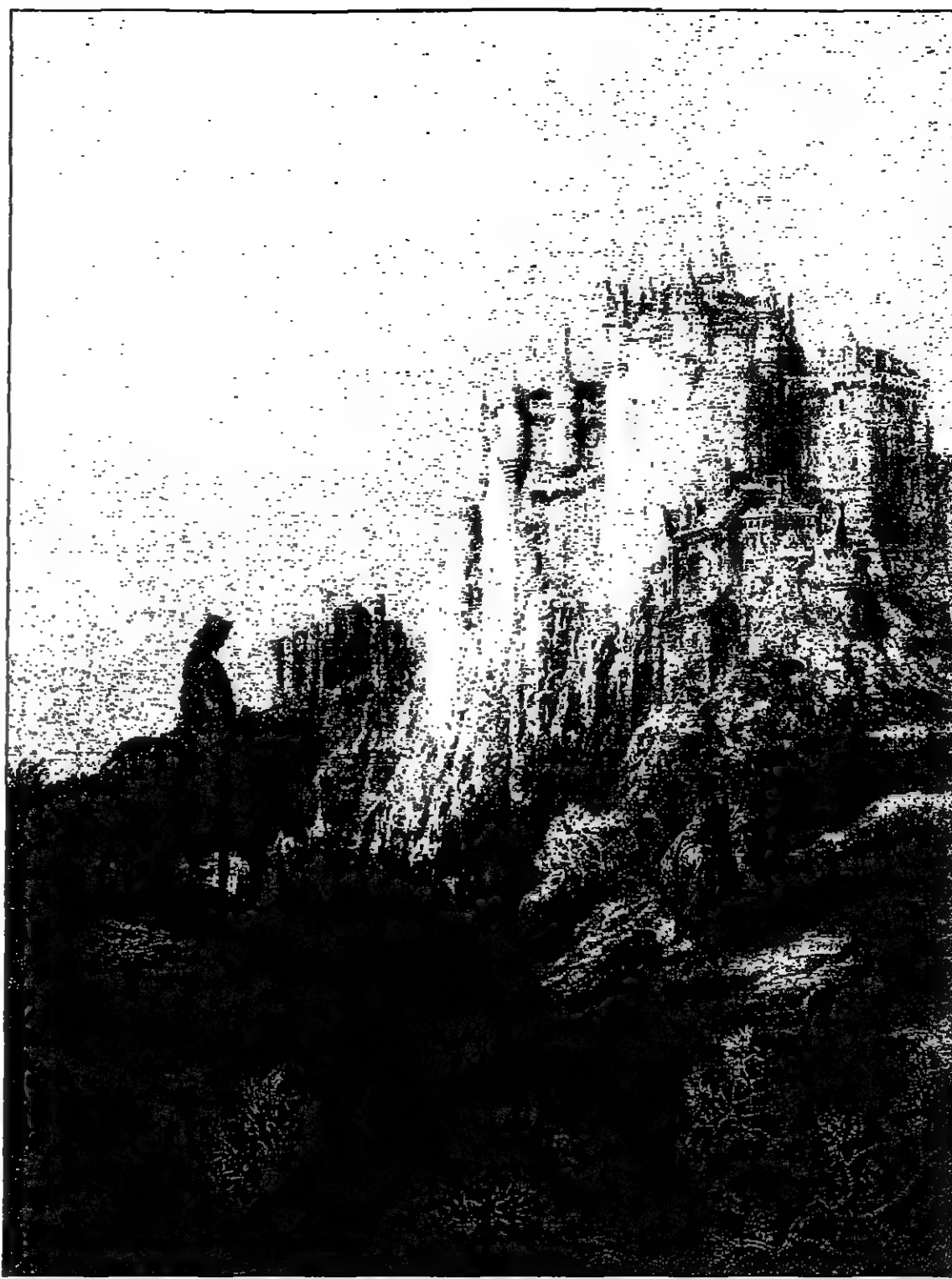
Then, in a decisive battle, his army defeated Guthrum and compelled the warlord to forsake Woden and convert to Christianity. It was Alfred's "finest hour", according to Smyth, and the battle site of Edington (in Wiltshire) should be commemorated for ever as the place where Anglo-Saxon culture was defended and preserved. There is a gap in the Anglo-

Saxon *Chronicle*, and little is recorded of Alfred in his years of peace. But the plot resumes with the invasion of Maesten in 992. Eventually the Danish forces retreated into North-umbria, having suffered from

Alfred's continual "war of attrition", and perhaps also after being bribed by the King's money.

The *Chronicle* itself is silent on this matter of Danegeld, as on so much else, and it is Smyth's contention that the mid-9th-century manuscript was essentially a propaganda vehicle for Alfred's 26-year reign. We must discard any contemporary sense of history and of historical evidence when dealing with these productions: in a Christian civilisation, chronological time is a relatively unimportant concept when compared with spiritual and emblematic truths.

In this context it is interesting to note that Smyth locates the spurious life of Asser within a circle of monks at Ramsey, near Cambridge, who also produced other fictional biographies; the most eminent of these fakers seems to have been Byrthferth who, in Smyth's words, "resorted to invention and blatant forgery". This "unscrupulous and ruthless forger" was concerned to promote the cult of Arthur and to further the cause of monastic reform. We are accustomed to the romantic forgeries of an Ossian, or a Chaucer, but here we find a group of monks quite deliberately inventing a history of England which would suit



Like the cult of Alfred, that of Arthur was promoted by monks at Ramsey to further the cause of reform: one of Gustave Doré's newly reissued illustrations for Tennyson's *Idylls of the King* (Dover, £7.95 pbk)

their own purposes. What is more surprising, however, is the fact that their accounts have been accepted as genuine for almost a thousand years.

And yet out of this mist of fraud, plagiarism and benighted scholarship Smyth does manage to grasp the elusive figure of the real King named Alfred. This is in every sense a magisterial work, with some 600 pages of detailed and clearly argued narrative.

David Sturdy's account is much shorter, and is perhaps marred by its acceptance of "Asser's preposterous contemporary evidence". Dr Sturdy was a lecturer in medieval archaeology, and the archaeological sections of his study are the most interesting.

But Smyth has brought together all of the available evidence, and has

discovered Alfred to have been "a man of high intelligence, backed by boundless energy". He was also very learned, "steeped in a lifetime of Latin and Old English scholarship", and preoccupied by the cultural past. He had, according to Smyth, "an abiding interest in English history as such". It has often been said that the English are innately antiquarian — Goethe mocked them for it in *Faust* — and Alfred might then be seen as the first great national exemplar of that tradition.

He was not particularly saintly, especially in his appropriation of monastic lands, but he did establish a "translation programme" designed to reproduce the great works of late antiquity in Old English. He himself translated Boethius and Augustine,

and gathered scholars around him to work upon Bede, Osorius and others. He seems to have possessed an innate sense of national identity from his earliest years, and it is appropriate that he should have been able to consolidate his power to such an extent that we risk only a little overstatement in calling him the first King of England.

Smyth's book, then, must stand as the definitive account of the reign. Alfred was indeed a "master", who always wished to be remembered as a great Christian King. Certainly his memory has never faded from the memory of the English people, even if it has generally been perpetuated by legend and falsehood. But now, in Smyth's narrative, he emerges from the darkness at last.

Cutting short her long lad

Antonia Fraser

DARNLEY
A Life of Henry Stuart,
Lord Darnley, Consort
of Mary Queen of Scots
By Caroline Bingham
Constable, £18.95

Who was Henry King of Scots? This historical quiz question might cause even the most hardened contestant to pause and review the possibilities. For example, King Henry VIII attempted to swallow up Scotland in the 1540s in a campaign known, appropriately enough, as the Rough Wooing: did he actually succeed? But the answer is not Henry VIII, nor is it Cardinal Henry Benedict Stuart, brother of Bonnie Prince Charlie, who, for Jacobite legitimists, became King Henry IX after the latter's death. The answer is another Henry Stuart: Lord Darnley, second husband of Mary Queen of Scots, who during their brief marriage was known as King Henry — at any rate in Scotland.

The point is underlined by the fact that the first coinage of the newly married pair was issued in the name of HENRICUS ET MARIA. In fact very few of these coins got into circulation, before the ryal was recalled in favour of an identical coin — but bearing the inscription MARIA ET HENRICUS. Although the reversal of the names on the coin presumably reflected Queen Mary's second thoughts on the subject of her husband's status, it is clear that "Maria" as Queen did not attempt to eject "Henricus" as King altogether. The question of Darnley's exact status is at the heart of their troubled marriage — to say nothing of Darnley's murder at Kirk O'Field.

Caroline Bingham, who is an esteemed writer on Scottish subjects, has had an intelligent idea in writing Darnley's biography (rather than another of the more famous Mary). For her Darnley does more than illumine the life of a young man, handsome enough, with some literary talent, but morally distasteful. Bingham is also able to analyse, via Darnley's life, the extraordinary problem that any queen regnant faced over her marriage. It was certainly not a problem that the fascinating, wayward Mary came anywhere near solving — despite three attempts at it. But the successful solution of her cousin Elizabeth I — not to marry at all — was somewhat radical: it meant that the succession inevitably went elsewhere after her death.

By beginning her story with the ramifications of the Tudor family tree, Bingham correctly demonstrates how Darnley's entire life was dominated by his position here. It was his royal Tudor blood, possibly bolstering Mary's claim to the English throne, which attracted her long before she ever saw "you long lad". (The temptation for six-foot woman to wed six-foot man, one of the few there were around, must have been irresistible.) It was this same Tudor blood of Darnley's which made the match so irritating to Elizabeth: balked of her prey, with Darnley now kinging it in Scotland, she imprisoned Darnley's mother, Margaret Countess of Lennox, as a lesson to ambitious parents.

Then there was Darnley's position in the Stuart tree. For all but the last months of that short life — he died at the age of 21 — Darnley could claim to be his own wife's heir in Scotland — which should perhaps have made him a supportive consort, but did in fact

ignite dangerous dreams of sole command, should his wife die. The birth of Mary and Darnley's son, James, in 1566 was a further dynastic complication, for the appearance of a direct male heir edged out the claims of Darnley, his own father. In this context, Bingham firmly faces the fact that Darnley hoped for the death of Mary (and her unborn child) during the atrocious butchering of her secretary Riccio, carried out in her presence. He was a murderer, and he was murdered in his turn.

The so-called Crown Matrimonial was the prize that Darnley sought. This would



Henry, Lord Darnley

not only have given "Henricus" equal powers with "Maria", but also enabled him to reign alone, in the event of her death, regardless of the existence of James, a nearer claimant in blood (as William III did in England after the death of his wife, another Mary). But this Crown Matrimonial was outside Mary's gift: it needed the consent of Parliament. The Scottish nobles were united on very little, although their leaders played Darnley adeptly over the killing of Riccio, but they were quite sure that they did not want the vicious Darnley with supreme royal powers.

The picture painted by Bingham is not such as convinces one that the nobles got it right. She is good on Darnley's literary efforts, putting them in perspective, and as charitable as possible, within the bounds of historical accuracy, about Darnley himself. However, Bingham does not deny that he was recovering from syphilis at the time of his death, nor does she exculpate Darnley from the various charges of brutality and treachery laid at his door by other historians.

One may disagree with Bingham's considered verdict that Mary had foreknowledge of Darnley's death, and hence shared the guilt: why should the assassins tell their Queen in advance about something for which they did not need her co-operation? But it is hard to feel much regret for that slaying, on the evidence Bingham deploys. Henry King of Scots had physical height, but no other kind of stature.

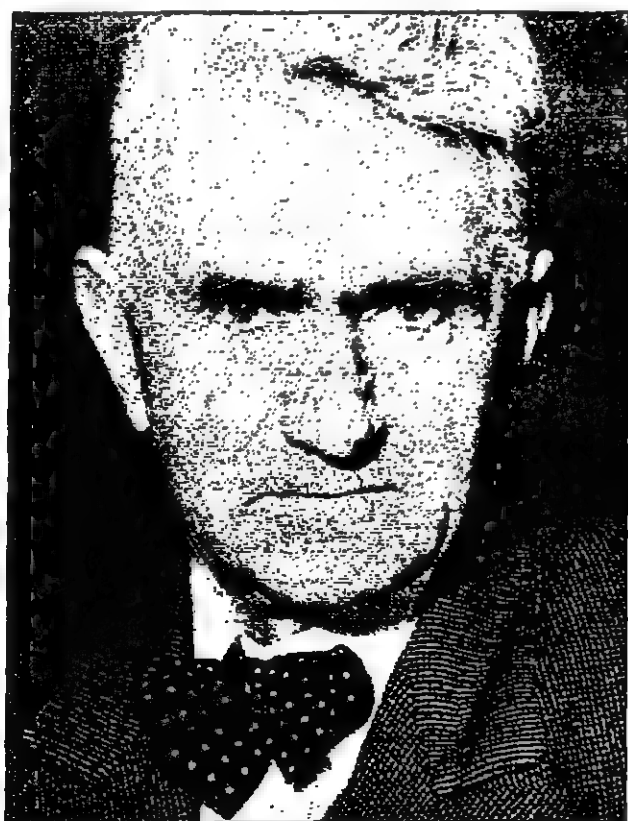
Fiery monarch of the glen

It amused Winston Churchill that his wartime coalition included both the premier duke of England and the rabble-rousing founder editor of *Forward*, the Glasgow-based Socialist weekly. The Duke of Norfolk, Earl Marshal of England, was Under-Secretary of State for Agriculture. The rather more exalted office of Secretary of State for Scotland was filled by Tom Johnston — radical journalist, Labour politician and scourge of the Scottish aristocracy.

Churchill regarded him highly. "Here's the King of Scotland," he announced when Johnston arrived at a Downing Street reception. It was doubtless said with an impish grin, but the sobriquet could not reasonably have been applied to any of the Crown's North British subjects for the previous 150 years — not since Henry Dundas, "Harry the Ninth", who kept the government machine north of the border oiled for Pitt the Younger.

Johnston had always wanted to write. He founded *Forward* — no gambling news, no advertisements for alcohol — in 1906. For too long, he cried, "the massed forces of reaction, the plunderers, the conservers, the old women in trousers, the farthing reformers have had it all their own way". H.G. Wells wrote for him, and so did Bernard Shaw, Ethel Mannin and Bertrand Russell. Northcliffe tried to lure him to London with a four-figure salary (the equivalent of a six-figure one today), but he wouldn't budge.

He never lacked enemies, mainly because he seldom limited himself to one offensive adjective when two would do the job equally well. Not content to advocate the nationalisation of land, he felt impelled to savage Scottish landowners — "a selfish, ferocious, famishing, unprincipled set of hyenas". It sounded tremendous, even when, as in some of the knottier passages of the Old Testament, the plain prose was elusive. The Scottish aristocracy, he thundered,



Tom Johnston: Churchill called him "King of Scotland"

Ian McIntyre

WITHOUT QUARTER
A Biography of
Tom Johnston
By Russell Galbraith
Mainstream, £20

"have pruned the creeds of our Church and stolen its revenues; their mailed fists have crushed the newer thought and their vanities the arts".

He was 41 before he entered Parliament. Beatrice Webb thought him dour, but acknowledged he was "the best of the Clyde lot". Soon he was complaining in *Forward* that Labour was becoming obsessed with the idea of winning power at the next election. "The host that is to march forward to the destruction of capitalism is to be digested as voluntary welfare workers with elastic-sided boots out for an excursion," he

wrote bitterly. "The kingdom of man is to come by stealth." Sounds vaguely familiar.

He was briefly in office in the first two Labour Governments, as Scottish Under-Secretary and Lord Privy Seal. He sometimes played hard to get. Offered the Scottish Office in 1940, he said he wanted to stay at home and write history books. "Good heavens, man," an incredulous Churchill growled. "Join me and you can help make history!"

And so he did, both during his four years in the Cabinet and on into his late seventies. The virile and uncompromising wordsmith of earlier days matured into a formidable pragmatic political operator. He got Churchill's agreement to the setting-up of the Scottish Council on Post-War Problems, a small body composed of all his surviving predecessors at St Andrew's House. They gave their minds to everything from Hydro-

electric development to the needs of the herring industry.

When hospital beds earmarked for civil defence casualties remained mercifully empty, he arranged for them to accommodate ordinary patients who could not afford specialist treatment. He made a major contribution to the White Paper, approved by the War Cabinet in February 1944, outlining a future National Health Service. His commitment to Home Rule was unwavering but realistic. He saw little to commend an assembly in Edinburgh if all it had to administer was "an emigration system, a glorified Poor Law and a graveyard".

After he left politics in 1945, Atlee had to speak sharply to the Inland Revenue — they were pursuing Johnston for tax on the Cabinet minister's salary he had declined to draw. He also declined a peerage and, though more reluctantly, the Order of the Thistle (he would have accepted if he could have remained plain Mr Johnston).

Atlee saw him as a possible victory to succeed Wavell, but nothing came of it. Instead, he joined the Forestry Commission, was briefly chairman of the Broadcasting Council for Scotland, effectively created the Scottish Tourist Board and for 13 years ran the North of Scotland Hydro-Electric Board, which he saw as a cousin to the Tennessee Valley Authority.

Johnston left few personal papers. It would have been nice to know more about his family life and his friendships. This workmanlike but essentially journalistic account is confined strictly to the public man. Russell Galbraith offers as an epitaph words that Johnston himself borrowed from Macaulay: "When none is for the party, and all are for the State, we get home." He has opened, but not exhausted, a rich biographical seam.

Ian McIntyre's *Dirt and Deity: A Life of Robert Burns* was published last month by HarperCollins.

All created equal — except in talent

IN 1970, says Malcolm Bradbury, the idea of a university course in "creative writing" was regarded in Britain "as a dangerous American invention, like the vacuum cleaner". Nevertheless, he went ahead with his fellow-professor, Angus Wilson, at the brand-new University of East Anglia, and set up an MA in the subject. This year he has retired, and the poet Andrew Motion has taken over his Chair of Creative Writing. So what has been achieved in those 25 years of imaginative word-processing?

Bradbury gives his answer in this book, *Class Work* — a collection of 31 of the best short stories written by students on the course during that time. A prefatory essay by Ian McEwan describes what it was like to be the first person on the course.

He was the only person in that first year. Aged 22, he had never written a story. "I suggested I might try out a number of deranged first-person narrators... One of them might trick his kid sister into incest. Bradbury sucked on his pipe and said: 'Try and let me have it before the end of the month'."

MCEWAN SUMS UP Bradbury's pedagogic style as "informality, complete lack of interference and carefully muted judgement". It clearly worked with McEwan, whose latest collection, *The Short Stories* (Cape, £9.99), demonstrates. After McEwan's solitary year, more and more students started coming, and other teachers, such as Rose Tremain, joined him. Erica Wagner, who was a student in 1990-91 (and now works at *The Times*), told me that there was still the same air of informality when she was there, but the students were definitely encouraged to concentrate on stories that would sell.

She herself has a deftly written story in *Class Work*, about a sexually tempted clergyman who becomes a lion-tamer in order to escape the jaws of hell, and ends up in some other jaws. Evidently the students got a good training in clear, well-organised writing.

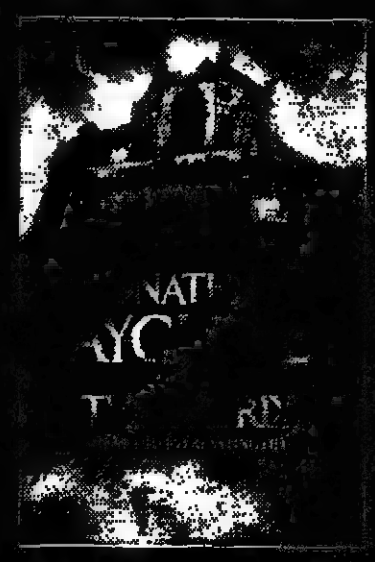
But most of the stories lack much force or originality; which suggests what we all suppose, that writers are born not made. Several of them are about school or college mates who rebel successfully or unsuccessfully; others are tales of what seems like sexual daring to the writers, but does not startle one so much as they suppose. Rose Tremain has a story that is hardly one of her best — it is just a neat little picture of working-class quaintness: even McEwan's brilliant *Solid Geometry* has an air of calculated mischievousness. Among the stories that most strike me are Clare Morgan's *L'Hôtel Des Grands Hommes*, about a would-be woman writer who gets a glimpse of the American writer Raymond Carver in her Paris hotel. Her holiday with her husband is ruined by the agitation it causes her. Jacqui Lofthouse's *The Effigy* is an excellent imaginary monologue by the ghost of the playwright William Congreve, whose mistress the Duchess of Marlborough — to Congreve's great posthumous annoyance — casts a life-size wax statue of him around with her.

It is perhaps a pity that among the students at Norwich there was also — in 1979-80 — Kazuo Ishiguro. He too has a story here, *A Family Supper*, about a young Japanese man returning from California to his father's house in Tokyo. For suspense, subtlety in the telling, and intensity of emotion, it knocks all the others into a cocked hat. Oh, yes — they must be born.

Derwent May

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Book ahead

COTTAGE holidays starting at £19 per person for three nights are on offer in January from Country Holidays. Details: 01282 445095.

HOTELS

On song

WARSAW's top-rated Hotel Bristol, one of the Forte hotels, is offering a special musical weekend for £270 for two people. This includes two nights' accommodation and tickets for the Polish National Opera which is featuring *Romeo and Juliet*, *Rigoletto* and *Don Giovanni* this season. Details: 0171-936 5000.

Eastern nights

KUONIN is offering a bargain holiday in Hong Kong with five nights at the Prudential Hotel. Departures from Manchester on January 3 cost £569 and from Heathrow on January 6, £579. The flights are scheduled Cathay Pacific services. Details: 01306 740500.

Peak discount

PONTIN's is offering discounts of between 10 and 20 per cent for people booking next year's holiday before December 31. Bargains include a week's self-catering in peak season for a family of four for £213. Details: 01772 621621.

Buffet lunch costs \$11.50 and a three-course set menu is priced at \$22.50. Details: 0171-915 2809.

More room

BATH'S Royal Crescent Hotel has expanded its conference facilities by renovating an original Georgian mews house in its grounds to provide two extra meeting rooms with four bedrooms. Details: 01225 739955.

Sleep tight

MOSCOW's Aerostar Hotel has a new service for guests: a Pillow Menu with a choice of eight combinations of different pillows, including duck or goose down and special lumbar support pillows. Reservations (through Utell International): 0990 300200.

Colombo and Singapore. Flights, departing from London or Manchester, are with scheduled airlines and the fare is valid for bookings made before December 31 for travel during February and March next year. Details: 0171-757 3000.

Shopping trip

CHRISTMAS shopping trips to London are available for £49 return on Jersey European Airways' new Belfast-Stansted service. The offer for day trips only is available until next Tuesday. Details: 01392 360777. (This is the correct number for the airline's reservations service and not the one mistakenly printed last week.)

Why Britons get a better deal

By HARVEY ELLIOTT

BRITISH holidaymakers enjoy the cheapest package deals in Europe. And now a small but growing number of foreigners who have spotted the price gap are travelling to Britain to buy their summer holiday and save hundreds of pounds.

While Britons pay rock-bottom prices for flights and accommodation in their favourite Mediterranean resorts, other nationalities staying in the same hotel may have been charged up to half as much again for two weeks in the sun.

The British bargains are largely the result of too many holidays being offered to a dwindling number of increasingly sophisticated customers. The cut-price holidays are also responsible for the low profit margins in the industry — they have dropped from about £20 per holiday a few years ago to £9 this year. Tour operators are having to withdraw more than a million holidays in an attempt to ensure that "realistic" prices — more in line with those on

the Continent — are restored.

The low prices have, however, enabled tour operators and airlines in Britain to boast that they can undercut any competition from within Europe. A detailed *Times* survey, carried out with the help of the market leader Thomson, proves this boast is true.

We compared peak summer prices in a popular four-star hotel in Majorca used by a number of nationalities, and found that the British paid considerably less than anyone else. They also spent more in the bars than any other nationality and were considered to be more friendly and more prepared to join in the hotel's activities.

British clients make up 21 per cent of the customers at the Sa Coma Playa hotel near Cala Millor, Majorca, compared with 44 per cent of Germans, 10 per cent of French and a sprinkling of others. "We charge the tour operator just the same for the room," said Jesus Frasnada.

the hotel's sales manager

although his assertion was greeted with scepticism by British tour operators. They insist that competition, their buying power, combined with a long history of fair but tough negotiating helps them to keep the price at rock bottom levels.

But even this does not account for the huge discrepancy in the price of a two-week half-board holiday in the Sals Coma Playa. While a British holidaymaker booking through the Thomson & La Carte brochure paid £807 during last summer's peak season, a German had to find £288 in 1928, an Italian £1,010 and a holidaymaker arriving from Switzerland paid £1,206 for an identical holiday.

Even a Spanish package holidaymaker flying in from Madrid, a mere 338 miles away, was charged £888, 10 per cent more than his British counterpart who had flown 812 miles from Gatwick.

total cost of the package and British charter airlines are able to take advantage of the more efficient use of their jets to keep down prices.

If, for example, a Britannia Airways charter Boeing 757 has 235 seats, most other European airlines fly with only 209. British aircraft also operate three round trips a day to Mediterranean resorts. German and other airlines can fly no more than twice because their main airports are subject to an earlier curfew.

The Italian and Swiss holiday season is much shorter than that of the British. This enables British tour operators to spread holidays throughout the year, so reducing the overall cost of the operation and enabling lower margins to be made on individual holidays.

Spanish hoteliers believe they have been forced into accepting rates from British tour operators which have been too low for many years.

and they are now demanding, and getting, price increases of between 5 and 10 per cent for summer 1996.

Martin Brackenbury, chairman of the International Federation of Tour Operators, said: "We are extremely fortunate in Britain that we have the world's most efficient travel industry. We use our aircraft more efficiently and hoteliers give tour operators better rates because the British spend more on the extras while they are abroad."

"The problem is that it could all change if night flying bans are introduced at airports or if passengers demand more leg room in aircraft. At the moment our aircraft can fly three round trips a day but a night noise ban would reduce it to two, just like the Germans now have to contend with."

He believes, however, that the best of the cut-price deals may now be at an end because of the tiny profit margins. "It can't go on like this. If there are not good sales in January, even more holidays will be taken out of the market."

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Sports fans follow the flag to far-flung fields

BY TONY DAWK

PACKAGE tours to see the Bruno-Tyson fight in Las Vegas, football matches in Milan and Madrid and rugby internationals in Paris are being offered by a host of specialist travel companies this week amid a boom in demand for sporting holidays.

The interest in the fight, nearly 6,000 miles away on March 16, comes as thousands take a more traditional sporting holiday: following the England cricket team

abroad. Hundreds of English fans are already in Durban for the Third Test against South Africa, which starts today, but thousands more will fly out for the matches over Christmas and New Year in Port Elizabeth and Cape Town.

David Dryer, whose sports tour company in Woodford, northeast London, is one of those offering trips to Las Vegas, says: "Cricket will be the most popular sport to combine with a holiday but whims and fancies keep changing and boxing and Italian and Spanish

football are attracting a wide following. Frank Bruno's personality, the mystique surrounding Mike Tyson and the popularity of Las Vegas as a resort are all creating considerable interest, and as many as 2,000 British fans could make the trip." Four nights in Las Vegas with scheduled return flights costs £599 per person from Mr Dryer's company, and flight tickets, which he can supply, are extra.

A three-day football trip to Barcelona or Madrid costs £299 per person, including tickets for a

Spanish championship match. Mr Dryer says: "Visits to top Spanish and Italian league matches have grown in popularity in the past few years."

Graeme Ainslie of VIGB travel, which offers trips to top games in Italy, says: "Our research showed that AC Milan was the team most people wanted to see so we made direct contact with the Berlusconi empire, which runs the club, for tickets. As a result, we can now offer tickets for all parts of the San Siro stadium and, in addition, an incen-

sive group package which includes a trip to an AC Milan training session with a chance to meet players."

With the Five Nations rugby championship beginning next month when England play France in Paris, scores of companies are offering weekends in the French capital, including tickets for the match, at prices of about £500 per person. They include Mike Burton Sports Travel, run by the former England international, which has just launched its brochure for cricket's next extravaganza: the

World Cup in the Indian sub-continent next February.

Hugh Clayton, manager of Kuoni's specialist travel division, which is also organising tours to the World Cup, says: "We have already received strong interest in England's next Test series abroad in Zimbabwe and New Zealand."

David Dryer Sports Tours 0181-559 8966; VIGB Travel 071-434 3641; ItaliaTour 071-371 1114; Kuoni Sports 01306 74477; Mike Burton Sports Travel 01452 412444; Gullivers Sports Travel 01864 393175.

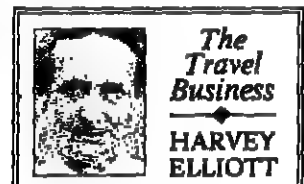
Balpa cries wolf

THERE can be few professions that instil higher public confidence than that of airline pilot. Yet last week Balpa, the pilots union, spent thousands of pounds on advertisements in national newspapers under the banner "Airline Safety at Risk". New rules proposed by the Joint Aviation Authorities, Europe's new safety organisation, would allow maximum crew duty times which, said Balpa, were "unnecessary and dangerous". It urged passengers to write to their MPs because "flight crew are worried and alarmed and you should be too".

What on earth has got into Balpa? The proposed new duty times have been discussed within the industry for many years, and from time to time Balpa has claimed that a longer duty day would lead to pilot fatigue. But never has it gone as far as this — launching a campaign which is nothing short of scare-mongering.

Many pilots are deeply embarrassed by the advertisements which even senior Balpa officials admit are more to do with pay and conditions than safety.

The truth is the European regulator was going to produce new crew-duty rules



taking into account the time a pilot starts duty, rest time between flights and monthly and annual flying totals.

But the new proposals, which would in some cases have increased the maximum permitted single duty shift from 13hr 15min to 14hr, have been put on ice pending an announcement due today from the American Federal Aviation Administration.

The US proposals, based on extensive and rigorous research, are expected to set the standard for cockpit crew duty hours throughout the world well into the next century.

Surely this harmonisation of standards makes sense. Passengers need to know that no pilot, from any airline in the world, is working dangerously long hours.

For pilots to react in the hysterical fashion they so often accuse tabloid journalists of adopting helps nobody.

Does Balpa really believe that international safety authorities would deliberately introduce rules which would make aviation unsafe?

In its efforts to protect the interests of its pilots — many of whom earn around £30,000 a year — Balpa has demeaned itself by playing the safety card. Informed debate there must be. But playing on the fears of passengers is unacceptable.

Laker returns to transatlantic holiday market

BY HARVEY ELLIOTT

SIR Freddie Laker will today unveil detailed plans for his relaunch into the transatlantic travel business — 13 years after the collapse of the original Laker Airways.

Laker Vacations will offer more than 20,000 holidays in the United States using his new American-based airline Laker Airways Inc, which from next March will fly to Orlando up to four times a week from Gatwick, three times from Manchester and once a week from Prestwick. He also plans to operate services twice a week to the popular Florida seaside resort of Fort Lauderdale.

The airline will have 75,000 seats available each year, and return fares will range from £299 to £449 depending on the time of year. Sir Freddie claims confidently that the level of comfort and service on board will be "at least the equivalent of club class on other airlines".

Laker Vacations will sell seat only, fly-drive, villa, hotel and fly-cruise holidays and will fill about 100 of the 350 seats on each of the three McDonnell Douglas DC10 aircraft in the fleet, which is

being refurbished in America at a cost of £1.7 million.

The one-class service, to be called Regency — the same name he gave to his business-class cabin on the old airline — will be aimed mainly at tourists, both from America and from Britain. He has shunned business or first class because, he insists, the advent of teleconferencing — using video to link people from around the world — will soon do away with the need for most business travel.



Laker: starting Florida run

During the winter, at least one of the aircraft will operate from America to the Caribbean and South America, then switch to the Atlantic routes during the peak summer months.

Although now aged 73, white-haired and less agile than when he battled with British Airways and others over the collapse of his airline in the early 1980s, Sir Freddie has lost none of his enthusiasm for the business.

"I have only lost money in one year since the war," he announces with pride. "Everything has finally been settled from the legal actions, and I am just looking forward to running a transatlantic airline again."

For the past few years he has been operating regular services from the Bahamas to Miami and he plans to link these, together with additional flights to New Orleans, into the Orlando and Fort Lauderdale "hubs".

Sir Freddie's ambition is to hand over a successful airline to his son, also called Freddie, who is almost 18 and plans to study business management at university.



Giles Shepard: "People are willing to pay the price for a higher level of service"

Putting on the Ritz

BY DAVID CHURCHILL

LONDON'S Ritz Hotel is to get a multimillion-pound facelift over the next two years from its new owners, the Monie Carlo-based Barclay brothers, who bought the Piccadilly landmark for £75 million recently.

The much-needed refurbishment of the hotel's 130 rooms, suites and public areas will be masterminded by Giles Shepard, who has just taken over as the Ritz's managing director.

Mr Shepard's appointment comes a year after he was ousted from a similar role at the Savoy Group of hotels. His departure followed a long campaign by Sir Rocco Forte, the chairman and chief executive, to take a more active role in running the

Savoy Group. Mr Shepard believes the outlook for London's top hotels is "particularly strong". "There is no shortage of demand for quality hotels in London," he says. "People and companies are willing to pay the price for a higher level of service, which we think we can provide."

Since he left the Savoy, Mr Shepard has concentrated on a number of directorships, including that of the prestigious Wentworth hotel and golf club. "I may have to give this up, however, in order to concentrate full-time on the Ritz," he says.

The renovation plans for the Ritz will be taken slowly so as not to disrupt guests and visitors to the hotel. Mr Shepard says the hotel, which

is 90 years old next May, needs new air-conditioning, and double-glazing in rooms facing Piccadilly. Other changes he hopes to oversee are the reintroduction of upmarket shops in the lobby and possibly a new bar area. "We'll give the place a bit of a spring-clean after Christmas and then take it from there," he says. "Our aim is to restore the Ritz to its full grandeur."

Another ex-Savoy graduate was yesterday named Hotelier of the Year by the magazine *Caterer & Hotelkeeper*. Mr Ricci Obertelli, general manager of the Dorchester Hotel, was awarded the title by his peers in the hotel industry.

Mr Obertelli joined the Dorchester in 1988.

"Ski firm offers free passes

BY GRAHAM DUFFILL

INGHAM'S, which offered 26 chalets in the Alps for the first time this winter, is now giving free lift passes to all customers going on holiday from January 20 in an attempt to fill them. Paying at least £100 for every customer's lift-pass on a £400-£500 holiday is an expensive promotion.

Ingham's decision to offer chalets this winter surprised many as it had purchased the middle-market chalet specialist Bledon Lines earlier in the year, and is, effectively, competing against itself.

A spokeswoman for Ingham's says: "The lift pass offer is not a panic measure by any means."

Snow has fallen in Austria and Switzerland over the past two days benefiting those resorts which already had enough snow to open runs, but resorts in the southern Alps and France are still able to open only a few runs with the aid of snow cannons.

David Hearn, of the Ski Club of Great Britain, says: "A very stubborn area of high pressure has been sitting over

Europe preventing moisture laden air coming in from the Atlantic."

"Some parts of the Alps have got good skiing, especially Austria, where the low lying resorts have between 10cm and 30cm at valley level, and up to 80cm on the high slopes. Andorra and the Pyrenees have started well, Davos and Klosters are among the best in Switzerland, but the high French resorts, which you would expect to have early snow, are still struggling."

© Ingham's 0181-780 4444

In-flight sales get Air Miles

BY DAVID CHURCHILL

AIR MILES are now being given on all duty and tax-free purchases on British Airways flights as part of the airline's plans to expand its in-flight retail sales.

BA claims that already it is a major international retailer, earning more from its duty and tax-free sales than the £33.5m pre-tax profits reported last year by the Body Shop.

The airline is giving one Air Mile for every £5 spent on in-flight purchases. Air Miles can be redeemed for gifts as well as flights on BA: 100 Air Miles, equivalent to £500 of in-flight shopping, enables two-for-one weekend breaks to be taken at Thistle hotels or free admission to any Tussauds Group attraction, including Alton Towers and Chessington World of Adventures.

The minimum requirement for a free flight on BA is 450 Air Miles. This entitles the collector to a return economy flight to either Paris, Brussels or Jersey. Since the scheme was launched in 1988, some 3.5 million people have registered to collect Air Miles with more than 10,000 free flights taken each week.

BA says that the top selling duty or tax-free items on its aircraft in recent weeks have been gift packs of five miniature fragrances, at £24.50 and a Faber-Castell silver-plated pencil set costing £200. On Concorde a 1976 bottle of Scotch whisky costing £150 sells well.

BA is not alone in finding passengers are doing more in-flight shopping. Other scheduled airlines and charter carriers report rising demand.

French strikes hit travellers

BY STEVE KEENAN



Unlucky strike: an egg-spattered policeman faces protesting workers in Paris

Families play truant to cut cost

PARENTS are taking their children out of school early to get cheaper summer holidays in France next year, writes Steve Keenan.

The family-based camping and mobile-home market has seen bookings fall for the peak summer holiday periods — but rise sharply for June and early July departures. The cost of a two-week camping holiday in France rises from an average £550 for early July to £800 for late July and August. Families departing in June pay from £300 to £450 while in September, prices plummet to £200.

"People are booking June strongly — which is strange because we are a family market. It must mean people are planning to take children out of school," says John Baines, marketing manager of Keycamp, which is the third biggest operator in a market which saw 600,000 adults and children holiday in France last year. "With things as they are, it is a

good opportunity if parents can get a lower-priced holiday." The company has already been forced to cut peak season prices by 5 per cent for bookings made before January 16.

Britannia Ferries confirmed the trend for off-peak holidays in 1996. Operations manager David Longden says: "People are no longer willing to pay the considerable premiums that have been around in the high season. I don't think two weeks out of school affects a child's education."

In 1996, the six-week school holiday period generally begins on July 26 in England, with local variations. A Department for Education and Employment spokesman said yesterday that parents are allowed to apply to schools for dispensation to take their children on two weeks leave of absence for an annual summer holiday, although interference with a child's education should be avoided if possible.

BUSINESS travellers to France continue to suffer massive disruption, with rail and air services again affected today and tomorrow.

There will be no Eurostar trains to Paris for the sixth day running, and airlines expect widespread flight cancellations tomorrow. However, ferries and Le Shuttle are operating normally.

The 19-day-old action by public sector workers has cost the airlines and Eurostar dearly, with air traffic controllers and rail staff joining the dispute last weekend.

Eurostar has been forced to cancel 55 trains since Friday evening. None of its 11 Paris trains will run today, although the six to Brussels are unaffected.

The service is refunding travel or changing travel to a later date, as are the airlines. On Tuesday, one-third of British Airways' services were cancelled, but while near-normal services operated yesterday, BA expects further action from air traffic controllers tomorrow. "We are taking it from day to day," said a spokesman.

The dispute is also affecting regional flights. British Midland operates twice a day from Heathrow to Nice, but air traffic control action on Tuesday closed the Rheims air sector, forcing flights to re-route, causing delays. BA also cancelled seven regional services on Tuesday.

While the airlines and Eurostar suffer, the ferries and Le Shuttle are busy in the annual pre-Christmas shopping spree to France. There has been no disruption this week, except for a one-hour picket of the Tunnel entrance in France on Tuesday, which forced the cancellation of four shuttles.

The ferries went to court in Boulogne last week to obtain orders making protesters liable for losses following a 48-hour blockade of Calais. However, lightning action cannot be ruled out — the QE2 with 1,000 passengers on board could not call at Le Havre on Tuesday.

All visitors to France should check with their carrier before travelling: Eurostar, 0345 881881; Le Shuttle, 0990 333635; BA, 0345 222111; British Midland, 0345 554554; Air UK, 0345 666777; Air France, 0181-742 6600.

South Africa booms

BY MICHAEL HAMILTON

More than ten million "bed-nights" were booked in South Africa by holidaymakers and businessmen in the first nine months of this year, according to the country's central statistical service.

The figures are well up on last year's 7.6 million bed-nights for the same period, and indicate a trend that will break all previous records for the full year.

More than half the overseas visitors came from Europe, mainly Britain and Germany, with 17 per cent from the rest of Africa and 15 per cent from the Far East.

This boom has encouraged Hyatt hotels to enter the country, and this month a £32 million Park Hyatt has opened in the Johannesburg suburb of Rosebank.

In Sandton, another upmarket northern suburb, work has started on a £38 million, 324-room hotel for Hilton International, and Stocks Hotels and Resorts plans an grand opening for its £24 million, 242-room Michelangelo Hotel next May.

Golden Tulip, the world's tenth biggest hotel group, has formed a South African operation to develop and operate 20 hotels in 1996 and 1997.

But Deon Viljoen, the head of the country's hotel association, warns there are still factors which could slow down the boom. One is a shortage of qualified staff, another the shortage of local investment funds and the need to encourage overseas investment.

"We cannot hide behind the exchange rate for any length of time," says Mr Viljoen.



Win a cruise to Puerto Rico

The Times and The Sunday Times are offering readers the chance to win one of 80 holidays for two, plus 10 per cent discounts, to a range of destinations throughout the world. Today's 9-day holiday is a cruise to San Juan, capital of Puerto Rico, on board the Zenith, for two and worth £2,388. The ship will also sail to the islands of St Thomas and Grenada and call at Guadeloupe plus La Guaira and Aruba.

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Q. What is the capital of Puerto Rico?

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THE TIMES Around the World in 80 Days £20,000 TOKEN 67

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BY RICHARD EVANS, RACING JOURNALIST OF THE YEAR

Although it is known some

Critics of McCloy, who have questioned whether he should

McCloy was co-opted on to the full board, but without a vote, when he was elected chairman of the industry committee earlier this year. However, the board, chaired by Lord Hartington, does have

Important issues and concerns raised by trainers and breeders on the industry committee could be "punctured with the nod of a head by the part-time or hobby players."

Cap Juluca, ridden by Richard Hughes, gamely makes all to defy top weight in last season's Cambridgeshire at Newmarket

The 1997 Vodafone Derby, for which the yearling entry closed last Wednesday, has attracted a total of 552 entries at a cost of £250 each. There is a second entry option for horses not entered as yearlings on April 9, 1997 at a cost of £8,000.

In numerical terms, Sheikh Mohammed has the strongest hand with 80 entries, while the Aga Khan has made 27 entries without naming trainers for his nominees.

10

England pitched into thankless task

It was one of Durban's most cosseted specimens that put an



innings at Johannesburg last week was manifestly tense. He seemed quite prostrated with nerves.

Having said that, I believe Ramprakash will yet make more runs for England than Edrich's 2,440. At 26, he has plenty of time ahead of him and he should have been at No 5 or 6 in the first two Tests of this series, not at first wicket down. He is much too good to despair of. Happily, John Crawley is very good, too, and even younger. It will be a pleasure to watch him flourishing. If the *Wisden* of 2010 does not record a string of notable partnerships for England between those, by then, two old troupers, Crawley and Ramprakash,

Pat Gibson on the bowling discovery who enlivened a difficult tour for England A

The other two batsmen with Test experience, Gallian and Knight, also looked the part.

the highest level. He could learn from Muntion, who did precisely what was expected of him. Salisbury and Stemp also bowled well at times, but there were few opportunities for Udai, who has to wait until the three-match one-day international series starts here tomorrow to remind the selectors of his presence. His prospects improved yesterday when Salisbury was granted an early release from the tour because of the sudden death of his mother.

Finally, there is Emburey, who could hardly have made a better impression in his first management job. "He has been brilliant," Hussain said. "The players respect and listen to what he has to say."

Syed leads resistance

Matthew Syed, of Berkshire, played superbly to defeat Steffen Fetzner, the Germany No 2, and Richard Praise, the No 5. In the women's match, also against Germany, England lost 4-0.

CURLING: England and Scotland will meet today in the quarter-finals of the European championship at Grindelwald, Switzerland. Scotland qualified by beating Finland 8-2 and finishing in second place in their group behind an unbeaten Norway. Alistair Burns's mainly Glasgow-based England team finished third in their group after beating Sweden 6-5.

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SKY CLUB

As South, Liz Brinlig opened 1 NT (5-17). It is not a classical no-trumps opening, but concealing a strong suit can often work well in the play. After North showed his hearts (via a transfer) and spades, South finished as declarer in 3 NT.

WORD-WATCHING

By Philip Howard

<p>SERRE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. The Peruvian uplands b. A prig c. Compact <p>TORA</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. A hartebeest b. A samurai war-cry 	<p>ZIBIB</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. An Egyptian gown b. Raisin brandy c. A Scythian crossbow <p>WEEKSITE</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. An American caravan park b. A hebdomadal tenancy c. Soft yellow crystals
---	--

which he was seeking revenge.

White: Garry Kasparov
Black: Fritz/Pentium
Munich 1994

Queen's Gambit Accepted

1	e3	O5
2	O4	OxO4
3	Bxc4	e5

[illegible]

WINNING MOVE

By Raymond Keene

This position is from the game Zukertort — English, London 1883. In this position, White found an ingenious winning continuation based on an eventual knight fork. Can you do as well?

Solution on page 46

son r
or pro
mopp
up titl

britons fac

Faldo's main

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Wishing to recall Olympic once upon a time

We have had synchronised swimming, and come 2000 we may be in for ballroom dancing, so how about pantomime in the Olympics?

It used to be said, rather cruelly, that you could always tell when a sportsman was a bit hard up — he went into pantomime (anybody seen my career? It's behind you). But pantomime is not the end-of-career spot for over-the-hill athletes that it once was. These days there's a two-way traffic.

This year Frank Bruno has stepped out of the make-believe, topsy-turvy world of panto, where even the impossible can come true, back into the wholly believable world of boxing, where, magically, the former King of Panto has been crowned heavyweight champion of the world. And Tessa Sanderson, who is at present waving her magic javelin as Cinderella's fairy godmother in Lewisham, has announced she is leaving the pantomime after Christmas to go back into serious training for the Olympic Games in Atlanta next summer.

'Pantomime is not the end of a career it once was'

What brings the sports stars onto the stage is that in pantomime, as in sport, there isn't anything like a name. Whether it's *Sleeping Beauty* in Bath or a 5,000 metres at Crystal Palace, the first thing the public asks is: "Who's in it?" You need names to bring in the audiences, and that is why the sportsmen and women line up on stage alongside the television personalities.

This year you can catch the warm million for the Children in Hospital charity. But Sanderson's transformation scene, from tights to tracksuit, has to be taken seriously. She is already in *The Guinness Book of Records* as the only woman to have made five Olympic Games appearances for Britain. She won gold in Los Angeles in 1984, and if she gets back into the team she will equal the record number of Olympic appearances by any track and field athlete worldwide. Only two British men, Bill Hoskyns (fencing) and Paul Radmilovic (swimming and water polo), have competed at six Olympics. If fairy godmothers are up to anything, Sanderson will make the Games, inspire every woman who has been on the brink of 40 and be in there throwing for a medal.



West Country burr of Gareth Chilcott, the former Bath and England rugby union player, in the unlikely setting of *Sleeping Beauty* at Bath; you can share snooker jokes with John Virgo in *Dick Whittington* at Hastings; or you can relive magic skating moments of the past with Robin Cousins in *Cinderella* at the Birmingham Hippodrome. Geoff Capes grunts his stuff as the strongest man seen in *Aladdin* at Rhyd; while Kris Akabusi shows off the energy that won him all those hurdling medals by running rings round *Dick Whittington* in Woking. The villain (or fairy godmother, depending on your opinion) in all of this is television. The power of the camera to turn an athlete into a crowd-pulling superstar is immense. And the phenomenon goes back a

long way. It started with the big screen of the cinema and even predates the talkies.

One of the first to face the cameras was the legendary Billy Meredith, of Manchester City and Wales. The finest right winger of his generation and the man who captained his club to their first FA Cup win, in 1904, scoring the winning goal, he formed a close friendship with Charlie Chaplin and another star of stage, screen and pantomime, George Robey. The three of them used to play together in top-class pantomime matches, and Meredith made his silent-movie debut in the appropriately titled *Ball of Fortune*. A few years later, Hollywood woke up to the screen potential of the sports star, snapping up the swimmer, Johnny Weissmuller, to play Tarzan after his five gold medals at the Games of 1924 and 1928.

These days it is the television screen that is more likely to offer an alternative career. Big names can mean big money, and some theatres rely on the profits from their pantomime season to see them through the rest of the year. One of the biggest sporting money-spinners is reckoned to be Ian Botham. His appearance in the production of *Cinderella* at the

Wimbledon Theatre last year helped to turn it into London's biggest money-making pantomime.

This year the meeting of sport and pantomime has grown even closer with appearances from a clutch of stars from *Gladiators*, including Wolf, Jet and Lightning, who will be flexing their muscles to the boos and cheers of thousands of boys, girls, mums and dads. Shoe sponsorship deals, with "Puss in Adidas Boots", cannot be far behind. For just how close the arenas of top-level sport and

'Her change from tights to tracksuit has to be believed'

men, where the present is embraced within the past, where people are hit but not hurt, above all where magic abounds and dreams come true? Anyone who knows sport will recognise that unusual world. It is a hauntingly familiar description of what you see when you walk, just once every four years, through the modern Olympic village.

JOHN BRYANT

Scots' view of the English

White Settlers. Radio 4, 7.20pm.

The extremist Scottish nationalists heard in John Forsyth's progress report on the English who have taken up residence north of Hadrian's Wall generally moderate their language. The exception is a listener who phones in to an Inverness radio station to tell the Yorkshire-born disc-jockey: "You're an English bastard! Get lost!" All the DJ had done was to appeal to Scots bigots to leave the friendly inners alone. The so-called "white settlers" sound a sensible and sensitive lot. One woman, up to her neck in community work, says: "The Scots don't have to justify themselves being in England. So why should the English in Scotland have to?" A brave comment, this, coming from somebody living a musket-shot away from Culloden, where her ancestors knocked the Jacobites for six 250 years ago.

Tales of the Bizarre. Radio 4, 11.00pm.

I will send you a written apology if you can show conclusively that I have spoilt your enjoyment of Catherine Czerkawska's dramatisation of a Ray Bradbury story. With some trepidation, I must tell you that receives a papal blessing. There, I've said it. But what you still do not know is how that blessed consecration fits into the story of the priest (T. P. McKenna) who hears the confession of a chocolate addict (John Yule) who has guzzled his way through 2½ pounds of milk or plain every day for 12 years.

Peter Daville

England must make full use of chance to regain confidence

BY DAVID HANDS, RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

THE combination of their own inadequacy against South Africa last month — as depicted on personalised videotapes — and an expectant nation should ensure a much improved display by England when they play Western Samoa at Twickenham on Saturday. If it is not forthcoming, Jack Rowell, the manager, will want to know why.

Rowell's squad trained at Roehampton yesterday without Will Carling, the captain, who is suffering from a cold. He is expected to join the private training today that will be followed by a players' meeting, when their proposed contracts with the Rugby Football Union will be discussed.

That, too, is a distraction that Rowell could do without. "It is all part of getting into the new era, but the sooner we can sort it out, the better," he said.

The financial climate is complicated by the lurking presence of a proposed unofficial European super league, the funding for which is due to be clarified by this weekend and which cannot yet be dismissed out of hand.

Players do not wish to deny themselves the possibility of lucrative overseas contracts either, though that possibility was made less likely by the decision of the South African

Rugby Football Union (RFU) that its provincial teams may field only two overseas players and that any player who had competed overseas would have to serve a six-month stand-down period upon returning in South Africa.

The new regulation, agreed by the RFU executive committee, is designed to stop the 12-month rugby player and comes into force on January 1. The only exceptions, for geographical reasons, are Namibia and Zimbabwe; but the

Newport of the Heineken League first division, have released Alex Lawrie, the team manager, and Paul Evans, the coach, who were appointed last season.

same principle could be said to apply to players seeking to appear in rugby league in the summer and rugby union in the winter.

England's short-term playing objective, however, is to turn the losing tide of three defeats in successive internationals, albeit that they were against New Zealand, France and South Africa. All those involved against South Africa have received videotapes in which their imperfections in

that match have been highlighted.

"You have to learn from how you failed," Rowell said. "I imagine that, if players want to do well, they don't want to see themselves in a poor light. We have put together a form of notational analysis, as they do in American football, and we will make that ongoing. England owe the nation a big performance. They owe themselves one too."

At least England feel that a younger generation is knocking on the door: Alex King and Phil Greening made good impressions during the 35-0 win by England A against the Samoans at Gathead on Tuesday night.

"King is the discovery of the season," Mike Slemen, the national selector, said of the Bristol University stand-off half. "Considering this was his first game at this level, it was very impressive."

The Samoans will field the same XV that drew 15-15 with Scotland a month ago, but include, through force of circumstance, only seven of those who played against England in Durban in the World Cup in June.

WESTERN SAMOA: H. Pihl, B. Lina, T. Vaea, G. Lasepoa, A. Tala, O. Kallai, P. Pihl, M. Kallai, L. Lasepoa, P. Pihl, S. Kallai, L. Pihl, P. Lasepoa, S. Vaea, P. Lina (captain).



Matt Dawson, the new England scrum half, training at Roehampton yesterday

Whistle blown on penalty try decision

BY DAVID HANDS

COACHES from the England first and second division clubs will meet at Twickenham on Saturday before the international against Western Samoa to discuss whether ground rules for the domestic game laid down in the summer are being observed.

One significant talking point will be the message dispatched by Tony Spreadbury on Tuesday, when he awarded the first penalty try in the 123-year history of the University match. At least two international coaches are critical of Spreadbury's decision, which has, however, found support from the Rugby Football Union's (RFU) refereeing hierarchy.

Spreadbury took action because of what he perceived as persistent infringement of the offside line by Oxford University, to the surprise of Bob Dwyer, of Australia, and Jack Rowell, the England manager and chief coach.

Dwyer, deposed as the Australia coach last month and now coaching Racing Club in Paris, queried whether a match official could award a penalty try on the basis of a preceding series of technical infringements. "It's like a policeman making up the law as he goes along," Dwyer said.

The Australian chaired an international meeting in Sydney last year that expressed concern precisely over persistent infringement and, last December, in

the wake of England's game against Romania, a stream of technical offences designed to prevent England scoring tries prompted the RFU technical staff to highlight the same issue.

Dwyer's answer is the sin bin, which is used in Australia, but Steve Griffiths, the RFU's national refereeing officer, said yesterday that leading English referees were agreed that such offences — which under law 26 — deserved to be punished if the match official believes a try would otherwise have been scored.

"What Tony's decision says to me is that persistent infringement should be penalised, both offside and killing the ball," Griffiths said.

SNOW REPORTS

	Depth (cm)	Conditions	Runs to resort	Weather (°F)	Last snow
ANDORRA					
Soldeu	20	80 good varied	fair	sun	-6 10/12
		(Mostly good skiing with wide selection of open pistes)			
AUSTRIA					
Ischgl	30	75 good powder	fair	snow	-8 13/12
		(Fresh snow on good base; 15 of 41 lifts open)			
Kitzbühel	15	50 good powder	fair	snow	-4 13/12
		(Resort not yet fully open but prospects good)			
Obergurgl	25	30 fair powder	fair	snow	-3 13/12
		(More lifts now open and conditions improving)			
Oberstaun	70	150 good powder	good	snow	-9 13/12
		(Excellent skiing; fresh snow)			
Seefeld	30	60 good powder	fair	snow	-4 13/12
		(Ski circuit partly open; plenty of good skiing available)			
St Anton	20	110 fair powder	fair	snow	-5 13/12
		(Modest snowfall giving some powder; odd worn patch)			
FRANCE					
Deux Alpes	10	125 good varied	art	cloud	-7 8/12
		(Open pistes in reasonably good condition)			
Méribel	0	40 fair varied	art	snow	-2 13/12
		(Light snowfalls; 25cm snow at Motteville; four lifts open)			
Tignes	20	100 good powder	art	snow	-7 13/12
		(Dusting of fresh snow on lift base; 14 of 49 lifts open)			
Val d'Isère	10	100 fair varied	art	snow	-5 13/12
		(Snowing at least, but 20cm more needed to open 50 per cent of runs)			
ITALY					
Arborea	5	20 fair varied	closed	cloud	-7 7/12
		(Lifts closed but should open at the weekend)			
SWITZERLAND					
Mürren	15	70 good varied	closed	snow	-2 13/12
		(Light snowfalls yesterday softening conditions)			
Zermatt	0	0 fair varied	closed	fair	-11 2/12
		(Very cold and some runs icy; snow machines in heavy use)			

Source: Ski Club of Great Britain. L - lower slopes; U - upper; art - artificial.

WORD-WATCHING

Answers from page 44

SERRE

(c) Compact, logical, constricted by grief or emotion, from the French past participle of *serrer* to close together. D. H. Lawrence, letter, 1908: "My heart is serré — I shall soon have nothing inside my chest but the spent fragments of my organ of affection."

TORA

(a) In full *tora hartebeest*. A light brown hartebeest, *Alcelaphus buselaphus tora*, found in parts of northeastern Africa. From the hair in front of each eye.

ZIBIB

(b) A colourless, strongly alcoholic Egyptian drink made from raisins and drunk with added water which turns it white, like ouzo, absinth, rakı or servicheen in Egypt during the 1939-45 war, according to the editor of the *OED Supplement*. "I wandered sherry glass in hand, imagining it zibib or some other sharp foreign drink."

WEEKSITE

(c) A hydrated silicate and oxide of uranium and potassium, $K_2(UO_2)_2SiO_4 \cdot 4H_2O$, found as soft, yellow orthorhombic crystals. An eponym of Alice M. D. Weeks (born 1909), United States geologist.

1. Qb5! Qxb2; 2. c8Q+ K7; 3. Qxb6! Kxb6; 4. Nc7+ and White emerges a piece up.

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RADIO 2

6.00am Sarah Kennedy 6.30am Sarah Kennedy 7.00am Sarah Kennedy 7.30am Sarah Kennedy 7.55am Sarah Kennedy 8.30am Sarah Kennedy 8.55am Sarah Kennedy 9.00am Sarah Kennedy 9.15am Sarah Kennedy 9.30am Sarah Kennedy 9.45am Sarah Kennedy 10.00am Sarah Kennedy 10.15am Sarah Kennedy 10.30am Sarah Kennedy 10.45am Sarah Kennedy 11.00am Sarah Kennedy 11.15am Sarah Kennedy 11.30am Sarah Kennedy 11.45am Sarah Kennedy 12.00am Sarah Kennedy

RADIO 5 LIVE

6.00am Morning Reports 6.30am Morning Reports 7.00am Morning Reports 7.30am Morning Reports 7.55am Morning Reports 8.30am Morning Reports 8.55am Morning Reports 9.00am Morning Reports 9.15am Morning Reports 9.30am Morning Reports 9.45am Morning Reports 10.00am Morning Reports 10.15am Morning Reports 10.30am Morning Reports 10.45am Morning Reports 11.00am Morning Reports 11.15am Morning Reports 11.30am Morning Reports 11.45am Morning Reports 12.00am Morning Reports

TALK RADIO

6.00am Sandy Warr 7.00am Sandy Warr 7.30am Sandy Warr 7.55am Sandy Warr 8.30am Sandy Warr 8.55am Sandy Warr 9.00am Sandy Warr 9.15am Sandy Warr 9.30am Sandy Warr 9.45am Sandy Warr 10.00am Sandy Warr 10.15am Sandy Warr 10.30am Sandy Warr 10.45am Sandy Warr 11.00am Sandy Warr 11.15am Sandy Warr 11.30am Sandy Warr 11.45am Sandy Warr 12.00am Sandy Warr

RADIO 3

6.00am On Air, presented by Andrew McGregor, Prokofiev (Symphony No. 1) for cello and orchestra, Op. 125; Haydn (Variations in F minor); Janáček (The Lord's Prayer); Spohr (Piano Trio No. 4 in B flat); 8.05am Gabriel (Sonata for three violins); 8.32am Symphony No. 33 in B flat; 9.00am Morning Collection with Paul Gambaccini, Larsen (Winter's Tale); Donizetti (Torre degli avi miei, Lucia di Lammermoor); Beethoven (Sonata in A minor, Op. 47, Kreutzer); 10.00am Musical Encounters with Chris de Souza, Artist of the Week: Stephen Cleobury, conductor, Purcell (Suite No. 7 in D minor); McCabe (Mozart, Poems of James Clarence Mangan); Chopin (Prelude in G flat); Holst (The Planets); 10.55am Bach (Alein Gelin in der Hölle auf Erden); 11.00am Night Extra, Artist of the Week: Stephen Cleobury, conductor, Purcell (Suite No. 7 in D minor); McCabe (Mozart, Poems of James Clarence Mangan); Chopin (Prelude in G flat); Holst (The Planets); 10.55am Bach (Alein Gelin in der Hölle auf Erden); 11.00am Night Extra, Artist of the Week: Stephen Cleobury, conductor, Purcell (Suite No. 7 in D minor); 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The good news? Les O'Connor doesn't sing

Variety, so I am told, is the cunning thing in television. Paul Daniels' *Secrets, Showstoppers, Jack Dee's Saturday Night* — they all suggest that for television's future, programme makers have gone straight back to its high-kicking, cane twirling, singalong past. And last night came proof positive — Des O'Connor was back.

O'Connor, of course, has never really gone away. He may have gone out of fashion for the occasional decade but he has rarely been out of the television schedules. I blame Eric Morecambe for that.

But now he is back — with a new series of *Des O'Connor Tonight* (ITV), a new set based on ancient Rome (I thought they had borrowed it from the British Comedy Awards but apparently it's all his own) and a new status, as the granddaddy of what will no doubt soon be dubbed *Brivars*.

For purists of the genre, there were disappointments. O'Connor did not sing — *unah*. That's better. Not a note. There was no duet with Bette Midler, no impromptu jam session with Robson and Jerome, there wasn't even a dance troupe. As I say, it was not an evening for purists.

Having given up singing (and we thank Eric Morecambe for that), what O'Connor now does between other people's turns is chat.

Or rather, that is what it looks like he is doing. The guests pick their way past turns and assorted stunts and join their host, not on the stone benches that the set surely requires, but on sofas. So far, so predictable.

Then O'Connor asks a question, normally just the one, and that's it. His guests are off, happily cannibalising old material safe in the knowledge that O'Connor

won't interrupt or, worse still, say he's heard it before. So Alan Davies (a new face for ITV because he has only been on Channel 4) gave us large chunks of his stand-up routine. Rory Bremner proffered most of his last series and Robson and Jerome delivered the same "we're gob-smacked" routine that they have so far dished out to Richard and Judy, Anne and Nick, Alan Titchmarsh... O'Connor laughs loudly about every 30 seconds to show he is still listening.

Only Midler, newly reincarnated as Ms. Prim, was polite enough to listen to his questions (let's talk about *you today/movies*) and then funny enough to demolish them. The pair discovered they both had eight-year-old daughters. Midler gave her sun-dried host, bedecked in blue suit and bright tie, a glance up and down: "Hey, you had a late start, Des." With variety back in vogue, it looks like it could be a late finish too.

Indian restaurants know all about late finishes. As the latest instalment of the excellent *A Slice of Life* (BBC2) put it: "Ten points in the pub and then down to the local Indian for more beer and the ultimate macho challenge of a vindaloo" has become one of the ghastlier rituals of modern life.

But the deliberate choice of the hottest curry is about more than drunken machismo, we were told. It was also about the racism that has dogged Indian restaurants over the last 50 years. "It's part of the same cultural arrogance as I came, I saw, I conquered," said Shreeam Vidyarthi, a restaurateur who, in common with others, waxed eloquent about the frustrations of the past but also looked forward to a brighter future.

Shajin in Britain was fascinating about the development of Indian cuisine, how it moved out of the cafes of the postwar years and into the back streets and hatch cooking of the 1960s, 1970s and... well, could go on. The future, according to the co-owner of one forward-thinking establishment, lies with ever fresher ingredients and individually prepared dishes. As for decor, a theatrical bent had turned the Star of India into a cross between the Sistine Chapel

and a Zeffirelli production. "We've gone from flock to Baroque," the restaurateur said proudly. I do hope for better reasons than that it just happened to rhyme.

Where the programme could have done better, however, was in providing more of a geographical guide to a success story that has turned chicken tikka masala into the most beef of Saturday night Britain. Curry botes bang on endlessly about the relative merits of London or Bradford or Birmingham. It would have been helpful to know what the trade thought. And while we are on the subject, it would have been even more helpful to know where some of the featured restaurants were. "Star of India" doesn't narrow it down very much.

The latest *Modern Times* (BBC2) will have polarised opinion between those who enjoy shopping at John Lewis Partnership depart-

ment stores and those who would rather drown in a vat of meat vindaloo. The former, account holders all, will have grown quickly annoyed with the persistently superior, mocking tone of Dan Reed's film *Partners*, which, in the best traditions of this series, all characters were given just enough rope to do the deed.

The latter, however, will have delighted in the bureaucratic nightmare that John Spedan Lewis's utopian experiment in worker democracy has become. From the fog in which all doggy deposits are faithfully recorded, to the handbag gauge which prevents staff, or rather partners, from entering the store with any bag bigger than 12in by 9in.

As for me, well I'm at that difficult crossover age when a morning at Peter Jones is not quite the nightmare it was a few years ago. Scary, huh?

REVIEW



Matthew Bond

Secret Lives: Howard Hughes Channel 4, 9.00pm

The Secret Lives series is in the business of busting reputations but in the case of Howard Hughes the job has largely been done. His paranoia, his reclusiveness, his corrupt business dealings and his possessive attitude towards women, have all been well documented. But by drawing on testimonies from three of Hughes's close associates, the programme is able to fill out the familiar picture with additional detail. A psychiatrist explains that the trouble with Hughes was an obsessive-compulsive disorder. Terrified of germs, he shut himself away in hotel suites with the windows covered. He was a monster all right but in the end it is possible to feel a little pity for a sorry, emaciated figure who killed himself through neglect.

CHOICE



Anatomy of a monstrous obsession (C4, 9pm)

The education magazine replaces its scheduled programme with a special edition looking at violence in schools. The piece, of course, is the terrible death of Philip Lawrence, the London headmaster who was stabbed while trying to help a pupil. The focus is on a recent interview with Lawrence, in which he discusses the role of the teacher in controlling and preventing violence inside and outside the school gates. He also talks about some of the strategies he has used, not without controversy, to restore discipline and raise standards in a previously troubled inner-city school. Hands Up reports on the dangers faced by teachers in protecting children and there is a debate on questions raised by the Lawrence killing.

Hands Up

Channel 4, 8.00pm

The thought occurs that Sophie Grigson's informative series may have the opposite effect to the one intended and win converts for vegetarianism. Even the most devoted meat eaters who follow Grigson on a visit to a herd of Aberdeen Angus may feel a little uneasy that these fine animals will sooner or later be slaughtered to make meals. For those who have no such qualms the programme offers sensible advice on how to choose the best beef (above all, make sure it has been properly hung) and then to cook it for optimum flavour. Grigson's recipes include a roast, a stew and a salad and she is demonstrated with minimum flourish. The programme was made before the current concern about BSE but goes out unaltered.

Doctors in the Dock: Lethal Injection

Channel 4, 10.00pm

The behaviour of most of the fallen medics in this series has been difficult to sympathise with but Nigel Cox is likely to prove an exception. In 1992 he was convicted of the attempted murder of a patient, Lillian Boyes, suffered from rheumatoid arthritis. As she approached the end of her life, in unbearable pain, Dr Cox gave her a small dose of potassium chloride and she died peacefully. Her sons fully supported the doctor's action. But a nurse at the hospital reported him and he found himself in court. The case continues to raise tricky ethical questions. Dr Cox reflects honestly on what he did, explains his attitude towards euthanasia and talks of how the episode has affected his work since.

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CARLTON

6.00am GMTV (8503240)

9.25 Supermarket Sweep (s) (8667240)

9.55 London Today (Teletext) (8935658)

10.00 The Time... The Place (s) (2463207)

10.35 This Morning (28490733) 12.20pm London Today (Teletext) (8547153)

12.30 ITN Lunchtime News (Teletext) and weather (2305191)

12.55 Home and Away (Teletext) (2380882)

1.25 Emmerdale (Teletext) (4448917)

1.55 A Country Practice (s) (8611457)

2.20 Vanessa (Teletext) (s) (1806259)

2.50 The Lady Killers. Women's health series (Teletext) (5533714)

3.20 ITN News headlines (Teletext) (8011801)

3.25 London Today (Teletext) (8010172)

3.30 The Riddlers (3752688) 3.40 Wizards (s) (4624269) 3.50 Rupert's 75th Anniversary Edition (3750004) 4.05 Warner Brothers Cartoon (8151530)

4.15 Antimatter (Teletext) (s) (1805269) 4.40 Woolf (Teletext) (s) (1468559)

5.10 After 5 with Carol Keating (Teletext) (2492172)

5.40 ITN Early Evening News (Teletext) and weather (509004)

5.55 Your Show (424820)

6.00 Home and Away (Teletext) (733)

6.30 London Tonight (Teletext) (135)

7.00 Emmerdale (Teletext) (9608)

7.30 Peak Performance: Wall of Water. The cameras observe swimmer Mark Foster as he prepares for the 1996 Olympics in Atlanta (Teletext) (s) (268)

8.00 The Bill: Got to Get a Body (Teletext) (8356)

8.30 Michael Barrymore's My Kind of People. Amateur entertainment (Teletext) (s) (3761)

9.00 FILM: Pacific Heights (1990) A young couple (Melanie Lynskey and Matthew Modine) buy the house of their dreams and unwittingly invite into it a nightmare haunt (Michael Keaton, on top form). A tense, scary thriller expertly directed by John Schlesinger. Continued after the News (Teletext) (s) (7337)

10.00 News at Ten (Teletext) and weather (20511)

10.30 London Tonight (Teletext) (436581)

10.40 Pacific Heights (continues and concludes) (184581)

11.35 Big City (s) (831395)

12.05 FILM: The Blue Lagoon (1988) starring Dylan McDermott and Jessica Harper. Film noir spoof about a failed body-builder. Directed by John LaSalle (469047)

1.45am Shift (2571478)

2.40 The Best (s) (5858468)

3.35 The Alamo Show (s) (8711641)

4.30 The Forum Presents Sister Slagge (s) (43641)

5.00 Vanessa (Teletext) (s) (30689)

5.30 ITN Morning News (75115). Ends at 6.00

CHANNEL 4

6.30am Ulysses 31 Cartoon series (r) (98558)

7.00 The Big Breakfast (18545)

9.00 FILM: The Razor's Edge (1946). Adaptation of the classic W Somerset Maugham novel about a rootless veteran from the First World War seeking spiritual fulfilment. Starring Tyrone Power. Directed by Edmund Goulding (21519648)

11.40 The Most Expensive Breakfast on Earth. Wordless film about a hungry train driver (4667795)

12.00 House To House Political magazine (27424)

12.30pm Sesame Street's guests are Arrested Development and Tracey Ullman (86795) 1.30 The Wonderful Wizard of Oz (Teletext) (r) (38282191)

1.55 August's Love Letter (27146375)

2.00 FILM: My Sister Eileen (1955) Two sisters from Ohio go to New York looking for success, and find romance. Starring Janet Leigh, Betty Garrett, Jack Lemmon and Bob Fosse. Directed by Richard Quine. (Teletext) (7578)

4.00 Think Tank (Teletext) (s) (998)

4.30 Fifteen to One (Teletext) (s) (882)

5.00 Ricki Lake: Ricki's Beach Party. The audience helps to judge a "sexiest lifeguard" competition. (Teletext) (s) (703820) 5.45 Terrytoons (506917)

6.00 Home Improvement (Teletext) (s) (375)

6.30 New Gamesmaster. Euro-pop singer Whigfield takes on Super Mintendo's Yoshi's Island and three contestants tackle Virtua Fighter 2 (627)

7.00 Channel 4 News (Teletext) (759240)

7.50 The Slot. Viewers' video soapbox (304172)

8.00 Hands Up. Continues the education series. (Teletext) (8598)

8.30 Sophie's Meat Course: Beef. Cookery series with Sophie Grigson (5/6) (Teletext) (s) (8733)

9.00 Secret Lives: Howard Hughes (Teletext) (8207)

10.00 FILM: Another Part of Access: Three of a Kind starring Kris Kristofferson and Willie Nelson. A Texas Ranger is helped by an affable conman to track down a gang of modern-day vigilantes. Directed by Bill Boby. (Teletext) (727004)

11.45 Apache Goes Indian. Ragga musician Apache Indian meets some of Bombay's eccentric street entertainers. (Teletext) (s) (920337)

12.15am Dispatches (r) (125467)

1.00 FILM: Land Without Music (1936, b/w). A vintage British musical about a famous actor who, with the help of an American press agent, leads a bloodless revolution to reverse a Puritanical princess's ban on singing while she believes, false her subjects' minds off real music. Starring Richard Tauber. Directed by Walter Forde (7887196)

2.25 FILM: Safari. Directed by Roger Vadim from an original story by Giorgio Stregani. A young reporter travels to Zaire for a wildlife magazine and grows close to a woman, who helps to run a hotel, and a seven-year-old refugee. But then he discovers a charity swindle involving the movement of medical supplies (226963). Ends at 4.20

3.00 The Grand (87066) 7.00 3 from 1 (8478917) 7.15 Awake (401878) 8.00 Music: Videos (145191) 8.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 9.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 9.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 10.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 10.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 11.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 11.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 12.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 12.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 1.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 1.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 2.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 2.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 3.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 3.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 4.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 4.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 5.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 5.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 6.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 6.30 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 7.00 The 1995 Year-End Special (847891) 7.30 The 1995 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RACING 43

REPLACEMENT IN THE
WINGS AS PRESSURE
MOUNTS ON McCLOY

SPORT

THURSDAY DECEMBER 14 1995

RUGBY UNION 46

ROWELL CALLS ON
ENGLAND TO
TURN THE TIDE

Fickle weather forces Illingworth to delay final selection of bowlers

England blown off course by wind of change

FROM ALAN LEE, CRICKET CORRESPONDENT, IN DURBAN

STRONG winds howled into Durban off the Indian Ocean yesterday, blowing the certainty out of the England strategy for the third Test against South Africa. The gusting wind cleared the clouds and brought strong sunshine to dry and brown the Kingsmead pitch like a cake in an oven, leaving England no option but to wait until breakfast this morning before finalising their side.

All that Raymond Illingworth, the tour manager, would confirm was that Mark Ramprakash and Darren Cough are not under consideration. The former is ill, the latter injured, though neither would have played anyway. The remaining 14 are in contention — even Mike Watkinson, whose chance of making the XI depends, like so much else, on the weather.

Conditions in Durban are as fickle as on any Test ground in the world. Some put it down to the shifting winds, others to the fumes, but the crucial factor is that when the cloud cover is low and the humidity high, nobody would be willing to bat.

"It can be a nightmare playing here," Bob Woolmer, the South Africa coach, said. "Things change so quickly that you always want to name your team after the toss."

England will not be allowed that privilege, but they will correctly leave selection as late as possible, within the unusu-

al parameter of play starting at 9.35am local time because of the short Natal evenings. The six batsmen, including John Crawley, back at No 3, and Robin Smith, back in the city of his upbringing, are inked into the side, so four bowlers have to be selected from the seven available.

Other than Dominic Cork, nobody can be sure of a place, not even Devon Malcolm, who vindicated his surprise inclusion in the drawn second Test

the notion that both might play if it is thought conditions will suit swing. If that is the case, however, another alternative is to use Watkinson in a utility role, switching between seam and spin.

Perhaps the most durable attack would be Cork, Fraser, Illot and Richard Illingworth, but the only certainty last night was that a good deal of debate, and possibly unhealthy indecision, lay ahead, the manager having hinted heavily that he had already conceded one battle through the reluctance of Atherton to gamble on a five-man attack.

In other times, this wish might have been accommodated by dispensing with Jack Russell and handing the gloves to Alec Stewart, but, for once, that threat does not exist. Russell, who used his day off on Tuesday to satisfy an ambition to paint his impression of the battleground at Rorke's Drift, has done enough to be sure of his place for some time to come.

Selection decisions are all the more sensitive because of the pivotal nature of the match. "This is the key game of the series," Atherton said. "This is probably a result pitch and the team that wins has a very good chance of at least not losing the series. With it being a particularly difficult ground for reading the conditions, it is doubly important we take our time and get it right."

Neither side can reflect with pride on team and toss decisions thus far. At Centurion Park, South Africa packed their side with seam bowlers, put England into bat and were arguably saved by rain. In Johannesburg, England duplicated the folly and were saved, appropriately and heroically, by Atherton. It is doubtful either captain will insert with confidence for a third time, although a heavy, cloudy morning would make it tempting.

When the pitch was first unveiled on Tuesday, after a night of steady rain, it was damp and green, with a thick covering of grass. Geoffrey Boycott, peering at it suspiciously, pronounced to nobody in particular: "If we are starting the game on that, I'm batting after you — and I won't have to wait long for my turn." By yesterday, however, it had altered texture and colour and the groundman, Phil Russell, the former Derbyshire seam bowler, predicted it would be a surface for batting first. Atherton was inclined to agree and added that similar conditions today would encourage the inclusion of a spinner.

"The important thing is how we play," he said. "I have been emphasising how poorly we performed for four days in Johannesburg and you don't win Tests by playing as mod-



Ramprakash takes a relaxed view of his team-mates in practice for the third Test. Photograph: Graham Morris

Halifax made to proceed against Goulding

BY OUR SPORTS STAFF

HALIFAX said yesterday that they were "surprised and confused" at having to instigate disciplinary proceedings against Bobbie Goulding, the St Helens captain, believing it was the responsibility of the Rugby League.

The Yorkshire club has cited the international scrum half for an alleged illegal tackle during the Regal Trophy quarter-final meeting on Sunday at Knowsley Road in which John Fieldhouse, the Halifax prop, sustained a broken jaw.

Goulding faces a hearing — and a possible suspension — in Leeds today after the league's executive committee was shown a video recording of the incident and referred the matter to the disciplinary committee. Halifax were under the impression that the league would assume the duty this season of citing players thought guilty of foul or dangerous play.

Steve Simons, the Halifax coach, said: "All the coaches were told before the season started that the league were going to take the onus of citing players off the clubs, so that the clubs wouldn't have to worry about appearing to be vindictive or falling out between themselves."

However, Greg McCallum, the controller of referees, said: "The onus is not necessarily on the league. It is a joint effort between the club, the league and the referee to provide a safe environment for players to play in. If a foul is committed, any one of those provisions can take place."

"In the case of an injured player, it is essential the club pass on that information to the league and the only real way they can do it that would be acceptable to everyone is to lodge a complaint, which is exactly what they did."

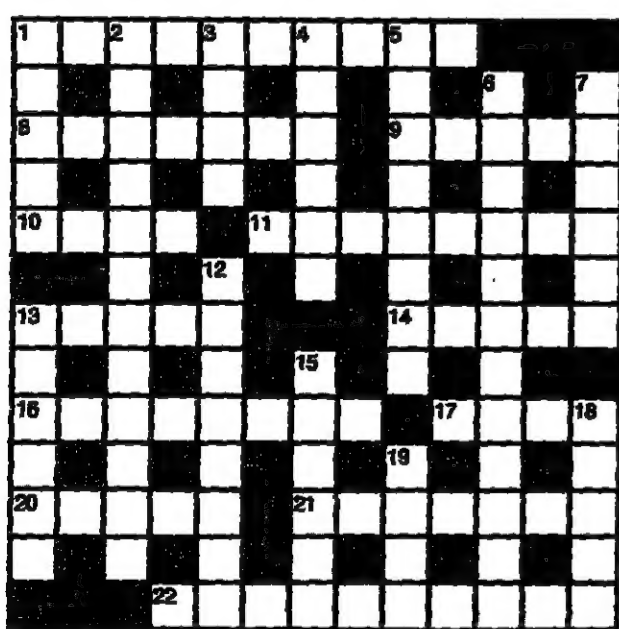
Suspension could rule Goulding out of St Helens's busy holiday schedule, which includes a Boxing Day match at Wigan and the Regal Trophy semi-final against Warrington. First, they are at Castleford next Wednesday.

St Helens said they were "surprised and disappointed" with the decision by Halifax to instigate proceedings against Goulding.

Cook moves, page 45

TIMES TWO CROSSWORD

No 652 in association with
BRITISH MIDLAND



ACROSS

- 1 Simplicity itself (6,4)
- 8 Old: old man (7)
- 9 Division of act (5)
- 10 Process of voting (4)
- 11 A swindle (5,5)
- 13 Accommodate (5)
- 14 Animated, vigorous (5)
- 16 Collar-bone (8)
- 17 To cripple (4)
- 20 Jungle Book bear (5)
- 21 Raises doubts (about) (7)
- 22 (Love) not returned (10)

DOWN

- 1 Immobiliser (5)
- 2 Great beyond reckoning (12)
- 3 (Cloth) given a new colour (4)
- 4 Quality arousing pity (6)
- 5 Frenchman; guard-dog (8)
- 6 One through to last four (12)
- 7 Disrupt speaker (6)
- 12 Big narrow-necked bottle (8)
- 13 Priam's queen; why weep for her? (Hamlet) (6)
- 15 Exclusive group (6)
- 16 Pondered (5)
- 19 Country, capital Lima (4)

PRIZES:

THE WINNER will receive a return ticket travelling economy class to anywhere on British Midland's domestic or international network.
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Post your entry to Times Two Crossword, PO Box 6886, London E2 8SP to arrive by next Monday. The winners' names and solution will appear on Wednesday.

Name/Address

SOLUTION TO No 651

ACROSS: 1 Parapet 5 Jobs 8 Nippy 9 Repulse 10 Come again 12 Awe 13 Stocky 14 Shouts 17 Nil 18 Small a rat 20 Lignite 21 Avail 23 Tute 24 Solomon
DOWN: 1 Panic 2 Rap 3 Payback 4 Tarzan 5 Japan 6 Beleguard 7 Tilt 8 Mouldy 13 Singlet 15 Holdall 16 Recess 18 Spire 19 Tann 22 Acon

McGhee and Kendall installed for struggle against relegation

BY PETER BALL

THE music stopped yesterday in the Endleigh Insurance League first division's game of managerial musical chairs. Mark McGhee and Howard Kendall promptly found new seats. To nobody's surprise, Wolverhampton Wanderers appointed Mark McGhee as their new manager, while Kendall has replaced Dave Bassett as manager of Sheffield United.

That leaves Bassett, who left Bramall Lane on Tuesday after eight years, without a managerial chair, and Leicester City without a manager. The match would seem obvious, but Martin George, the Leicester chairman, refused to be hustled into an appointment yesterday as he licked his wounds after having a second manager walk out on him in the space of a year.

McGhee has been given a 3½-year contract, at a figure believed to be well over £200,000-a-year. Colin Lee, his assistant manager at Leicester, and Mike Hickman, his coach, have gone with him.

The appointment seemed only a matter of time and decorum, from the moment McGhee handed in his resignation as Leicester manager a week ago. After all, the bitter-

Leicester refusing to accept the resignation, Wolverhampton have at least tried to rescue some decorum, agreeing a compensation package with Leicester, believed to be around £750,000, and getting that club's "reluctant" permission to talk to McGhee before announcing his appointment.

Even McGhee, whose departure from Reading for Leicester a year ago had also been acrimonious, had the grace to be a little shame-faced about the events. "I hope to be here for more than a year," he said wryly. "I have avoided tormenting myself with all that has been said, but I think it's understandable there is resentment that I left at the

stage I did. It is a career decision and it's one I had to face. I didn't expect it to come up after I'd been at Leicester only a year and I had the decision whether I would stay at Leicester for another three or four years for another such opportunity to come up."

"I talked to my family and other people, but the size of Wolves and the potential are irresistible and would be to anyone with real ambition in the game. It is the sort of job I have been gearing towards all my managerial career."

McGhee's first task, however, is to rescue Wolverhampton from their position near the relegation zone. For the second time in a year, he has

left a club in a good position to gain promotion for one with greater potential that is threatened by relegation. Unlike at Leicester a year ago, Wolverhampton's position is a false one, although the failures of the pre-season promotion favourites proved too much for Graham Taylor, whose resignation last month led to the vacancy.

McGhee's inheritance is a lot more promising than Kendall's at Sheffield United. Bassett's departure, after an unrewarding struggle at a club with little money that was forced to sell its few assets, sees the club below Wolverhampton and among the favourites for relegation.

Kendall, one of the game's outstanding older managers, who won two championships with Everton in 1985 and 1987, has appointed Adrian Heath as his assistant. He was optimistic yesterday and the arrival of Mike McDonald as chairman offers some hope for a change in United's circumstances.

"I'm thrilled to be back at an ambitious club with an ambitious chairman," Kendall said. "Our short-term objective is to get points, improve our league position and achieve safety."



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